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PLANT CATALOG



New sweetly scented violet—"PRINCESS MARY"
(See description inside)

R. W. Hodgins & Son
VICTORIA NURSERY
Essendon—Victoria

PHONE: FU 5270

We have over 20 acres of intensely cultivated land devoted to the production of high-class nursery products.



DELPHINIUM HYBRIDS

Illustrating the wonderful varieties contained in our celebrated strain of these hardy plants

We have the largest collection of saleable plants in Australia. If you cannot find what you want in this Catalog, ask us about it. We may have it or know just where it is to be got.

CATALOG

OF

Trees and Shrubs

Roses

Perennial and Herbaceous
Plants

Bulbs

Fruit Trees, etc.,

Offered for sale by

R. W. Hodgins & Son,
VICTORIA NURSERY

Phone. FU 5270 **Essendon, W5, Vic.**

MEMBER NURSEYMEN & SEEDSMEN'S
ASSOCIATION OF VICTORIA



Quality Goods — Intelligent Service

Arrangement of this Catalog.

For the convenience of our customers, this catalog has been arranged in five sections.

NO. 1 SECTION, Pages 7 to 59—

Trees and Shrubs including Conifers.

Climbing Plants.
Shrubs for Hedgemaking.
Special Selections of Shrubs.

NO. 2 SECTION, Pages 60 to 82—

Roses.

Novelty Roses. Standard Roses.
Climbing, Rambling and Polyantha Roses.
Roses in Pots.

NO. 3 SECTION, Pages 83 to 113—

Perennial and Herbaceous Plants.

Asters. Cannas. Irises.
Phlox. Kniphofias. Violets.
Bulbous and Tuberous-rooted Plants.
Perennial Bordering Plants.
Alpine and Trailing Plants.

NO. 4 SECTION, Pages 114 to 121—

Bulbs.

Gladioli.
Narcissus.
Spring Flowering Bulbs.

NO. 5 SECTION, Pages 122 to 128—

Fruit Trees.

Deciduous Fruit Trees.
Citrus. Nuts.
Berry-bearing Plants and Vines.
Roots and Herbs.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Please use the order sheet enclosed with this Catalog and write name and address very plainly in block letters.

Address all correspondence

R. W. Hodgins & Son,

Essendon, W 5.,

Phone. F.U. 5270

Victoria.

Special Notices and Terms of Business.

INTRODUCTION.

We take pleasure in presenting you with this, our new descriptive catalogue. In it you will find a choice collection of general nursery products grown by us. We have tried to make the catalog. more than a mere list of names by giving you a most complete description of each and every item listed.

ORDERS

should have distinctly written thereon in block letters, full name and address of the sender, together with advice as to the route by which goods are to be forwarded. Use the order form enclosed with this catalog.

PACKING CHARGES

are reduced to the lowest cost, consistent with the well-known high standard of our packing, which ensures plants reaching our customers in the best possible condition. The charges include cost of all material as well as the skilled labour of our packers. Half-price will be allowed on empty cases if returned at once in good condition, carriage paid to Essendon and advised by post. Bundles are not returnable.

NEW CUSTOMERS.

From unknown correspondents, we expect a remittance with order, or a satisfactory reference to some Melbourne firm. Attention to this remark will prevent much disappointment and loss of time in correspondence. In remitting small amounts prior to receipt of Invoice, Customers are requested to allow for packing and carriage, which will always be as moderate as possible.

SELECTION.

We would advise Customers unacquainted with the named varieties of our various specialties, to leave the selection to us. This can be done with every confidence. Very liberal treatment is given in such cases.

STOCKS.

Our stocks are mostly large and in finest condition, and as always, our one desire is to supply Quality Goods.

PAYMENTS.

May be made by Money Order (Payable at Essendon), or by cheque (exchange must be added to country and interstate cheques). Small accounts may be paid by postal notes or stamps. All accounts are due nett within three months of date of Invoice.

ORDERS BY POST

receive our best attention, and customers unable to make a personal call may rely on obtaining plants selected with the greatest care.

TERMS OF SALE.

The greatest possible care is taken to ensure all orders being executed correctly, and every tree, plant or shrub leaves our Nursery in perfect condition. We cannot, however, be held responsible for the productiveness of any plants, trees or shrubs or other goods sent out, nor will we be responsible for failures, as we cannot be answerable for weather conditions or after treatment.

COMPLAINTS.

We are most particular in growing and supplying all stock absolutely true to name. At the same time we accept no responsibility beyond replacing any item at fault, or making an allowance not exceeding the amount charged for that article or articles. No complaints or allowances can be entertained unless made within 14 days from date of Invoice.

Country clients—Telegrams receive prompt attention.

DELIVERY.

All goods are delivered free to Wharves, Railway Stations, or Carriers' Offices, after which our responsibility ceases, and goods travel at risk and expense of purchaser. We deliver free by motor weekly to all inner suburbs, and shall be pleased to make special arrangements for delivering large orders anywhere.

DISPATCH.

All orders are despatched as soon as possible, on receipt, and should any delay necessarily occur, Clients will be advised at once. Promptness in the dispatch of orders is always observed.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

We are very grateful to our numerous customers who kindly recommend our plants to their friends. We shall be glad to forward copies of our catalogs upon receipt of their name and address.

VISITORS

are invited to call at our Essendon and Greensborough Nurseries to satisfy themselves of the good quality of our stocks.

Our Essendon Nursery is situated in Moreland Road, directly opposite the new gas holder of the Metropolitan Gas Co.

Please address all communications to—

R. W. HODGINS & SON,

Essendon, W.5,

Victoria.

'Phone: FU 5270.

Nurserymen for over five generations.
Established in Australia since 1893.

Nurseries at Essendon, Greensborough and Watsonia.



We supply only well-grown plants and trees.

TREASURES OF THE GARDEN

NEW, RARE and CHOICE TREES & SHRUBS

A few rare and choice shrubs and trees selected from the pages of this catalogue, any of which will add distinctness and originality to your garden.

For descriptions and prices, see Trees and Shrubs.

Acer negundo crispum
Acer negundo aureum variegatum
Amelanchier canadensis
Azalia ledifolia narcissiflorum
Berberis Sargentiana
Berberis vulgaris purpurea
Buddlea salvifolia
Buddlea alternifolia
Camellia sasanqua
Chamaelaucium uncinatum
Cytisus scoparius Andreanus Smithii
Cupressus lawsoniana lutea
Cupressus lawsoniana Triomphe de Boskoop
Deutzia longifolia Veitchii
Diplacus Mrs. A. Scholes
Erythrina acanthocarpa
Forsythia suspensa
Gordonia anomala
Grevillea linearis
Helianthemums (Rock Roses)
Hydrangea Domotoi
Hydrangea Goliath
Hydrangea Parsival
Hydrangea Rubis
Kalmia latifolia
Laburnum Vossi
Lonicera syringantha
Lonicera nitida
Luculia gratissima
Magnolia Soulangeana nigra
Paeonia lutea
Paeonia arborea (Tree Paeonies)
Pyrus-Malus Aldenhamensis
Pyrus-Malus Eleyii
Pyracantha Rogersiana flava
Pyracantha angustifolia
Rhus cotonis folius purpureus
Robinea Kelseyii
Rhododendron Pink Pearl
Syringa dilatata
Viburnum Carlesii
Viburnum lantana versicolor
Viburnum rhytidophyllum



Part I.



Hardy Flowering Foliage Evergreen Trees and Shrubs

These are a special feature of this Nursery, and new and rare varieties are being continually added to our collection.

The hardiness of Trees and Shrubs is largely dependent upon locality and altitude. We have endeavoured, in the following pages, to sound a note of warning in instances where varieties are tender.

The heights mentioned in the descriptions refer to the height the shrub or tree will ultimately attain, and not, of course, to the size of the plant that will be received from the Nursery.

All plants are grown in pots for planting at any time, with the exception of a few items mentioned as available only during the Winter months.

Acacia—The Wattle.

The acacias are well known native shrubs and small trees with handsome foliage and attractive flowers, in most cases produced during the Winter months. They are mostly short lived, and are greatly benefited by being cut back directly after flowering.

acinacea —"Latrobe's Wattle." A dwarf, dense, shrubby variety, of 3 to 4 feet, with bright golden flowers	1/6
Baileyana —"Cootamundra Wattle." Foliage glaucous, flowering in June, one of the first to open	1/6
Cultriformis —"Knife-leafed Wattle." Shrubby variety, with bright orange flowers; 6 feet	1/6
dealbata —"Silver Wattle." Large growing variety, with silvery foliage and bright golden flowers; 15 feet	1/6
elata —"Pepper-tree Wattle." Large growing tree, with handsome foliage and pale flowers	1/6
elongata —"Long-podded Wattle." Tall growing shrub, with bright flowers; 8 feet	1/6
floribunda —"Many-flowered Wattle." A fine large growing shrub, with attractive foliage and flowers; 10 feet	1/6
Howittii —"Howitt's Wattle." Shrubby variety, with pale yellow flowers	1/6
longifolia —"Coast Wattle." A spreading shrub, very suitable for coastal planting	1/6
melanoxylon —"Blackwood tree." Fine timber tree; 40 to 60 feet . .	1/6
normalis —"Queen Wattle." The most attractive of all. Opening its rich golden blossom as the "Cootamundra" finishes; 15 to 20 feet	1/6
prominens —"Golden-rain Wattle." A large attractive shrub of 10 to 12 feet	1/6
pravissima —"Alpine Wattle." A large growing shrub of 10 to 12 feet	1/6
podalyriaefolia —"Mount Morgan Wattle." A beautiful variety, with silvery foliage and bright golden flowers. Early flowering . . .	1/6
pycnantha —"Golden Wattle." The well known variety with large golden yellow flowers and leathery foliage. Grows best in poor, hungry soil; 20 feet	1/6
saligna —"Willow Wattle." Small tree of 15 feet, with rich flowers and attractive weeping branches	1/6

ABELIA.—

The Abellias are small bushy shrubs with persistent foliage and rather small but numerous Bouvardia-like flowers, opening in Summer. They do best in sunny sheltered positions.

chinensis (Syn. <i>A. rupestris</i>)—Rose and white; 3 feet	2/6
uniflora (Syn. <i>A. serrata</i>)—Rosy, with yellow throat; 4 feet . .	2/6

ABIES.—

Fir Trees.

Large growing Conifers of pyramidal habit with whorled spreading branches, they succeed best in cool humid climates.

alba —"The Silver Fir." A tree of 100 feet or more, with handsome silvery-grey foliage	2/6
Douglasii (<i>Pseudotsuga Douglasii</i>)—The well known Oregon Pine. A handsome tree growing to 100 feet or more in suitable localities	2/6

ABUTILON.—

The Abutilons are hardy, rapid growing evergreen shrubs with large bell-shaped pendulous flowers. Some varieties have very attractive foliage. They thrive in almost any situation or soil. Cut hard back in early Spring. If allowed to remain unpruned Abutilons are apt to become very woody and lose their usefulness.

aureum variegatum —Foliage spotted and splashed with golden yellow; 4 feet	2/-
Boule de Neige —Pure snow white; 4 feet	2/-
Emperor —Bright rich red; 4 feet	2/-
Sawitzii —Foliage variegated green and white, very effective; 2 feet	2/-
Sydney Belle —Rich golden yellow; 4 feet	2/-
Thompsonii plenum —Double, orange; 4 feet	2/-

Acacia Podalyriaefolia is handsome in foliage and in flower.

Acer—The Maple.

The Maples are hardy ornamental trees or shrubs, with handsome foliage, all very suitable for cool, mountainous districts, where the foliage assumes a brilliant colour before falling in Autumn. The variegated forms of *negundo* are quite suitable for local planting, the foliage standing the heat of Summer even in the most exposed positions.

- campestre**—The English Maple. Large tree of 50 feet, with corky branches 3/6
- dasycarpum Wieri laciniatum**—Cut-leaved Silver Maple. A graceful variety, remarkable for its drooping branches and finely divided foliage. A tree of 15 to 20 feet 7/6
- japonicum filicifolium**—Large, handsome, finely divided green leaves, turning to bronze yellow in autumn; 6 feet 7/6
- negundo** (Syn. *Negundo aceroides*)—"The green Ash-leaved Maple." A fine tree of 20 feet or more, with large three-lobed foliage, turning bright yellow in Autumn 3/6
- negundo argenteum variegatum**—Rich green leaves, bordered and marked silvery white. Most useful for colour effects and to break dull backgrounds; 12 to 15 feet. Strong plants, 3 feet high 7/6
- negundo aureum variegatum**—Beautiful green and golden variegated foliage, retaining its colour till Autumn. One of the most conspicuous plants we have. An ideal small tree for a lawn specimen. Plants, 3 feet high 7/6
Plants, 4 to 5 feet high 12/6
- negundo crispum**—Very fine foliage, nicely variegated, pale yellow and green, with a distinct pink tinge in the early Spring. Leaves slightly curled 7/6
- palmatum** (Syn. *A. polymorphum*)—Japanese Maple. Foliage green in Summer, turning in Autumn to rich crimson and bronze shades; 10 feet 2/6
- palmatum atropurpureum**—Dark purple foliage in Spring and Summer, turning purplish crimson in Autumn; 6 feet 7/6
- palmatum dissectum**—Very finely cut foliage, green, turning to bronze in Autumn. Of low spreading pendulous habit; 3 feet 7/6 & 10/6
- palmatum dissectum atropurpureum**—Of the same habit as *dissectum*, but with deep maroon foliage; 3 feet 7/6 & 10/6
- palmatum Oshiubeni**—Foliage more deeply cut and of a deeper colour than *atropurpureum*; 6 feet 7/6
- palmatum reticulatum**—Small palmate green foliage, beautifully netted and bordered with cream; 6 feet 7/6 & 10/6
- platanoides**—Norway Maple. One of the most handsome and hardiest of the large growing Maples. Large green foliage, turning orange and yellow in Autumn 3/6
- platanoides Schwedlerii**—Large leaves, bright red in Spring, changing to green in Summer and again to orange-red in Autumn . . . 7/6
- pseudo platanus**—Sycamore. Handsome large foliage, dark green above and glaucous beneath. A large tree of 30 feet or more . . 3/6
- rubrum**—Red Maple. A beautiful species, flowers scarlet, borne in clusters before the foliage breaks in Spring. Foliage green, turning rich blood-red in Autumn. A large tree of 20 to 30 feet . . . 3/6
- saccharum**—The Canadian Sugar Maple. Handsome large palmate leaves, turning to yellow shades in Autumn. A large pyramidal tree 3/6
- tartaricum ginnala**—Small pointed foliage, turning rich crimson in Autumn. A small bushy variety, growing about 6 feet high . . . 3/6
- ACMENA** (See *Eugenia*).
- AGATHAEA coelestis**—Blue Marguerite 2/-
A neat compact evergreen shrub of 2 feet, producing throughout the year masses of small daisy-like flowers. Very hardy.

The variegated forms of *Acer Negundo* are most conspicuous.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

AESCULUS Hippocastanum.—The European Horse Chestnut 2/6

The Horse Chestnuts are large-growing deciduous trees, grown for their handsome foliage and showy flowers in early Spring. They make fine specimens in cool districts. The large seeds are not edible.

AGONIS flexuosa.—The willow Myrtle of Western Australia 2/6

A large evergreen tree of 30 feet or more. Very suitable for hot, dry districts. Its fine weeping habit is much admired, as also are the young leaves, which at first are tinged with crimson.

AILANTHUS altissima (Syn. Gladulosa).—The Tree of Heaven 2/-

A deciduous tree of 20 to 30 feet, with large Ash-like foliage. A fast grower that thrives almost everywhere.

ALOYSIA (Lippia) citriodora.—Lemon-Scented Verbena 2/-

A hardy deciduous shrub of 6 feet with sweetly lemon-scented foliage, and masses of pale greyish-purple flowers in Summer. For best results prune hard back in Winter.

AMELANCHIER—American Juneberry or Snowy Mespilus.

The Amelanchiers are hardy, deciduous, large-growing shrubs, covered in early Spring before the leaves appear with masses of small flowers, which are followed by ornamental berries. In Autumn the foliage turns orange scarlet before falling.

canadensis (Syn. *A. botryapium*)—A remarkable and very beautiful flowering tree, during Spring it is covered with myriads of small white flowers. Its Autumn beauty is almost as striking, the foliage changing to rich soft red; crimson fruit, ripening in Winter 3/6 & 5/-

sanguinea—Flowers white, berries dark, almost black. Foliage in Spring glaucous green, changing in Autumn to rich crimson; 8 feet 3/6

AMYGDALUS—Flowering Almonds (See Prunus).

ANDROMEDA (Syn. Leucothoe and Pieris).—

The Andromedas are small bushy, evergreen and deciduous shrubs, not exceeding 4 feet, with handsome foliage and beautiful lily-of-the-valley like flowers. They succeed like Rhododendrons and Azaleas in half-shade, and require to be kept moist during the Summer months. All our Andromedas are large flowering size plants.

Catesbaei (Leucothoe *Catesbaei*)—Remarkable for its handsome foliage, which retains its Autumn tints right through Winter. Flowers white in Spring. Evergreen; 4 feet 7/6

floribunda (Pieris *floribunda*)—Bushy evergreen, with large glossy foliage; pure white bell-shaped flowers in erect panicles; 3 feet 7/6

japonica (Pieris *japonica*)—Evergreen bushy habit; flowers in pendulous racemes; 3 feet 3/6, 5/- & 7/6

paniculata (Lyonia *paniculata*)—A deciduous variety, with cream, sweetly perfumed flowers in Spring. In Autumn the foliage assumes brilliant tints before falling

ANGOPHORA—The Native Gum Myrtle.—

Hardy evergreen trees, very closely related to Eucalyptus, which they resemble in growth and habit. They make fine shelter trees.

intermedia—The Lance Leaved Gum Myrtle. A tree of 50 to 60 feet 2/-

subvelutina—"The Velvety Gum Myrtle." A small tree of 20 to 25 feet 2/-

ARBUTUS—Strawberry Tree.—

The Arbutuses are large, evergreen, woody shrubs or small trees of 12 to 15 feet, with attractive lily-of-the-valley-like flowers in Winter, followed by ornamental Strawberry-like fruits, which colour brightly in Autumn. They are suitable for general planting.

Andrachne—Flowers yellowish green, fruit bright red. This variety is attractive on account of its reddish-brown smooth bark 3/6

Unedo (The Irish Strawberry Tree)—Flowers creamy white, fruit, scarlet 2/-

In large quantities at 18/- per dozen, or extra large plants, 3/6 each.

ARONIA—melanocarpa—Black Chokeberry 3/6

A hardy deciduous shrub of 5 feet, with attractive white, Hawthorn-like flowers in Spring, followed by berries which turn bright shining black in Autumn, and remain till Spring. In Autumn the foliage turns orange and red before falling.

Amelanchier canadensis we have in nice large plants.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

ARAUCARIA.—

Large-growing, distinct, and attractive trees, with regularly whorled branches. Most suitable for specimens or avenue planting.

- excelsa**—Norfolk Island Pine. A tree of 70 to 100 feet; very regular in its growth. Thriving best close to the sea 2/6
- imbricata**—Chili Pine or Monkey Puzzle. A slow growing tree of 20 to 30 feet. A distinct specimen for cool mountain districts 3/6

ASH, English (See *Fraxinus*).

ASH, Mountain (See *Pyrus aucuparia*).

ANOPTERIS glandulosa—The Tasmanian Laurel 3/6

A choice evergreen shrub with large glossy serrated foliage, bearing in Spring panicles of cream Lily-of-the-Valley-like flowers. A beautiful subject that requires to be grown in a cool, moist situation.

AUCUBA—Japanese Laurel.—

The Aucubas are evergreen shrubs grown for their large ornamental foliage. They require to be grown in moist situations in half shade. They are also adapted for growing in ferneries either in pots or planted out.

- japonica aurea variegata**—Leaves spotted and blotched with gold; 4 feet 2/6
- japonica aurea marginata**—Leaves broadly margined with gold .. 2/6

AZALEA.—

The Azaleas are hardy, fibrous-rooted small-growing shrubs both evergreen and deciduous. They require to be grown in cool, moisture-holding soils, free from lime. In late Winter and Spring they are covered with masses of gorgeously coloured flowers. Botanically these plants are grouped with *Rhododendrons*.

- amoena**—These are dwarf, small flowered varieties that are more hardy than the larger flowered types, and on that account are better for general planting. We have them in shades of mauve, pink, salmon, purple and white, single and semi-double 30/- per dozen; 2/6
- indica**—We have a choice collection of both double and single flowered varieties of these desirable plants in their many and varied colours 24/- per dozen; 2/- & 2/6
- Kaempferi**—A floriferous Japanese variety, with single salmon-scarlet flowers. Very hardy and effective; 3 feet. Large plants 7/6
- ledifolia narcissiflorum** (Syn. *A. Yodogawa*)—A fine variety, with beautiful double fragrant flowers of a delightful heliotrope mauve colour. Semi-deciduous and very hardy; 4 feet. Large plants 7/6

BAMBUSA—The Bamboo.—

These attractive, easily grown plants add a distinctive touch to any garden. They are of free, rapid growth thriving in any deep soil, with plenty of moisture.

- Arundinaria gracilis**—A slender variety of 8 to 10 feet; very graceful deep green foliage 5/-
- Arundinaria japonica**—(Metake). A very hardy spreading variety that grows freely in any situation, forming dense clumps 6 to 10 feet high 3/6 & 5/-
- Arundinaria Simonii**—A strong growing erect variety of 15 to 20 feet, forming a graceful clump. Stems glaucous, covered with deep green handsome foliage 5/-
- Bambusa Alphonse-Karri**—A dense growing variety of 5 to 6 feet, with yellow and green striped stems 5/-
- Bambusa Fortunei argentea**—A dwarf spreading variety of 2 to 3 feet, with attractive green and white foliage 2/-
- Bambusa marmorea**—A unique bamboo of 4 to 5 feet, with slender purple canes clustered with slightly oval brilliant green foliage 5/-
- Phyllostachys castillonis**—A large leaved variety, with smooth golden canes striped with green. Branches long and graceful; 10 feet 5/-
- Phyllostachys nigra**—The Black Bamboo. An ornamental variety with dark black stems. Very hardy, growing 15 to 20 feet .. 5/-

BECKIA plicata (See *Micromyrtus microphylla*).

BEECH TREE (See *Fagus*).

Plant Andromedas in a cool moist situation.

Berberis—The Barberry.

The Barberries are hardy evergreen and deciduous shrubs, ranging in height from 2 to 6 feet. All varieties are spiny, and produce yellow or orange flowers in Spring or Summer, followed by attractive berries of orange, red, dark blue, or nearly black shades. Most varieties assume most brilliant Autumn tints, and are worth growing for this effect alone. They grow and thrive in any soil or situation, but fruit and colour best in the higher hill districts.

- aggregata**—A bushy semi-deciduous shrub of 4 feet, with yellow flowers, coral red berries and beautiful Autumn colouring 2/6
- aquifolium**—(Mahonia). An evergreen spreading shrub of 4 feet, with glossy green leaves, turning purple and bronze in Winter. Yellow flowers 2/6
- brachypoda**—A deciduous shrub of 6 feet; foliage colouring well in Autumn. Flowers yellow, followed by scarlet berries 2/6
- Darwinii**—One of the best known evergreen shrubs with small dark glossy foliage, clustered with rich orange flowers in Spring; 5 to 6 feet. This variety forms a fine hedge for cool districts. Price, 18/- per dozen in quantity 2/-
- Delsiana**—A vigorous deciduous shrub of 6 feet, colouring well in Autumn. Flowers yellow, followed by attractive berries 2/6
- Sargentiana**—A hardy evergreen shrub of 6 feet, with large elegant dark green leaves, turning bronze and scarlet in Autumn and Winter. Pale yellow flowers followed by large black attractive fruit. Large rigid ivory-white spines 5/-
- Stenophylla**—An evergreen shrub of 5 feet, with long graceful shoots, densely clothed with dark shiny leaves, smothered in Spring with bright yellow flowers 2/6
- subcaulialata**—A very graceful evergreen variety of 4 feet, with small glaucous leaves and arching branches. Bright pink berries in Autumn 2/6
- Thunbergii**—A compact bushy deciduous shrub of 4 ft., lovely in Spring when decked with long hanging yellow flowers, and magnificent in Autumn when the foliage and berries turn scarlet. Price, 18/- per dozen in quantity 2/-
- vernae**—A slender branching deciduous shrub of 3 feet, with attractive small foliage which colours beautifully in Autumn. Flowers, yellow, followed by showy berries 2/6
- vulgaris**—The Common Barberry. A large growing deciduous variety. Flowers yellow in Spring, followed by brilliant orange-red berries; 6 feet 2/-
- vulgaris purpurea**—A conspicuous variety, with deep purple foliage during Spring and Summer, turning crimson in Autumn. Berries purplish. We recommend this as one of the most distinct foliage shrubs we have; 4 to 5 feet 2/6
- Wilsonae**—A new variety from China, of low spreading semi-deciduous free branching habit, clothed with neat leaves and needle-like spines. Flowers yellow, followed by dense crops of berries which are at first cream, deepening to pink and finally to coral-red. The foliage colours beautifully in late Autumn 2/-

Collections of Berberis.

We supply 12 choice varieties of our selection for £1/5/-
or 6 choice varieties of our selection for 12/6

- BETULA alba**—The Silver Bark Birch 3/6

An ornamental and graceful, hardy, deciduous tree of 30 feet, with small poplar-like foliage, which turns bright yellow in Autumn. The tree derives its name from the smooth white bark, which is most conspicuous and attractive. Makes a delightful specimen in cool districts.

BOUVARDIA.—

The Bouvardias are small, shrubby plants, producing masses of attractive flowers in Summer and Autumn. They are usually cut hard back by the frosts in Winter, but sprout again in early Spring. They require very rich, well-cultivated soil, to do well.

- Humboldtii**—Pure white large tubular flowers, very richly perfumed 1/6

Named varieties in various shades of Pink, Red, Crimson, Cream, etc., both double and single 1/6

- BORONIA megastigma**—Sweet-scented Boronia 2/6

A well-known hardy, compact bushy plant, flowering profusely in early Spring. The brown and yellow flowers are strongly perfumed. Prefers an open situation in freshly broken soil, and must be cut back hard during or soon after the flowering period.

Berberis Darwinii will make a fine flowering hedge.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

BRACHYSEMA lanceolatum—The Swan River Pea Push 2/6

A hardy evergreen shrub of 3 to 4 feet, with attractive silvery grey foliage, and bright scarlet pea-shaped flowers, clustered close to the branches in Winter and Early Spring. A very desirable shrub that thrives in the most exposed of situations.

BRACHYCHITON (See *Sterculia*).

BUDDLEA.—

The buddleas are evergreen, rapid-growing shrubs, generally of about 5 to 8 feet, producing panicles of attractive flowers during Spring and Summer. They are quite hardy, and thrive in any soil or situation. They require hard-cutting occasionally to keep them shapely. The Buddleas are all very suitable for seaside planting.

alternifolia—A new variety producing its delicate, sweetly-scented rosy-mauve flowers in Spring, clustered on the upper side of the branches and not in panicles at the ends of the branches as in other varieties. Of distinct bushy habit, with small attractive foliage. A fine vigorous shrub of about 6 feet 3/6

globosa—A distinct hardy variety, with attractive orange ball-like flowers in Spring; 6 feet 2/-

madagascariensis (Syn. *B. paniculata*)—A dense straggling shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with panicles of cream and yellow flowers in Winter 2/-

salvifolia—A new variety that promises to become one of our most conspicuous Winter-flowering shrubs. Very rapid in growth, forming a shrub of 5 to 6 feet in its second season. The dense heads of pale lilac, highly-scented flowers are produced with the greatest freedom during the dull Winter months 2/6

variabilis Veitchiana—Dense spikes of lilac flowers, with orange eye. Very rapid and strong grower; 6 feet 2/-

variabilis magnifica—Of the same habit of growth and flowering as "Veitchiana," but with deeper rosy purple flowers. Very attractive 2/6

BUXUS, Box Tree.—

The Box trees are evergreen shrubs of rather slow growth, with small, shining foliage, and inconspicuous flowers. They make useful dense shrubs that can be trimmed or cut to any shape required. They require a cool, moist soil for best results. See also Bordering and Edging plants for *Buxus sempervirens*, the dwarf variety.

sempervirens arborescens—The tree Box. A tall growing variety of 4 to 6 feet, with oval glossy foliage 2/-

sempervirens variegata—A distinct silver variegated form, growing to about 2 feet. Of neat compact habit 2/-

CALLITRIS (Syn. *Frenela*), The Native Cypress-Pine.—

Attractive symmetrical small trees of 30 to 40 feet, with dense foliage. They are amongst the hardiest of Conifers, and thrive in poor, arid soils where other trees fail.

cupressiformis—"The Victorian Pine" 18/- per dozen; 2/-

oblonga (Syn. *Gunnii*)—"The Tasmanian Pine" 2/-

robusta—"The Murray Pine" 18/- per dozen; 2/-

CALCEOLARIA, The Slipper Wort.—

The shrubby Calceolarias are dwarf branching plants of about 2 feet, producing panicles of attractive flowers in early Spring. They require to be grown in half-shade and cut back soon after flowering.

rugosa (*C. integrifolia*)—Flowers cream and yellow, very freely produced 2/-

violacea—Clear mauve, with violet and yellow spots 2/-

CALLISTEMON, Native Bottle Brush.—

The Callistemons are very hardy evergreen shrubs, thriving in the most exposed situations. In Spring their attractive bottle-brush like flowers of rich colouring are much admired.

coccineum—Rich dazzling scarlet; 6 feet 2/-

pallidum—Bright yellow, very attractive 2/-

salignum—Scarlet 2/-

The Buddleas are very rapid growing shrubs.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

- CALODENDRON capensis**—The Cape Chestnut 3/6
 One of the most attractive and useful flowering trees of 20 to 30 feet or more. Can be recommended where a distinct specimen is required. Throughout the year its luxuriant foliage is much admired, and in Spring the large panicles of flesh-coloured flowers add to its beauty.
- CALYTRIX, The Grampians Fringe Myrtle.**—
 Bushy Heath-like shrub from the Grampians, covered in early Spring with masses of starry white flowers, which turn blush as they age. They thrive in any loose soil, but resent root disturbance.
scabra—Dwarf and bushy, about 2 to 3 feet 2/-
Sullivanii—Tall growing variety of 5 to 6 feet 2/-
- CALYCANTHUS, The flowering Allspice.**—
 The Calycanthus are deciduous shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, opening their deliciously fragrant flowers in Winter before the leaves appear. They are hardy and grow in almost any well-drained and somewhat rich soil, either in shady or sunny positions.
floridus—"Carolina Allspice." Flowers reddish-brown, with rich aromatic fragrance 2/6
praecox—(Chimonanthus fragrans). Flowers yellow, with brown markings, deliciously fragrant 2/6
- CAMPHORA officinarum**—The Camphor Tree (See Cinnamomum camphora).
- CAMELLIA.**—
 Well known free flowering evergreens, producing their attractive blooms in late Winter and Spring. They are quite hardy, and do best in a cool, moist situation.
japonica—We can offer many choice varieties, both double and single, and in all colours including crimson, scarlet, rose, cerise, flesh and white 3/6 & 5/-
sasanqua—The Japanese Winter Flowering Camellia. Very effective, with small foliage and single deep pink flowers, with yellow stamens in mid-Winter 3/6 & 5/-
- CANTUA dependens (C. buxifolia)** 2/6
 A hardy much-branched shrub of 4 to 5 feet, with deep rose-pink, fuchsia-like flowers produced in pendulous racemes in Winter. Of somewhat straggling nature, requires the support of a stout stake, or can be trained as a semi-climber against a fence or wall.
- CARYOPTERIS mastacanthus (incana)**—The Blue Spirea 2/-
 A hardy deciduous shrub of 2 to 3 feet, with silvery grey foliage covered through Summer and Autumn with neat spikes of bright blue spirea-like flowers.
- CASSIA Candolliana**—The Senna Bush 2/6
 A handsome evergreen shrub of 5 to 6 feet, with attractive bright golden yellow flowers, which open in Winter and on that account are very valuable. The plant should be shortened back after flowering, otherwise it becomes very woody.
- CATALPHA syringaefolia**—The Tree Bignonia 2/6
 A hardy deciduous tree of 15 to 20 feet, with large heart-shaped leaves and large panicles of flowers, creamy white spotted violet and yellow produced in Summer.
- CEANOTHUS.**—
 These are hardy evergreen, quick-growing shrubs of 6 to 8 feet, producing large quantities of their attractive blue flowers in clusters in Spring. They are amongst the most useful and ornamental of all large growing shrubs.
divaricatus—Deep glossy foliage and pale blue flowers; 6 to 8 feet 2/6
Veitchianus—Very small foliage and deep rich blue flowers; 5 to 6 feet 2/6
Gloire de Versailles—A tall growing large leaved variety, with rich lavender blue flowers, produced in Summer 3/6
- CERATONIA Siligna**—The Carob or St. John's Bread 2/6
 A handsome evergreen tree of 15 feet or more. Very suitable for planting in hot, arid districts. This tree furnishes the carob beans, which are used largely throughout the Mediterranean basin for food and forage.
- CERASUS, The Laurel** (See Laurocerasus).
- CERASUS, The Flowering Cherry** (See Prunus).
- CERATOPETALUM gummiferum**—The N.S.W. Christmas Bush 3/6
 A hardy evergreen shrub of 6 feet, covered in Summer with remarkable yellowish flowers, which turn rose and red as they age, retaining their beauty for a remarkable time.

Camellia sasanqua flowers in mid-Winter.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

CERCIS, The Judas Tree or Red Bud.—

Hardy deciduous small trees of 10 to 15 feet, with handsome heart-shaped leaves, and attractive bright rose pea-shaped flowers, which are clustered on the branches in late Winter before the foliage appears.

canadensis—Pale rose of tallish spreading habit 2/6

Siliquastrum—Rosy purple, small bushy tree 2/6

CINNAMOMUM camphora—The Camphor Tree 2/—

A stout evergreen tree of 20 to 30 feet, with very dense foliage most suitable for the warmer districts, where it can be used with great advantage for street planting. This tree furnishes the Camphor of commerce.

Price 18/- per dozen in quantity.

CESTRUM (Syn. Habrothamnus).

The Cestrums which include all plants known in the past as Habrothamnus, are hardy evergreen shrubs of 5 to 6 feet with attractive tubular flowers produced almost throughout the year. They are slightly frost-tender, and require protection for the first Winter after planting.

auranticum—Deep orange yellow, flowers held erect in large panicles 2/—

nocturnum—(The Night flowering Jessamine). Creamy yellow, very sweetly perfumed at night only 2/—

elegans—(Habrothamnus). Bright red flowers in pendulous racemes 2/—

CHAMAELAUCIUM uncinatum—The Geraldton Wax Flower 5/—

A beautiful Winter-flowering evergreen shrub of 5 to 6 feet, from Western Australia. The attractive waxy myrtle-like flowers, of a delicate pale blush pink, last on the plant for months, and when cut retain their beauty for weeks. Thrives in a dry uncultivated soil, with as little root disturbance as possible.

CHOISYA ternata—The Mexican Orange Flower 2/6

A beautiful and distinct free-flowering evergreen shrub of 4 to 5 feet, with glossy foliage and clusters of white fragrant flowers in early Spring. Will thrive in any soil or situation.

CHORIZEMA cordata—The Flame Pea Bush of Western Australia 2/—

A dwarf evergreen shrub of 2 to 3 feet, with small orange and yellow pea-shaped flowers in Winter and early Spring. They thrive in poor, well-drained soils.

CHIMONANTHUS fragrans (See Calycanthus praecox).

CLETHRA arborea—The Lily of Valley Tree 2/6

A handsome evergreen shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with large glossy laurel-like foliage and beautiful Lily-of-the-Valley-like flowers in Summer. A hardy shrub that does best in a cool, moist situation.

arborea flore pleno—Quite a novelty, with attractive full double flowers in pendulous racemes. Of the same habit of growth as the single variety 3/6

CLETHRA alnifolia—The Sweet Pepper Bush 3/6

A deciduous shrub of 3 to 5 feet, producing in Autumn creamy white fragrant flowers in racemes. Requires a moist, cool situation.

CLERODENDRON.—

Hardy shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with large, soft foliage, and attractive, fragrant flowers in Summer. They thrive in any warm situation with abundant moisture.

fragrans—Double white, with red calyx, deliciously fragrant.

Frost tender in cold districts 2/6

trichotomum—Single white, with reddish-brown calyx 2/6

CLIANTHUS punicens—The New Zealand Glory Pea 2/—

A hardy semi-climbing plant of 4 to 5 feet, producing quantities of long red pea-shaped flowers in Spring. Best planted against a wall or fence, and requires shortening back after flowering to keep shapely.

COLUTEA arborescens—The Bladder Senna 2/6

An ornamental, free-growing deciduous shrub of 6 feet, producing large clusters of bronze-yellow pea-shaped flowers in Spring, succeeded by bladder-like seed pods.

CONVOLVULUS cneorum—Shrubby Convolvulus 2/6

An attractive small evergreen shrub of 2 feet, with handsome silvery foliage, and large white tinged with pink flowers. Thrives in any open situation.

The flowers of the Geraldton Wax Flowers last for months.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

COPROSMA, The New Zealand Looking Glass Plant.—

The Coprosmas are evergreen shrubs of 4 to 5 feet, with broad, glossy foliage, and inconspicuous green flowers. They thrive anywhere, and are particularly valuable for planting near the sea-coast.

- Baueri**—Deep green glossy foliage. One of the finest hedge plants for the sea front 1/6
- Baueri variegata**—Glossy foliage, margined with creamy white . . 2/6
- Baueri picturata**—Glossy foliage, blotched with yellow in the centre 2/6

CEDRUS, The Cedar Tree.—

The Cedars are large-growing ornamental Conifers with wide horizontally spreading branches, very distinct in habit from most other conifers.

- atlantica glauca**—The Blue Atlas Cedar. A handsome tree with silvery glaucous foliage 2/6
- Deodara**—The Indian Cedar. One of the most ornamental trees we have of distinct weeping habit, with silvery foliage. A tree that withstands heat, cold or drought 2/6

CELTIS sinensis—The Chinese Nettle Tree 2/6

An ornamental deciduous tree of 20 feet of wide-spreading habit with light green foliage, which turns yellow before falling in Autumn. Valuable as a shade tree or as a single specimen on the lawn.

CORONILLA emerus—The Scorpion Senna 2/6

A dense semi-deciduous shrub of 3 to 6 feet, with bright yellow pea-shaped flowers in early Spring. Very hardy, thriving in moist situations.

CORCHORUS (See Kerria).

CORYLUS Avellana-atro-purpurea—The purple leaved Filbert . . . 3/6

A very attractive and ornamental deciduous shrub of 4 to 5 feet, with deep purple foliage in Spring, retaining its beauty till late Autumn. Requires a cool, deep soil for best results.

CORNUS, The Dogwood.—

The Dogwoods are large-growing shrubs, grown for their attractive flowers and fruits, also for the Winter effect of their brightly coloured branches. They are quite hardy, and thrive in good, deep, moist soil.

- Amomum**—A deciduous shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with purple branches covered with dark green elliptic foliage. The bark has medicinal properties 2/6
- brachypoda**—A tall deciduous shrub with yellowish brown branches, and large leaves. A handsome variety, with large panicles of white flowers 2/6
- capitata** (Syn. *Benthamia fragifera*). An evergreen tree of 15 to 20 feet, with large creamy white flowers, followed by large scarlet strawberry like fruit, which remain till Winter . . 2/6
- sanguinea**—A deciduous shrub of 6 feet, with greenish white flowers, followed by black fruit in dense clusters. Foliage turns brilliant in Autumn 2/6
- stolonifera**—A deciduous shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with deep red branches and white berries 3/6

Flowering Shrubs will keep down the cost of
beautifying your grounds.

No order too large for us to handle. None too
small to receive careful attention and personal
supervision.

Our Flowering Fruits are all strong plants, 4 feet or more high.

Cotoneaster.

The Cotoneasters are ornamental shrubs ranging from low prostrate bushes of 2 feet, as in *horizontalis*, to large, vigorous, branching shrubs of 6 to 8 feet. They are all very decorative, and are grown chiefly for their ornamental red berries, and some for their foliage, which turns brilliant colours in Autumn. They are quite hardy, and thrive in almost any situation, but fruit and colour best in the cooler districts. All evergreen except where otherwise mentioned.

angustifolia (See *Pyracantha angustifolia*).

- Dielsiana elegans**—A shrub of 6 feet, with graceful spreading and arching branches. Berries coral red in compact bunches 2/6
- divaricata**—Upright shrub of 5 to 6 feet, with deciduous oval foliage which colours beautifully in late Autumn. A very handsome shrub when studded with its large bright red fruits 3/6
- Franchetii**—A vigorous shrub of 6 feet, with wiry arching branches covered with bright leaves which are downy underneath. Berries orange red 2/6
- horizontalis**—One of the most distinct and beautiful shrubs for rock garden work, with characteristic flat fan-like spreading, rigid branches, covered with neat rounded glossy foliage and red berries. The foliage colours beautifully in late Autumn 3/6
- horizontalis perpusilla**—Possessing all the good qualities of the type plant, but of smaller growth and denser habit. Sub-evergreen, colouring well in Autumn. Berries bright red 3/6
- hupehensis**—A slender spreading shrub of 5 feet with attractive white flowers produced in clusters of 6 to 12. Followed by large red berries 3/6
- microphylla**—A dwarf, low shrub of 3 feet, with small dark shining foliage and dull red berries 2/-
- pannosa**—A vigorous evergreen bush of 5 feet, with slender spreading branches and neat silvery foliage. Flowers white, followed by bright red berries, which cluster very closely and weigh down the branches in Winter 2/-
- racemiflora soongarica**—An erect shrub of 4 to 5 feet, with spreading branches covered with broad greyish foliage, which colours well in Autumn. Berries red 2/6
- rugosa Henryiana**—A tall-growing variety with lanceolata leaves and long pendulous branches. Large white flowers in Summer, followed by crimson berries in clusters 3/6
- San Fran**—A dwarf deciduous prostrate weeping variety forming a neat spreading bush of 12 to 18 inches high. The foliage colours beautifully in Autumn 2/6
- Serotina**—A distinct variety, with attractive large silvery greyish foliage. Flowers white in clusters 2 to 2½ inches across, followed by small round sealing-wax red berries, which hang right through Winter. A tall variety of 6 to 8 feet 3/6
- Simonsii**—Branching shrub of 4 feet, with round bright green foliage which colours beautifully in Autumn and Winter. Berries bright red. The plant usually sold in Victoria as *C. Simonsii*, is *C. pannosa*, a distinct variety with greyish white foliage 2/-

Collections of Cotoneasters.

We supply 12 choice varieties of our selection for £1/10/-
or 6 choice varieties of our selection for 15/-

CROTALARIA laburnifolia—The Bird Flower.

One of the most handsome and unique of evergreen shrubs, growing to 6 feet. Large silvery grey lucerne-like foliage. Flowers large in loose terminal spikes, resembling small birds. Blooms continuously throughout the whole year, even in the dull months of Winter. Requires a good, rich soil in a position that gets all the sun available.

CRYPTOMERIA—The Japanese Cedar.—

Large ornamental Conifers of pyramidal habit, with straight, slender trunks covered with reddish-brown bark, and with spreading ascending branches. Very effective in Winter, when the foliage turns bronzy red.

- japonica**—A large growing tree, 50 to 60 feet 2/6
- japonica elegans**—Dense bushy tree of 20 to 30 feet 2/6
- Large plants, 3 to 4 feet high 7/6
- japonica elegans plumosa**—A dwarf variety of 15 to 20 feet, with soft downy foliage 2/6

The Cotoneasters all produce brightly coloured berries.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

CRATAEGUS—The Hawthorn or May Tree.—

The Hawthorns are hardy shrubs or small trees of 8 to 12 feet. In early Spring they are covered with their various coloured flowers, which are succeeded by bright berries, which hold till Winter. Some varieties have beautiful Autumn coloured foliage. They succeed in almost any soil or situation. They are all deciduous except the *Pyracantha* group, which we treat as a separate genus.

Carrierii—Large glossy foliage, which turns bright red in late Autumn. White flowers followed by bright red berries as large as cherries and persisting through the Winter 3/6

cordata—Flowers white, followed by small scarlet berries in bunches. In Autumn the foliage turns brilliant scarlet. One of the best foliage plants we have 2/6

crenulata (See *Pyracantha crenulata*).

Mexicana—Glossy green foliage, large white flowers succeeded by large yellow fruits as large as cherries 3/6

oxycantha coccinea flore pleno—Double crimson, very rich and bright 2/6

oxycantha multiplex—Double white 2/6

oxycantha punica—Single scarlet 2/6

oxycantha rosea flore pleno—Double bright pink 2/6

tanacetifolia orientalis—Silvery foliage, clustering closely to the branches. White flowers followed by yellow berries 2/6

CYATHODES *acerosa*—The Tasmanian Pink Berry 2/6

A dwarf, heath-like shrub of 2 to 3 feet, effective in Winter, when covered with its dense masses of bright rose-pink berries. Thrives in poor, stony or loose soil.

CYDONIA (*Pyrus* or *Chaenomeles*)—Japanese Flowering Quince.—

The *Cydonias* are popular, hardy, semi-deciduous shrubs, ranging in height from 3 feet, as in *Maulei* and *Pygmea*, to large shrubs of 5 to 6 feet. They produce their attractive flowers, which cluster on the branches in Winter and early Spring, followed by quince-like fruits. They thrive and flower freely when well established in almost any situation.

japonica aurora—Large salmon red, 3 feet 3/6

japonica columbia—Bright orange-red, very strong grower, 3 feet 3/6

japonica Gaujardi—Deep rosy red, 3 feet 2/-

japonica—Rich scarlet, 4 feet 2/-

japonica Moerloosii—Rosy white and carmine, 3 feet 2/-

japonica nivalis—Pure white, 4 feet 2/-

japonica pygmea—A dwarf variety, with rich salmon flowers. Very free fruiting; 2 feet 3/6

japonica salmonea—Clear salmon rose; large flowers; 2 feet 3/6

japonica umbilicata—Rich red, fine variety, 4 feet 2/-

japonica vermillon—Very brilliant red. A superb variety 2/6

Maulei—Rich red, dwarf, free flowering variety, 2 feet 3/6

Sargenti—Rich orange scarlet, very bright and attractive, 2 feet 3/6

CYTISUS *laburnum* (See *Laburnum vulgare*).

CYTISUS—The Broom (See also *Genista* and *Spartium*).—

The Brooms are amongst the hardiest of ornamental flowering shrubs, thriving on dry banks, and in the poorest of soils, displaying a wealth of bloom in Spring and early Summer. In gardens the genera *Cytisus* and *Genista* are much confused, and the latter group should also be referred to. For the yellow Spanish Broom see *Spartium*.

albus (Syn. *Spartium album*)—The Portugal Broom. Long rush-like branches covered in early Spring with masses of small white flowers, very effective. 5 feet 2/-

scoparius Andreanus (Syn. *Genista Andreana*)—The beautiful crimson and yellow variety. One of the most effective shrubs we have. 4 feet 2/-

scoparius Andreanus Smithii—A richly-coloured variety of this popular Broom. Flowers bronze and crimson; very striking. 4 feet 2/6

For the evergreen *Crataegus*, see *Pyracantha*.

Cupressus—The Cypress.

The Cupressus are highly ornamental Conifers, varying greatly in size and habit, they all have dense aromatic foliage. Most varieties are very suitable for large hedges, whilst others, particularly the coloured foliage sorts, form distinctive specimens, especially in the cool, humid districts, where the colouring is intensified.

See also Hedge Plants, Page 00.

- arizonica**—The Arizona Cypress. A tree of 30 to 40 feet, with horizontal branches and glaucous foliage. One of the hardiest of all cypresses, standing drought conditions where others fail 2/-
- Lambertiana aurea saligna**—A distinct compact weeping form, with bright golden foliage. As a small specimen of 12 to 15 feet it has no equal 5/-
- Lambertiana horizontalis**—The True Horizontal Cypress. One of the finest ornamental hedge or breakwind plants we have. Growth very rapid and branching 3/-
Quantity price, 35/- per dozen.
Larger and stronger plants in 6 inch pots, 42/- per dozen.
- Lambertiana horizontalis aurea**—The handsome golden-coloured variety. One of the finest subjects for specimen or avenue planting 3/6
Quantity price, 40/- per dozen.
Larger and stronger plants at 5/- and 7/6 each.
- Lambertiana horizontalis Hodginsii**—A distinct variety of the true branching Cypress that originated in our nursery. Foliage beautifully variegated silver and green. A unique subject for a specimen tree 5/-
- Lawsoniana (Chamaecyparis Lawsoniana)**—Lawson Cypress. A most beautiful conifer forming narrow pyramidal trees of 20 to 30 feet, densely furnished with branches to the ground. A fine tree for breakwind or avenue planting 2/-
Quantity price, 18/- per dozen.
- Lawsoniana albo-variegata**—A slender growing variety of 8 to 10 feet, with pale green foliage beautifully tipped with silver . . . 2/6 & 3/6
- Lawsoniana erecta virides**—Of dense columnar habit, with bright silvery green foliage. A beautiful variety. 12 to 15 feet 3/6
- Lawsoniana filiformis**—A distinct variety of low globular habit, with peculiar cord-like green weeping foliage 5/-
- Lawsoniana lutea**—Golden Lawson Cypress. A compact form, with golden foliage, the young tips being particularly rich in colouring. One of the most conspicuous conifers in any plantation. 12 to 15 feet 3/6 & 5/-
- Lawsoniana Triomphe de Boskoop**—One of the bluest conifers in cultivation, of extremely graceful habit and beautiful glaucous foliage with a distinct metallic sheen 5/-
- lusitanica (Syn. glauca pendula)**—An attractive variety, growing to a tree of 30 to 40 feet, with spreading branches of more or less pendulous habit. Foliage of an attractive glaucous colour . . . 2/-
- Goveniana Scotti**—A distinct variety of pyramidal growth, with attractive cream and green foliage. Very bushy and compact. 12 to 15 feet 3/-
- macrocarpa**—The Monterey Cypress. Similar to C. Lambertiana, but of more upright habit, and being raised from seed not so uniform or dependable in growth 1/6
Quantity price, 12/- per doz.
- macrocarpa aurea (Syn. Brunniana aurea)**—A dense growing variety of 15 to 20 feet, with deep golden feathery foliage . . . 2/6 & 3/6
- sempervirens stricta (pyramidalis)**—The Italian or Roman Cypress. A tree of 30 to 40 feet, with erect branches, forming a narrow columnar head. The classical Cypress of the Greek and Roman writers 2/- & 2/6
- torulosa (Syn. C. nepalensis)**—A tall pyramidal tree, with short branches, covered with bluish green foliage, and small globular cones. Very suitable for hedge making 3/-
Quantity price, 30/- per dozen.

The Golden Lawson Cypress is glorious in the Mountain districts.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

DACRYDIUM cupressinum—The New Zealand Rimu Pine 5/-

This pine is one of the most beautiful objects in the New Zealand bush. Its pale green drooping branches differ from all other Conifers. Thrives in cool, moist soils only. 25 feet.

DACRYDIUM FRANKLINI—The Huon Pine 2/6

A distinct Conifer of 20 feet, with attractive weeping branchlets. Suitable for cool, moist districts only.

DAPHNE.—

Well-known sweetly-scented shrubs, with evergreen foliage, flowering in Winter and early Spring. They grow best in a sheltered situation in cool, moist soil, or can be grown to perfection in a cask or large pot.

odora rubra (Syn. *indica rubra*)—The well-known variety with deep pink flowers, deliciously fragrant; 3 feet. Extra strong plants 5/-, 7/6 & 10/6

odora alba—Pure glistening white, sweetly perfumed; 3 feet . . 7/6

odora marginata—Foliage distinctly margined with gold; flowers pink; 3 feet 7/6

DABOECIA (Menziesia)—St. Dabeoc's Heath.—

The beautiful Irish Heath, which is of spreading habit, growing only 18 inches high, and producing almost throughout the year masses of hanging bell-shaped flowers. They thrive in any moist, cool situation.

polifolia alba—Pure white 2/-

polifolia atropurpurea—Rich purple 2/-

DESMODIUM penduliflorum 2/-

A hardy semi-deciduous shrub of pendulous habit, with long spikes of small pea-shaped flowers, produced in Summer and Autumn. Very effective in Winter, when the large three-lobed leaves turn golden-yellow. Shorten back the long branches in Winter.

DEUTZIA.—

The Deutzias are very ornamental, small-growing, deciduous shrubs of 3 to 4 feet, covered in early Spring with small attractive bell-shaped flowers. They thrive in almost any soil or situation.

crenata variegata—Flowers double white, foliage variegated green and white 2/-

gracilis—Single white, very dwarf and compact 2/-

gracilis rosea—Pearly rose fading to almost white 2/-

Lemoinei—Pure white flowers, produced in dense trusses . . . 2/6

longifolia Veitchii—Bright rose coloured flowers, held erect in large panicles, very striking and attractive. The best of all the Deutzias. 3 feet 3/6

Pride of Rochester—Double white, tall growing 2/-

Vilmoriniana—A fine variety with large white flowers, borne in clusters of 20 to 30, in late Spring. Very vigorous. 5 feet . . 2/6

DIERVILLA (See Weigelia).

DIOSMA alba (*Coleonema album*) 2/-

A neat, evergreen Erica-like plant, with scented foliage and small white flowers. Can be trimmed to any shape. 2 to 3 feet.

DOMBEYA Natalensis 2/6

A hardy evergreen shrub of 6 feet, with attractive foliage and handsome white buttercup-like flowers in Winter; as the flowers age they turn brown.

DIPLACUS.—

Hardy dwarf evergreen shrubs of about 3 feet, producing their musk-like flowers during the greater part of the year. They thrive in any good garden soil, but require cutting back occasionally to retain their vigour.

glutunosus—Rich orange, 3 feet 2/-

Mrs. A. Scholes—A new variety with deep crimson flowers, very dark. Quite a new colour break in these desirable shrubs. 3 feet 2/6

puniceus—Orange red, 3 feet 2/-

Our Daphnes are strong vigorous plants.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

DURANTA.—

The Durantas are hardy, evergreen shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, flowering during the greater part of the year, and bearing yellow berries during Autumn. They thrive in any warm, sunny situation.

- Ellisii**—Deep lavender, foliage turns coppery in Autumn. 4 ft. . . 2/—
Plumieri—Deep blue, tall growing. 6 feet 2/—
Plumieri alba—Pure white. 5 feet 2/—

EDWARDSIA (See Sophora).

ELDER (See Sambucus).

ERICA—The Heath.—

The Ericas are hardy dwarf, bushy shrubs of great beauty when in flower. They thrive in almost any soil that is not too strongly impregnated with lime. Decayed leaves will help, but the soil should not be enriched with manure.

- arborea**—Small white fragrant flowers, tall growing. 6 feet . . . 2/—
autumnalis—Deep rose pink, very small flowers produced in dense masses in Autumn. 2 feet 2/—
baccans—Deep rose pink, medium sized bell-like flowers. Spring flowering. 3 feet 2/—
bowieana—Pure white, constant bloomer. 3 feet 2/—
cruenta—Orange scarlet, a hardy variety that thrives anywhere. 3 feet 2/—
intermedia—Pure white, long spikes in Spring. 4 to 5 feet . . . 2/—
jubilee—Deep rose pink, very fine for cutting. 3 feet 2/—
linnaeoides (Syn. *perpicua*)—Bright rose pink, very effective. 3 feet 2/—
mammosa—Bright purplish crimson, of the same habit as *Webbleyana*. 3 feet 2/—
melanthera—Lavender purple, with deep eye, small bells. This variety, which flowers profusely in Winter, is perhaps one of the finest shrubs we have 2/—
pyramidalis gracilis—Small white flowers with dark centre, very hardy and free flowering. 3 feet 2/—
vulgaris—The Purple Scotch Heather. Dwarf spreading habit. 2 feet 2/—
vulgaris alba—The White Scotch Heather. Dwarf spreading habit. 2 feet 2/—
Webbleyana—Long spikes of pale pink flowers, always in flower. 3 feet 2/—
Wilmoreana—Large flowers, pink and white, very free flowering. 2 feet 2/—

Collections of Ericas.

We supply 12 varieties of Ericas, our selection, for 18/—
or 6 varieties of Ericas, our selection, for 10/—

ERIOSTEMON—The Native Waxflower.—

The Eriostemons are hardy dwarf shrubs of 2 to 4 feet, covered in early Spring with star-shaped flowers which last for some weeks. They thrive in any open situation.

- myoporoides** (Syn. *nerifolium*)—Pale pink, very free flowering. 3 feet 2/6
obovalis (Bendigo Wax Flower)—White, flushed pink; very dwarf, 1½ to 2 feet 3/6

ERYTHRINA—The Coral Tree.—

Beautiful deciduous shrubs of 4 to 8 feet, with attractive spikes of brilliant pea-shaped flowers in Summer. They require the warmest situations exposed to all the sunshine possible. Cut hard back in August, except *Acanthocarpa*.

- acanthocarpa**—Scarlet and yellow, flowering in November. The brilliant flowers clustering in dense bunches close to the branches. Of straggling habit, a fine subject to grow against a north wall 5/—
christa-galli—Immense spikes of deep crimson flowers 2/—
secundiflora—A tall growing variety, with rich crimson flowers . . 2/6

Erica Melanthera flowers in the depth of Winter.

Eucalyptus—The Gum Tree.

Handsome evergreen trees, of rapid growth, with attractive foliage, and in some cases most beautiful flowers, opening in Spring and Summer.

Flowering Varieties.

calophylla —"Port Gregory Gum." Flowers pure white, in large trusses. 40 ft.	1/6
calophylla rosea —Rose pink, one of the most beautiful flowering trees in cultivation, 30 feet	2/-
erythronema —"Lindsay Gum." Flowers rich crimson. A small growing variety of 6 to 8 feet, that flowers within 18 months of planting	2/-
ficifolia —"Scarlet-flowering Gum." A beautiful tree, with large trusses of flowers of various shades of crimson produced above the foliage. 15 to 20 feet. 15/- per doz.	1/6 & 2/-
leucoxylon rosea —A rose pink flowered variety of the "Ironbark Gum." 30 feet	2/-
macrocarpa —A shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with silvery white foliage, and immense flowers, rich crimson in colour	2/6
platypus —"The Maalok Gum." A tree of 20 feet with rich crimson flowers	2/-
pyriformis —A shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with large flowers, rich crimson and yellow	2/6
torquata —"Coolgardie Gum," Dwarf variety of 6 to 8 feet, flowers rich orange scarlet. Very attractive. Flowering when quite young	2/6

Shelter Trees.

alpina —"Alpine Gum." Small tree, of 10 to 15 feet, with leathery foliage and white flowers	1/6
amygdalina —"Peppermint Gum." A tree of 30 feet with attractive peppermint scented foliage	1/6
cineria —A bushy growing species with attractive heart-shaped silvery foliage. Very fine for cutting in the young stages	1/6
citriodora —"Lemon-scented Gum." A distinct tree, with smooth white stem. Flowers white. Very suitable for hot districts, 40 feet . .	1/6
cornuta —"The Yale Gum." A spreading tree of 50 feet with pale green foliage and white flowers. Quick growing	1/6
corynocalyx (Syn cladocalyx)—"Sugar Gum." A well-known rapid growing tree for shelter. Flowers white, 60/- per 100; 9/- per dozen	1/-
globulus —"Blue Gum." Very large growing tree, with attractive blue foliage when young. Flowers white, suitable for damp, low-lying situations, 100 feet or more	1/6
gomphocephala —"The Tooart Gum." A tree of 40 to 60 feet, very suitable for planting in hot, dry districts	1/6
Lehmanni —Dense shrubby variety, with large pointed buds. Flowers yellowish, 30 feet	1/6
maculata —"Spotted Gum." Tall tree, with distinct smooth mottle stem and white flowers. Suitable for hot, dry districts. 50 feet	1/6
microcorys —"Tallow-wood Gum." Large growing tree with attractive fine foliage and white flowers. Timber very hard	1/6
obliqua —"Messmate." A giant tree. Flowers white. 100 feet or more	1/6
propingna —"The Grey Gum." A splendid timber tree of rapid growth	1/6
Pilularis —"Black Butt." Flowers white. A large tree	1/6
punctata —"Leather Jacket-tree." A tree of 60 to 70 feet, quick growth. Thriving in poor soils	1/6
radiata —An attractive tree with distinct pendulous branchlets. One of the most attractive of all gums	1/6

Eucalyptus Cineria produces fine tips for cutting.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

robusta —"Swamp Mahogany." Very large, attractive foliage, in young state, quite crimson. Tall tree	1/6
rostrata —"The Red Gum." A tree of 80 to 100 feet. Timber very hard, and durable	1/6
Sieberiana —"Mountain Ash." A straight stemmed lofty tree of rapid growth	1/6
sideroxylon —"The Black Iron Bark." A tree of 50 feet with white flowers. Timber of great strength and hardness	1/6
Stuartiana —"Apple Gum." A medium sized tree with fibrous bark and drooping branches	1/6
viminalis —"Manna Gum." Fine Foliage, silvery grey, of weeping habit. A large tree growing to 100 feet or more	1/6

ESCALLONIA.—

Fine evergreen shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with glossy foliage and attractive, bell-shaped wax-like flowers in terminal racemes. Very hardy, thriving in any soil or situation, suitable for seaside planting.

Exoniensis —White, shaded pink. 6 feet	2/-
Langleyensis —Rich red upright flowers, growth pendulous. 4 feet	2/-
macrantha —Coral red, large flowers. Glossy foliage. 4 feet	2/-
montevidensis —White, shaded with pink. 6 feet	2/-
organensis —Bright rose pink, 5 feet	2/-

EUGENIA—The Native Myrtle.

The Eugenias are evergreen shrubs and trees of great beauty, their dense myrtle-like foliage is always pleasing, and in Autumn they are covered with attractive berries which last through Winter.

myrtifolia (Syn <i>paniculata</i>). Rose Apple. A small tree of 12 to 15 feet with white flowers and rose-coloured berries	2/-
Smithii (Syn <i>Kingiana</i>)—Lilly Pilly Tree. A tree of 12 to 15 feet, but can be kept as a shrub at 6 feet if desired and trimmed. Flowers white, followed by deep rose berries. This variety makes a fine hedge, from 6 to 8 feet	2/-
Price in quantity, 18/- per dozen.	
ugni (<i>Myrtus ugni</i>)—A miniature variety from Chili growing only 2 to 3 feet. White fuchsia-like flowers followed by edible rose-coloured berries	2/-
ventenatii (Syn <i>pendula</i>)—A particularly fine tree for a specimen growing from 20 to 30 feet, its distinct slight weeping habit is always admired. White berries	2/-
oleosa —A neat compact bush of 6 to 8 feet, with deep purplish-blue berries	2/-

EUONYMUS—The Spindle Tree—

The Spindle trees are hardy shrubs of 4 to 6 feet. The evergreen sorts grown for their attractive variegated foliage, and the deciduous *E. europaeus* for its fine Autumn tints and attractive fruits.

europaeus .—A hardy deciduous variety with attractive scarlet fruit in Winter. In Autumn the foliage assumes most beautiful tints before falling	2/6
japonicus argenteus —Foliage pale green margined with silver	2/-
japonicus aurea —Foliage variegated green and gold	2/-
japonicus latifolius elegans —Tall, upright variety, heavily variegated with gold	2/-
japonicus viridi-variegata (Syn. <i>Ducd'Anjou</i>)—Large green leaves variegated with yellow and green in the middle	2/-
radicans variegata —A semi-trailing variety with silver variegated foliage, evergreen	2/-

EUTAXIA diffusa	2/-
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A native shrub of particular beauty in Spring, when covered with its masses of tiny pea-shaped flowers of yellow and orange. Growing 3 to 4 feet high, in any open situation.

EXOCHORDA grandiflora (Syn <i>Spirea grandiflora</i>)—The Pearl Bush	2/-
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A hardy, deciduous shrub, or 5 to 6 feet, with snow-white flowers, produced in early Spring as the leaves are breaking. A charming shrub for any garden.

Euonymus europaeus is one of the best shrubs for Autumn tints.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

FABIANA imbricata—The Chilean Heath 2/—
A hardy heath-like shrub of 4 to 5 feet, with waxy, tubular, creamy-white flowers in Spring.

FAGUS—The Beech Tree.—

The Beech trees are hardy, large-growing trees, that are most suitable for planting in cool, moist districts, where their foliage, particularly in Spring, is most attractive.

Cunninghamii—The Native Beech. An evergreen tree of great beauty with small myrtle-like foliage. It grows only in cool, very moist situations. 30 to 40 feet 2/6

sylvatica—The European Beech. A large growing deciduous tree 3/6

sylvatica purpurea—The Copper Beech. A very handsome variety with deep purple foliage in Spring and Summer 5/—

sylvatica purpurea Riversii—The Large Leaved Copper Beech. A selected variety of copper beech with large broad foliage of a very rich purple colouring, grafted plants 7/6

sylvatica purpurea tricolor—The Three Coloured Beech. A very handsome variety, the foliage being beautifully veined and margined with rosy pink 7/6

FELICIA angustifolia 2/—

A small hardy shrub of 2 to 3 feet, smothered in early Spring with countless small, deep, lilac flowers. Likes a warm, sunny position, or will thrive on dry banks or borders.

FEIJOA sellowiana 3/6

A distinct evergreen fruiting shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with dark green foliage with silvery reverse. Flowers in Spring, crimson with silvery white calyx, followed by large Guava-like fruit.

FORSYTHIA—The Golden Bell Shrub.—

The Forsythias are highly ornamental deciduous, free-flowering shrubs with showy yellow flowers, produced in great profusion along the slender branches in early Spring before the leaves appear. They thrive in any open situation.

intermedia vitellina—Large flowers, rich golden yellow, very attractive. 4 feet 2/6

suspensa—Long trailing branches, covered with golden bell-like blossoms. This variety makes a fine climber if trained to a trellis or pergola 2/6

suspensa Fortunei aurea—Rich golden yellow, flowers in early Spring. Long pendulous branches covered with attractive golden foliage 3/6

Viridissima—Erect shrubby variety, very free flowering. The foliage turns coppery in Autumn. 4 feet 2/—

FRAXINUS—The Ash.—

The Ashes are ornamental, deciduous, broad-headed trees, with green foliage which turns yellow or dark purple in Autumn. Valuable as street or avenue trees, they thrive in any good, deep, moderately moist soil. Available for planting during June, July, and August only.

americana—The White Ash. A tall tree of 50 to 60 feet, with dark green foliage, glaucous beneath 2/6

excelsior—The English Ash. A stately tree of 50 to 60 feet, with bright green lanceolate foliage 2/6

excelsior aurea—The Golden Ash. A dwarf variety with bright golden branches and foliage 5/—

xanthoxyloides—The Himalayan Ash. A compact variety of 25 feet, very hardy, thriving in hot, dry situations where other varieties fail 2/6

lanceolata—The Green Ash. A tree of 40 to 50 feet, with smooth, green branches 2/6

ornus—The Flowering Ash. A small tree of 20 feet, with dense terminal panicles of white flowers 2/6

Forsythia suspensa makes a fine climber.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

FUGOSIA Patersoni (Syn. *Lagunaria Patersoni*)—The Pyramid Tree 2/—
A handsome evergreen tree of pyramidal form growing to 20 or 30 feet, and thriving in poor, arid soil, where few trees will exist.

FLOWERING APPLES (See *Pyrus Malus*).

FLOWERING CHERRIES (See *Prunus*).

FLOWERING PLUMS (See *Prunus*).

FLOWERING PEACHES (See *Prunus*).

FLOWERING QUINCES (See *Cydonia*).

GINKGO Biloba (*Salisburia adiantifolia*)—The Maidenhair Tree .. 3/—
An ornamental Chinese tree of 40 to 50 feet, with deciduous foliage resembling Maidenhair Fern. A slow grower of pyramidal habit, very effective in Autumn, when the foliage turns yellow. Requires a moist, deep soil.

GARDENIA Thunbergia—The Cape Jasmine 2/6
A hardy, evergreen shrub of 6 feet, with glossy foliage and large waxy tubular pure white flowers, most deliciously fragrant. Thrives in any warm situation or against a building facing North.

GARRYA elliptica—The Catkin Shrub 2/6
A conspicuous, evergreen, dense shrub of 6 to 8 feet, producing in mid-Winter graceful, drooping tufts of pale green catkins, which last for some time. Very ornamental.

GENISTA—The Broom (See also *Cytisus* and *Spartium*).
Hardy evergreen shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with rush-like growths covered in Spring and Summer with countless small pea-shaped flowers. They thrive in any soil or situation.

aetensis—"Mt. Etna Broom." A strong growing variety with pendulous branches clustered with bright yellow flowers in November and December. 6 feet 2/6

Andreana (See *Cytisus Andreanus*).

tinctoria—A dwarf shrub of 2 to 3 feet flowering profusely in mid-Summer after the other brooms have finished. Bright golden yellow 2/6

florida—Golden yellow sweetly perfumed flowers of dense bushy growth. 5 feet 2/—

floribunda alba (Syn *Spartium album*)—Upright growths, covered with white flowers in early Spring. 5 feet 2/—

monosperma pendula—Very handsome silvery weeping branches covered with tiny white flowers in Spring. 6 feet 2/6

GOODIA lotifolia—The Salisbury Pea 2/—
A rapid growing native shrub of 4 to 6 feet, with clover-like foliage, and handsome pea-shaped flowers in early Spring.

GORDONIA anomala (Syn. *Axillaris*) 3/6 & 5/—
A handsome hardy, evergreen shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with glossy foliage and attractive single cream camellia-like flowers in Winter. One of the best winter flowering evergreens we have.

GREYIA Sutherlandii 5/—
A hardy shrub from Natal, with thick, naked branches, the attractive palmate foliage clustering at the ends. Flowers produced in large, pendulous spikes are rich scarlet. Requires a warm- well-drained situation. 6 to 8 feet.

We shall be pleased to mail special
quotations for large quantities of trees
and plants.

Gordonia anomala flowers in Mid-Winter.

Grevillea.

The Grevilleas are handsome native trees and shrubs, with attractive flowers opening in early Spring. The dwarf shrubby varieties deserve to be better known, as few shrubs can surpass them for foliage and flower. They thrive in the poorest of soils.

- alpina-dallachiana**—A compact, bushy shrub of 3 feet, with attractive rose and white flowers produced even on the smallest plants .. 2/-
- asplenifolia**—One of the most effective shrubs of 6 feet with handsome dark foliage with silvery reverse; the young tips in Winter and Spring are red. Flowers crimson, produced in profusion .. 2/6
- Hilliana**—"White Silky Oak." A small tree of 20 feet with handsome foliage and white flowers .. 3/-
- Juniperiana**—A shrubby variety of 3 to 4 feet, with spiny foliage and bright pink flowers .. 2/6
- linearis**—A shrub of 5 feet with narrow foliage and handsome pale lilac flowers produced almost throughout the year .. 2/6
- oleoides**—A dwarf shrub of 3 feet with large olive-like foliage and bright crimson flowers clustering on the branches .. 2/6
- robusta**—"The Silky Oak." A tree of 40 to 50 feet, with handsome foliage and bright orange flowers. Stands heat and drought well 2/-

Quantity price, 18/- per dozen.

- rosmarinifolia**—A dense shrub of 4 to 6 feet with rosemary-like foliage and red flowers in Winter and Spring. This variety forms a fine hedge for poor soils .. 2/6
- Thelemanniana**—A dense shrubby variety of 4 to 5 feet with fine foliage and attractive deep red and yellow flowers .. 3/6

HABROTHAMNUS (See Cestrum).

HELIANTHEMUM—Sun or Rock Roses.—

The Rock roses are dwarf, evergreen shrubs of free-flowering properties, and great diversity of colour. They like full sun, and provide masses of bloom from early Spring till late Autumn. Compact and quickly spreading into bushes 12 to 18 inches high, and 2 to 3 feet in diameter. They thrive in any garden soil, and show to advantage on rockeries or raised beds.

- Beauty**—Bright rose .. 2/-
- Fireball**—Brilliant flaming orange .. 2/-
- Rose Queen**—Rose .. 2/-
- Rubens**—Orange .. 2/-
- Sudbury Gem**—Bright crimson .. 2/-
- The Bride**—Pure white .. 2/-
- Venustum**—Bright scarlet .. 2/-

Collection of 6 Varieties for 11/-.

HAKEA.—

The Hakeas are evergreen small trees of 10 to 12 feet, with attractive flowers produced during Winter. They are amongst the hardiest trees we have, thriving in the poorest and driest of soils.

- elliptica**—"The Willow-leaved Hakea." An attractive large shrub of 10 to 12 feet with white flowers .. 2/-
- laurina** (Syn eucalyptoides)—Flowers in formation like a scabiosa, rich crimson with white anthers. Very effective .. 2/-
- saligna**—A shrub of 10 to 12 feet with attractive foliage, the young shoots being rich bronze in colour. Flowers white .. 2/-

Small orders are appreciated
and receive the same at-
tention as large ones.

Grevillea rosmarinifolia makes a fine hedge.

Hibiscus.

Evergreen and deciduous shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with attractive single and double flowers in the Summer. The evergreen section, which includes some of the most beautiful of flowering shrubs, are suitable for warm climates only, but can be grown with success in cold districts if planted against a North fence or wall. They well repay a little extra care, as when once established, they present no difficulty. The Syriacus, or deciduous varieties, are hardy in all climates, and flower in mid-Summer, when flowering shrubs are scarce. (See also Herbaceous Plants for Moscheutos varieties).

Aureole —Golden apricot, suffused pink, rosy carmine eye. Very free flowering	3/-
Conqueror —Buff yellow with crimson base. A very fine variety	3/-
Gloria —Chinese orange suffused and veined madder lake. A magnificent variety	3/-
General Courteges —A splendid rich scarlet. Very large flower	3/-
Island Queen —Rich pink. A good colour and distinct	3/-
Island Empress —Double flowers, rich rosy pink, very fine	3/-
Lambertii —Large double flowers, bright crimson. A fine variety ..	3/-
Madeline Champion —Rich apricot with deep strawberry-red eye, with a rosy white zone at base of petals. Strong grower	3/-
Peachblow —Semi-double flowers of a beautiful salmon pink	3/-
Rosy Morn —Old rose with deeper veination, and shaded with salmon on reverse of petals	3/-
Rosa Sinensis —Single red. The popular variety used in the Northern States as a hedge plant	2/6
Tango Queen —Beautiful coppery yellow. Very effective, strong grower	3/-

Deciduous or Syriacus Section.

Ardens —Double pale violet rose	2/-
alba luteus plenus —Double creamy white, dark centre	2/-
alba plena —Double white, dark centre	2/-
Boule de Feu —Double fiery red	2/-
Coelestis —Single azure blue. This we consider one of the finest flowering shrubs in our collection	2/-
De La Veuve —Single heliotrope, with darker lines	2/-
Leopoldi —Semi-double, deep red carmine	2/-
Monstrosus —Single flesh, dark red centre	2/-
paeonaeiflorus —Double deep vinous rose	2/-
pompom rouge —Double deep crimson	2/-
puniceus plenus —Semi double, dark rose	2/-
rubis fl.pl. —Double rich carmine	2/-
speciosus —Double violet red	2/-
totus albus —Single pure white, very fine	2/-

Collections of Hibiscus.

We supply 6 varieties of Evergreen Hibiscus, our selection, for	15/-
We supply 6 varieties of Deciduous Hibiscus, our selection, for	10/-

Use Rhododendrons and Azaleas for
that shady and difficult space.

Rhododendrons, unlike most other
worldly objects — The longer you
have them the more valuable they
become.

In a sunny, well-drained spot, plant evergreen Hibiscus.

Modern Hydrangeas

These new Hydrangeas have been greatly admired in our Nursery during the past Spring. They are the first of the "Modern Hydrangeas" to be distributed in Australia. The flowers, both in formation and colouring, are quite distinct to any varieties previously seen here, being of uncommon formations with serrated edges; others with double, semi-double, and Primula-like pips.

The Hydrangeas are highly ornamental, low-growing shrubs of 3 to 4 feet, with attractive heads of flowers in Summer. They thrive and flower freely in any soil or situation, provided they are not allowed to dry out during the Summer months.

For best results they should be cut hard back not later than January. They make ideal subjects for growing in large pots or tubs, and as such provide a glorious display during December.

Our Hydrangeas are strong plants with 3 to 4 shoots. We shall be pleased to quote for extra large plants in 8 or 10-inch pots or boxes.

For convenience we have classed them in three colour sections.

Blue Hydrangeas.

No varieties are blue naturally, but these varieties produce blue flowers in soils that are acid in nature or contain iron in some form or another. The blue colour can be obtained with certainty by mixing special blueing powder with the soil, and by watering at frequent intervals with the powder dissolved at the rate of 1 oz. to the gallon of water.

Special Blueing Powder, 1/- per lb., or 5 lbs. for 3/-

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|---|-----|
| Blue Prince —A strong, compact grower, with well formed medium-sized flower heads, very freely produced. Colour a beautiful dark cornflower blue | 3/6 |
| Goliath —A tall grower with strong wood and large flower heads of a peculiar shade of lilac-blue. Very effective and distinct | 3/6 |
| La Marne —A grand variety with enormous trusses and very large individual flowers. Of a beautiful mauve blue. The strongest and most vigorous variety we have even seen | 3/6 |
| Marechal Foch —A fine dwarf free-flowering variety producing good trusses of a lovely shade of rich metallic blue shaded old rose .. | 2/6 |
| Niedersachen —A good strong grower, with stiff wood and large substantial heads of a distinct shade of blue-mauve, very effective and free flowering | 3/6 |
| Radiant —A vigorous free-flowering variety producing quantities of medium-sized heads of a rich glowing blue | 2/6 |
| W. Pfitzer —A fine compact variety smothered with large well-formed trusses of a deep violet blue colour. The freest flowering of all blue varieties | 3/6 |

Pink, Rose and Red Varieties.

These varieties produce flowers of their natural colours in ordinary garden soils which contain lime. If planted in acid or iron soils they are liable to flower blue or partly so.

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|--|-----|
| Cendrillon —A dwarf compact variety, covered with bold trusses of bright carmine rose flowers | 3/6 |
| Domotoi —A wonderful variety, producing enormous heads of full double gardenia-like flowers, but if treated a beautiful shade of blue. A very lasting variety that has been very popular in Europe and America | 3/6 |
| Elmar —A very fine variety of dwarf, bushy habit. Colour quite a distinct shade of carmine red, very large truss. Flowers finely fimbriated | 2/6 |

The Modern Hydrangeas are distinct and beautiful.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

F. Mathes —A good strong grower, with compact large and well formed flowerheads of a fine salmon rose. Distinct	3/6
Krimhild —Colour bright salmon rose, very free flowering. Compact grower, enormous heads of large flowers	2/6
Lancelot —Very free flowering; colour a beautiful shade of clear, rosy pink. Edge of petals beautifully fimbriated, enormous flowers. If blued this variety flowers a distinct shade of blue	2/6
Parsival —This variety is most remarkable for the shape of the flower, which is much like a Primula. The truss is large and solid, and carried on a stout stem. The foliage is dark green, flowers deep red, very free flowering	2/6
Peer Gynt —A very strong variety with heavy wood and fine, broad foliage. The flowers and flower heads are very large and substantial. Colour a beautiful deep rosy red. Very late flowering.	5/-
Professor de Bois —A distinct variety with very large trusses and individual flowers. Colour a lovely shade of salmon pink	3/6
Rhinegold —A fine strong grower, good bushy habit. Pale apple blossom pink, large bold trusses. Free flowering	2/6
Rubis —This is a very remarkable variety, having more real red in its color than any other variety; it has a good truss of very fine form	2/6
Satinette —Bright satiny carmine-red. Flowers large. A vigorous, free-flowering variety	2/6
Splendour —A wonderfully free-flowering variety with good sized trusses of a pretty shade of salmon pink, very much resembling the beautiful Begonia Gloire de Lorraine	3/6
Terre de Feu —A distinct variety producing spherical trusses of flowers of purest carmine, very effective	3/6
Triumph —A grand variety of good, robust habit producing large trusses of good-sized flowers of a deep rich rose pink colour	3/6

White Varieties.

These always flower white, and are not affected by any action of the soil in which they are growing.

Germaine Mouillere —A glorious pure white variety of wonderful habit with remarkably glossy foliage and enormous trusses of great substance, each flower being beautifully fimbriated	3/6
Neige Orleanise (White Orleans) —The most wonderful white variety ever raised. It has a superb habit, with brilliant green foliage; the trusses are immense, the individual flowers are very large, and of a wonderful substance, keeping pure white, and in good condition for a long period	2/6

Collections of Hydrangeas.

We supply 12 Modern Hydrangeas of our selection for £1/10/-.
Or 6 Modern Hydrangeas of our selection for 17/6.

JUNIPERUS—The Juniper.—

The Juniperus are ornamental, shrubby conifers, with scale-like, needle foliage. They thrive in moderately moist soils in open situations.

Cedrus —A handsome small tree of 12 feet, from The Canary Islands, with pendulous branches. Very attractive for a specimen	2/6 & 5/-
chinensis aurea —A dense slender form, with bright golden foliage. 6 feet	3/6
communis hibernica (Irish Juniper) —Of slender columnar habit, invaluable for formal gardens. Silvery foliage. 6 feet	3/-
Sabina tamariscifolia —A dwarf spreading species with glaucous foliage. Very ornamental, suited for rock work and raised mounds. 3 feet	2/6

Hydrangea Rubis has real red flowers.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

HYPERICUM—St. John's Wort.—

The Hypericums are very hardy, ornamental, shrubby plants of 1 to 3 feet, with yellow flowers produced almost throughout the year. These varieties do not spread as does the weed which bears this name.

- calycinum**—A dwarf spreading variety growing 12 inches high, and producing large yellow flowers. A fine subject for planting under trees 2/-
- Moserianum**—A beautiful hybrid, firm, waxy golden flowers, with crimson stamens. 3 feet 2/-
- Moserianum tricolour**—Very striking, foliage variegated crimson, pink and cream. Flowers yellow 2/6
- patulum Henryii**—A bushy variety of 3 feet with attractive foliage and large handsome golden yellow flowers 2 inches across, followed by masses of attractive blue-black berries 2/6

- ILEX Aquifolium**—The English Holly 2/-
- A well-known evergreen spiny shrub producing attractive berries in Winter. Requires a cool, moist soil for best results.

- JACARANDA ovalifolia** (Syn. *mimosaefolia*) 2/6
- A semi-deciduous small tree, of 15 to 20 feet, with attractive Mimosa-like foliage. Covered in Summer with large bunches of Bignonia-like flowers. Requires to be protected from the frost the first Winter.
- Quantity price, 24/- per doz.

JASMINUM (See Climbing Plants).

JUDAS Tree (See Cercis).

- KALMIA latifolia**—The American Mountain Laurel.—Strong plants 7/6 & 12/6
- Where it thrives the Kalmia is one of the most attractive of all evergreens, with its glossy laurel-like foliage and dense masses of shell-like pink flowers in early Spring. It requires a cool, moist soil, such as is most suitable to Rhododendrons. 3 to 4 feet.

KERRIA (Syn. Corchorus).—

- Hardy, deciduous shrubs of 2 to 3 feet, with bright yellow flowers produced in late Winter and early Spring.
- japonica**—Single yellow flowers 2/-
- japonica flore pleno**—Double yellow flowers 2/-

- KOELREUTERIA paniculata** 2/6
- A graceful, deciduous tree of 12 to 15 feet, with ornamental pinnately divided foliage which turns bright yellow in Autumn. Flowers yellow, in large panicles, produced in Summer.

LABURNUM.—Golden Chain.—

- The Laburnums are handsome deciduous, large-growing shrubs, with green trifoliate leaves and drooping racemes of bright yellow flowers in early Spring. They thrive in any deep soil.
- Adami**—An interesting hybrid bearing yellow flowers suffused with purple. 6 feet 3/6

Vossi—Immense trusses of rich soft yellow flowers 18 inches long. The finest of all laburnums. 10 to 12 ft. 3/6

- vulgare** (Syn. *Cystisus laburnum*)—The well known variety with rich yellow flowers. 10 to 15 feet 2/- & 2/6
- vulgare aureum**—An attractive variety with yellow flowers and rich golden foliage, 6 to 10 feet 3/6

- LARIX europaea**—The Larch 2/6
- A deciduous conifer that succeeds only in cool, moist climates. A tree of 60 to 70 feet.

LAGERSTROEMIA—The Crape Myrtle.—

- The Crape Myrtles are deciduous shrubs of 8 to 10 feet, with most attractive crape-like flowers in Summer and Autumn, produced in large terminal racemes. The foliage colours in late Autumn before falling. They thrive in any open situation, and flower best if cut hard back every Winter.
- Eavesii**—Clear mauve, very large flowers. 5 feet 3/6

Laburnum Vossi has racemes of flowers 18 to 24 inches long.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

indica —Bright rose pink. 10 feet	3/6
indica alba —Pure white. 8 feet	3/6

LANTANA.—

The Lantanas are dwarf shrubs of 2 to 4 feet, producing quantities of brightly coloured flowers almost throughout the year. Very effective when massed in beds or borders. They thrive in any hot, dry situation where most other shrubs would fail. For best results cut hard back after frosts are over.

Chelsea Gem —Crimson and orange. 2 to 3 feet, 15/- per doz. ..	1/6
Drap d'Or —Rich golden yellow. 3 feet	1/6
Diadem —Delicate pink and cream. 3 feet	2/-
Goliath —Orange and red, tall growing. 4 feet	1/6
Minnie Basil —Lilac and white...4 feet	2/-
Magenta Queen —Rich magenta and orange. 4 feet	2/-
Sellowiana —Light purple, dwarf trailing variety. 1 foot	1/6
Snowflake —Creamy white, dwarf and compact. 18 inches .. .	1/6

LASIANDRA (Tibouchina).—

The lasiandras are evergreen shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with attractive foliage and showy purple flowers opening during Summer and Autumn. They thrive in most open sunny positions.

Edwardsii —A hybrid between <i>macrantha</i> and <i>grandiflora</i> , intermediate in habit and flowering. 5 feet	2/-
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Edwardsii-robusta—A dwarf variety of great beauty, producing flowers as large as *grandiflora* and as freely as *macrantha*. Hardier and more vigorous than *grandiflora*, and flowering freely through the Winter months. 3 to 4 feet 2/6

grandiflora —A dwarf growing variety with huge deep violet-purple flowers. Requires slight shelter to do well. 4 feet ..	2/6
macrantha —Deep violet, very free flowering and hardy. 5 to 6 feet	2/-

LAUROCERASUS—The Laurel.—

The Laurels are hardy evergreen shrubs of 10 to 12 feet, with broad, dark green foliage. Very suitable for cold climates, where they make fine hedges.

lusitanica —"The Portugal Laurel"	18/- per doz. 2/-
officinalis —"The Common Laurel"	18/- per doz., 2/-

LAURUS nobilis—The Sweet Bay 2/-

A hardy evergreen small tree, with stiff, dark-green leaves, much used in Europe for trimming into various shapes and forms. The aromatic foliage is used for flavouring.

LAVANDULA—The Lavender.—

The Lavenders are dwarf, bushy shrubs of 2 to 3 feet, producing during Summer dense masses of upright spikes of lilac-coloured, sweetly perfumed flowers. They thrive in any open, well-drained situation.

dentata —A large growing variety, flowering continuously. 3 feet	1/6
Munstead dwarf —A dwarf compact variety bearing large spikes of bloom of a deeper shade than the common variety, and several weeks earlier. 1 foot	1/6
Spica —A dwarf variety with attractive flowers	1/6
Staechas —The French Lavender. 2 feet	1/6
vera —"The True Lavender." (See also <i>Bordering and Edging Plants</i>)	1/6

LEONOTIS leonurus—The Lion's Ear 2/-

A rapid growing evergreen shrub of 4 to 5 feet, producing almost throughout the year dense spikes of bright orange scarlet flowers. Very hardy, thriving in any soil or situation.

The Crimson Ti-tree makes an ornamental flowering hedge.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

LEPTOSPERMUM—Native Ti-tree.—

The *Leptospermums* are amongst the hardiest of evergreen shrubs thriving in the driest and most arid of situations. In spring they are covered with their attractive myrtle-like flowers, which last several weeks. Several of the varieties make fine dwarf hedges, which thrive in the sandy soils quite close to the sea coast.

laevigatum—The Coast Ti-tree. Grey foliage and white flowers.

One of the most satisfactory plants for coastal planting 2/-

lanigerum grandiflorum—A large white flowered variety from the Grampians. Very effective with silvery green foliage. 6 to 8 feet 2/-

scoparium alba flore pleno—A rare variety from New Zealand, with large full double white flowers. 4 feet 3/6

scoparium Chapmanii—Bronzy foliage and deep reddish pink flowers. Growth upright. 4 feet 2/-

scoparium Nicholii—The Crimson Ti-tree. Deep bronzy foliage covered in Spring with rich crimson flowers, very effective. 4 feet 2/-

LESPEDEZA bicolour 2/6

A hardy, deciduous shrub of 4 feet, with pendulous branches, which are covered in Autumn with small lilac and white pea-shaped flowers.

LEUCADENDRON argenteum—The South African Silver Leaf 3/6

One of the most handsome of all evergreen trees, with beautiful glossy silvery foliage, which is most effective at all seasons. Thrives only in cool, deep soils, that are not likely to dry out in Summer. 15 feet or more in suitable situations.

LONICERA—The Shrubby Honeysuckles.—

The shrubby Honeysuckles are rapid growing, bushy plants of 3 to 4 feet, with attractive foliage and fragrant flowers in Spring. They thrive in any soil or situation.

nitida—Small box-like foliage, borne on dense twiggy growths.

Creamy fragrant flowers in Summer. One of the finest and most distinct evergreen shrubs of recent introduction. This plant will make an ideal hedge, 3 to 4 feet 2/-

Quantity price, 18/- dozen.

syringantha—An upright slender shrub with dull bluish-green foliage. Flowers produced in early Spring are pale rosy lilac and deliciously fragrant. A graceful semi-deciduous shrub producing its fragrant flowers profusely 2/6

tartarica—A deciduous shrub of 6 feet, producing quantities of pale creamy and pink flowers in Spring 2/-

LIGUSTRUM—The Privet.—

The Privets are hardy, evergreen shrubs of dense, compact habit, grown for their handsome foliage. All varieties have small white flowers followed by black berries. They thrive in all soils or situations.

See also Hedge Plants, Page 00.

Iboto—A shrubby variety of 10 feet, with spreading branches and attractive white flowers. In Winter the foliage assumes a deep purplish hue 2/-

lucidum aureo-marginatum—A very handsome variety of 6 to 8 feet, with broadly golden margined foliage. One of the finest and most rapid growing of all variegated shrubs 2/6

ovalifolium variegatum—The Californian Privet. We have strong plants of this handsome variegated privet established in pots suitable for planting as specimen shrubs. They can be cut or trimmed into any desired shape 1/6 & 2/6

See also Hedge Plants.

sinense argenteum variegatum—A small-leaved variety with silver and pale green foliage, very ornamental. 6 to 8 feet 2/-

Lonicera Nitida makes a dense compact hedge.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

LEYCESTERIA formosa 2/-

A strong-growing, evergreen shrub of 6 feet, producing in Spring purplish flowers in drooping, leafy racemes, followed by dark red berries. Very hardy.

LHOTZKYA genetylloides—Grampians Snow Myrtle 2/6

A dwarf erica-like shrub of 3 feet, with attractive pink buds opening to star-shaped white flowers, in early spring. Requires a moist soil free from manures.

LILAC (See Syringa).

LIRIODENDRON Tulipifera—The Tulip Tree 2/6 & 3/6

A handsome deciduous tree 30 or 40 feet, with large lobed foliage, which turns bright yellow before falling in Autumn. The flowers, which are not produced until the tree is well established, are large formed like a tulip, and of a greenish-yellow colour marked with orange at the base. Thrives in deep rich, and somewhat moist soil.

LIQUIDAMBAR Styraciflua—The Sweet Gum 2/6

A hardy deciduous pyramidal tree of very symmetrical habit, with maple-like leaves, which assume a deep crimson colour in Autumn. The corky branches are most conspicuous in Winter. One of the most gorgeous of all Autumn colouring trees.

LIPPIA (See Aloysia).

LUCULIA gratissima 3/6 & 5/-

A tender evergreen shrub from the Himalaya Mountains, bearing in Winter terminal corymbs of rose-pink, sweetly fragrant flowers. A gorgeous shrub that requires a cool protected Easterly situation and shelter from severe frosts in Winter.

MACADAMIA ternifolia—The Queensland Nut 2/6

A hardy evergreen small tree of 10 to 15 feet, with large serrated foliage. This tree bears edible, richly-flavoured nuts. Requires a hot climate free from frosts.

Our Best Advertisement.

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

Forest Hill.

"I am very pleased indeed with all the plants I have had from you in the past. The Delphiniums have been very much admired and are at present a picture. They are very fine blooms. All the plants have arrived in good condition and have gone ahead right away."

Frankston.

"Roses and Shrubs sent down last year have all done well."

Manakaii, N.Z.

"Plants arrived in splendid condition after being on the way 18 days."

Beaconsfield.

"All the trees arrived in splendid condition, thanks to the excellent way in which they were packed."

Oxley, via Wangaratta.

"The plants arrived in excellent condition and I thank you for the same."

Peradeniya, Ceylon.

"Package of Apple plants received in very good condition."

Liquidambar Styraciflua colours beautifully in Autumn.

Magnolia.

The Magnolias are amongst the most beautiful of hardy-flowering shrubs. The deciduous varieties bloom early in Spring, before the foliage appears, their large Tulip-like flowers are much admired. The evergreen varieties, *Fuscata* and *Grandiflora*, both flower in Spring and Summer, and are very sweetly scented. They thrive in cool, moist soils, and give distinction to any garden.

- Campbellii**—A magnificent species from Sikkim, with large blooms 9 inches across, of a rich rosy pink, shaded with crimson on the outside. 15 feet 10/6
- conspicua** (*Yulan*)—Pure white flowers, opening in Spring. The true variety which has become very rare 7/6
- fuscata**—The Port Wine Magnolia. An evergreen compact shrub of 5 to 6 feet, with strongly perfumed copper coloured flowers 2/6 & 3/6
- grandiflora**—An evergreen of 15 to 20 feet, with large Laurel-like foliage and immense waxy white flowers, strongly lemon scented 2/6 & 3/6
- Kobus**—Tall growing deciduous variety, covered in early Spring with small flowers, white reverse of petals pale pink. Flowers similar to *Stellata*, except that the petals do not reflex. This variety will be found far easier to establish than *Stellata*. 15 feet 3/6
- obovata purpurea**—A shrub of 6 feet, bearing rich purple flowers with white inside 5/-
- Soulangeana**—Large pinkish white flowers, stained purple outside. A free-flowering deciduous variety of 12 to 15 feet 5/-

Soulangeana-Nigra—Similar to <i>Soulangeana</i>, but with dark rich wine purple flowers. A very handsome variety which is exceedingly rare 7/6
--

MALUS (See *Pyrus Malus*).

MELALEUCA—Native Tea Tree Shrub.—

The melaleucas are very hardy evergreen trees, and shrubs, very suitable for planting in poor, sandy soils or on the sea coast. The flowers produced in Spring are similar to those of the *Callistemon*.

- ericifolia**—"The Swamp Tea-tree." An evergreen small tree of 15 to 20 feet, with white flowers. Very useful for planting in low swampy ground 2/-
- armillaris**—"The Bracelet Tea Tree." A dense shrub of 6 to 10 feet, with slender drooping branches and white flowers 2/-
- hypericifolia**—A fine bushy shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with pleasing foliage and rich crimson flowers 2/-
- Laterita**—"Robin Red-Breast Bush." A graceful shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with rich vermilion flowers in cylindric spikes, 2 to 3 inches long. Very effective 2/-
- stypelioides**—"The Paper Bark Tea Tree." A tall tree with thick spongy bark. Flowers white. A fine shelter tree for planting in poor arid soils 18/- per doz., 2/-
- squamea**—An upright shrub of 5 to 6 feet, with bright lilac flowers in Spring 2/-

MELIA Azedarach—The White Cedar 2/6

A hardy deciduous tree of 20 to 30 feet, with large ash-like foliage. The attractive lilac-coloured flowers in Spring are followed by yellow berries, which remain on the plant for some time. A fine shade tree that does well, even in hot, dry districts.

MENZIESIA (See *Daboecia*).

METROSIDEROS tomentosa—The New Zealand Fire Bush or Xmas Tree 2/-

An attractive flowering shrub with handsome glossy evergreen foliage and rich cylindrical spikes of bright red flowers. Thrives in any soil or situation, particularly near the sea. 12 to 15 feet.

MICROMYRTUS microphylla (*Syn. Beckia plicata*)—The Grampians Rock Myrtle 2/6

A dwarf, erica-like shrub of 2 feet, covered in Spring with a mass of tiny flowers opening palest pink, deepening to rich crimson as they age.

The Melaleucas thrive in dry sandy soils.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

MITRARIA coccinea 2/-
A small scandent evergreen shrub from Chili, producing large bright scarlet pendent flowers in Summer and Autumn.

MYRTUS—The Myrtle.—

The Myrtles are dwarf shrubs grown for their attractive foliage and berries. They require a cool, moist soil, best in the mountain districts.

communis—The European Myrtle. Flowers white, berries black.
4 to 6 feet 2/-

communis variegata—Foliage silver and green, very dwarf and compact. 2 to 3 feet 2/-

Ralphii purpurea—A dwarf variety from New Zealand, with attractive bronze foliage. 4 feet 3/6

MYRICA cerifera—The Wax Myrtle 2/6

A deciduous, aromatic shrub of 10 feet, with attractive, deep green foliage, which turns rich purple in Autumn, inconspicuous flowers followed by ornamental berries. Thrives in a cool, moist soil.

NERIUM—The Oleander.—

The Oleanders are very hardy evergreen shrubs of 6 to 8 feet. In Summer they are covered with double and single flowers in large trusses which stand well above the foliage. They thrive in any soil or situation and are amongst the most useful of all large growing shrubs.

Dr. Golfin—Deep rosy red, single 2/-

luteum plenum—Semi-double, creamy yellow 2/-

Madonna grandiflora—Semi-double, pure white 2/-

Monsieur Belaguer—Single clear pink 2/-

Mrs. F. Roeding—Semi-double, clear salmon. Quite distinct . . . 2/6

punctatum—Single pink 2/-

splendens grandiflorum—Double, deep rose pink 2/-

splendens variegatum—Foliage striped green and gold; flowers pink 3/-

Souvenir de C. Allut—Single dark crimson, very free flowering . . 2/-

OCHNA Multiflora 2/6

A small evergreen shrub of 3 feet, with attractive foliage and bright yellow flowers followed by black berries, which are most attractive against the red calyx which persists after the flowers fall.

OLEARIA Fosteri—The Tree Aster 2/-

A hardy evergreen shrub of 6 feet, with pale green leaves, silvery underneath. Flowers are white and fragrant. A fine shrub for seaside planting.

PAEONIA lutea 5/-

A shrubby growing species of 2 feet, with attractive single golden yellow flowers with masses of yellow anthers. Free flowering and sweetly perfumed.

PAEONIA arborea (Moutan)—The Tree Paeony.—

The Tree Paeonies are deciduous shrubby plants of 2 to 4 feet, with attractive foliage and producing in earliest Spring enormous flowers of a satiny brilliancy unsurpassed by any other hardy plant. They require a cool moist situation with just enough shade to break the fierce rays of our Summer sun, and good deep rich soil.

We have a collection of 30 varieties, embracing all shades of red, crimson, white, lilac, pink, salmon, etc., both double and semi-double. Prices, 5/- each; £2/15/- per dozen.

PAULOWNIA.—

Strong growing deciduous trees of 15 to 20 feet, with large green foliage. Covered in Spring with large gloxinia-like flowers. They make fine specimens for lawns, thriving in good deep soil.

Fortunei—Cream heavily spotted with deep chocolate-purple. Deliciously perfumed 5/-

tomentosa (Syn. imperialis)—Pale blue 3/6

PAVONIA coccinea 2/-

A hardy evergreen shrub of 8 feet, with large foliage and attractive upright abutilon-like flowers, produced throughout the year.

Paeonia Lutea is very hardy and sweetly perfumed.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PEROWSKIA atriplicifolia—The Afghanistan Sage 2/6

An uncommon small shrub, with white tomentose branches, fragrant grey foliage and clear blue salvia-like flowers through Summer and Autumn. Should be planted in a hot sunny position.

PHILADELPHUS—The Mock Orange.—

Bushy shrubs of 3 to 6 feet, covered in Spring with fragrant white strongly perfumed flowers. All deciduous except Mexicanus, which is evergreen. They are perfectly hardy and grow freely in almost any soil or situation.

Boule D'Argent—A dwarf, free-flowering variety, with double flowers. 3 feet 2/-

coronarius—The Common Mock Orange. Flowers yellowish-white; heavily scented. 6 feet 2/-

Lemoinei Albatre—Dwarf compact variety, with semi-double flowers. Very effective. 4 feet 2/-

mexicanus—Creamy white, large, strongly-perfumed flowers, evergreen. 3 feet 2/-

Norma—Large single-flowered variety, very sweetly perfumed. 4 feet 2/6

Rosace—Large creamy-white semi-double flowers, delightfully scented. 4 feet 2/6

Virginal—A beautiful variety with enormous pure white semi-double, sweetly-scented flowers, produced in large panicles. 5 feet 2/6

PHOTINIA serrulata—The Chinese Hawthorn 18/- per doz., 2/-

A hardy evergreen large growing shrub of 12 to 15 feet, with handsome dark green serrated foliage. The young leaves in Spring are rich crimson. Flowers white, in panicles, similar to the Lauristinus, followed by yellow berries. Makes a fine hedge or breakwind, thriving in dry districts.

PHYTOLACCA dioica 18/- per doz., 2/-

A very fast growing deciduous tree of 20 to 30 feet, with large foliage and inconspicuous greenish white flowers, followed by red berries. Very suitable for shade in hot dry districts, where it thrives.

PITTOSPORUM.—

The Pittosporums are hardy evergreen shrubs of 8 to 12 feet, very suitable for hedges and breakwinds. The variegated varieties are very handsome and make fine specimen shrubs. They thrive in almost any well-drained soil or situation. See also Hedge Plants, page 00.

crassifolium—Foliage greyish green, flowers brown purple. A very hardy variety for dry situations. 10 feet . . 12/- per doz., 1/6

eugenoides—Known as the yellow "pittosporum." A fine variety from New Zealand, with pale green foliage. 10 feet 12/- per doz., 1/6

eugenoides variegatum—Foliage pale green, deeply bordered with silvery white. Very effective. 8 feet 2/6

nigrescens—The small-leaved variety, with black flowers and stems. Very hardy. 12 feet 12/- per doz., 1/6

undulatum—Large dark green laurel-like foliage. Flowers creamy and sweetly perfumed 12/- per doz., 1/6

undulatum argenteum variegatum—Foliage green striped and splashed with creamy white. 8 feet 2/6

PLATANUS orientalis—The Oriental Plane Tree 3/-

A large growing deciduous tree of 30 to 40 feet, with broad foliage. Flowers greenish yellow in Spring, succeeded by brown prickly fruits, which remain through Winter. Suitable for avenue and street planting. Plant during Winter months only.

Quantity price, 30/- per dozen.

PLUMBAGO—The Lead Wort.—

One of the hardiest of dwarf shrubs, growing 4 to 5 feet, and flowering throughout the Summer. Makes a fine hedge, standing heat and drought well. Thrives in any soil or situation.

Capensis—Pale blue 18/- per doz., 2/-

Capensis alba—Pure white 18/- per doz., 2/-

Philadelphus Virginal has enormous flowers.

Pyracantha — The Evergreen Hawthorn.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, generally listed with crataegus, which are deciduous. They are of vigorous bushy growth, forming dense shrubs of from 6 to 8 feet, covered in Summer with masses of white flowers, followed by clusters of small berries which in Autumn assume brilliant colours and remain through Winter. They thrive in any soil or situation.

angustifolia—A striking variety, with long narrow leaves which are silvery underneath, and bearing a striking resemblance to some of the Cotoneasters. Covered in Autumn with masses of orange-scarlet berries which retain their full beauty until Spring. 6 to 8 feet .. 2/-

Coccinea (Syn. *Crataegus pyracantha*)—A tall growing variety of 8 feet, with orange-yellow berries 2/-
crenulata (Syn. *Crataegus crenulata*)—White flowers, followed by small scarlet berries which completely cover the plant. Very effective. Makes a fine hedge. 6 feet 2/-
crenulata robusta—A vigorous variety of *crenulata*, with larger foliage and fruit, the latter being of a rich orange scarlet colour .. . 2/6

Rogersiana flava—A bushy variety with dentated foliage, covered in Autumn with beautiful golden yellow berries. Very effective 3/6

PSIDIUM cattleianum—The Guava 2/-
 A neat evergreen compact shrub of 6 feet, with laurel-like foliage and small creamy flowers followed by edible fruit, which are rich wine purple when ripe.

PODALYRIA.—

Hardy evergreen shrubs from South Africa, with silvery foliage and distinct pea-shaped flowers in Spring. They thrive in most situations, and are amongst the most handsome of all shrubs. Growing 4 to 6 feet.

calypttrata grandiflora—Large mauve pink flowers, very attractive. 6 feet 2/6
sericea—Pale pink; foliage very silvery. 4 feet 2/-

POINCIANA Gilliesii—The Bird of Paradise Flower 2/6
 A hardy deciduous shrub of 4 to 6 feet, with attractive Acacia-like foliage and panicles of peculiar flowers in Summer and Autumn, yellow, with long red stamens. Requires a warm situation to do well.

POLYGALA—The Milk Worts.—

Hardy evergreen shrubs of 5 to 6 feet, with pale green foliage and distinct pea-shaped flowers, opening in Winter. Myrtifolia makes a good hedge for planting in sandy soils or near the coast.

myrtifolia—Purple 18/- per doz., 2/-
grandiflora—Deep rich purple. Flowers very attractive .. 2/6 & 3/6

POPULUS—The Poplar.—

The Poplars are well known deciduous trees of rapid growth, attaining 40 to 50 feet. They are very fine subjects for avenue and shelter planting, thriving in damp situations. Plant during Winter months only.

alba—The Silver or Abele Poplar. Handsome Silvery foliage .. 2/6
alba Bolleana—The upright or Silver-leaved Lombardy Poplar .. 2/6
Canadensis aurea—The Golden Poplar. A brilliant tree where garden colour is required from Spring to Autumn. 20 feet .. . 2/6
monilifera—The Spreading Poplar 2/6
pyramidalis (Syn. *dilatata*)—The Lombardy or Upright Poplar .. 2/6
 Quantity price for all Poplars, 24/- per dozen.

Pyracantha Angustifolia bears dense masses of berries.

Pyrus-Malus.

Flowering Apples and Crabs.

Hardy deciduous shrubs and small trees, with attractive flowers in early Spring, followed by small sour apples or crabs, which are most attractive in Autumn. Plant during Winter months or some sorts are available in pots for Summer planting.

Aldenhamensis—A new variety, with rich bronzy foliage and semi-double wine-crimson flowers, followed by large purplish fruits. Flowering later and of more upright growth than floribunda purpurea. 12 feet .. 3/6

angustifolia flore pleno—One of the prettiest Apples. Flowers very large, nearly 2 inches across, double, pale rose pink. Flowering very late in Spring, with a delicious violet perfume. 8 feet .. 3/6

Eleyii—Foliage bright reddish purple. Flowers rich vinous red, borne in clusters, followed by fruit similar to Morella Cherries in size and colour. A new hybrid variety of great merit .. 5/-

Eliza Rathe—The Weeping Apple. Of distinct pendulous habit, with large foliage and single pink flowers. Very attractive for a specimen. Plants are budded on stems 6 to 8 feet high .. 7/6 & 10/6

floribunda—"The Japanese Flowering Crab." A dwarf branching shrub of 6 to 8 feet, covered with clusters of pendulous flowers, rosy red in the bud stage, opening pale pink and followed by attractive small yellow fruit. The true variety .. 3/6

floribunda atrosanguinea—A richly coloured variety of the Japanese flowering Crab. Buds scarlet, opening brilliant carmine red. Of spreading almost drooping habit .. 5/-

floribunda purpurea—One of the most distinct of the flowering Crabs, on account of its bronzed foliage and purplish rose flowers. The fruit in Autumn is rich crimson and very attractive. A small growing tree of horizontal branching habit. 15 feet .. 2/6

Niedzwetzkyana—A tall upright grower, with large bronzy green foliage. Flowers and fruit crimson purple. A very handsome and distinct tree of 15 to 20 feet .. 5/-

Parkmanii flore pleno (Syn. Halliana)—A dwarf branching variety with crimson buds opening to semi-double flowers of a rich carmine colour. The young foliage is reddish-brown and most attractive. 6 feet .. 5/-

Sargentii—A dwarf bushy variety covered in early Spring with masses of snow white flowers with yellow anthers. This variety is so floriferous that when in flower it resembles, from a distance, a snow-covered bush. Very sweetly perfumed. Fruit red. Large plants only .. 7/6

spectabilis—"The Chinese Crab." Of upright vigorous growth, with large semi-double rose coloured flowers in dense masses. Scarlet fruits in Autumn. 15 feet .. 2/6

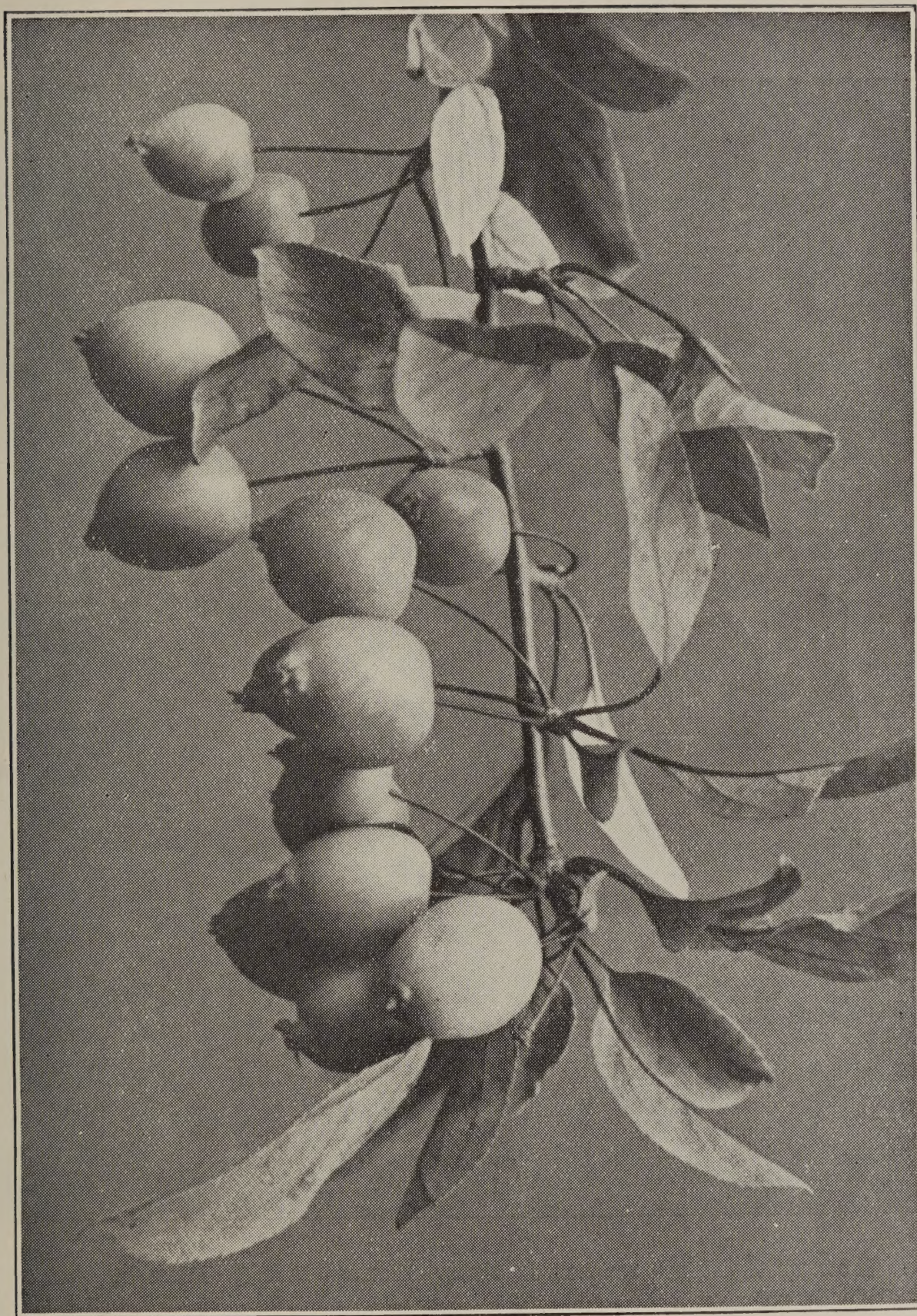
spectabilis alba—A dwarf variety with white flowers tinted pink in the bud stage. Very effective, opening later than spectabilis with its attractive flowers close to the stems. 8 feet .. 2/6

Collection of Malus.

Our selection of 6 choice varieties for 15/-

Pyrus-Malus-Angustifolia has a delicious violet perfume.

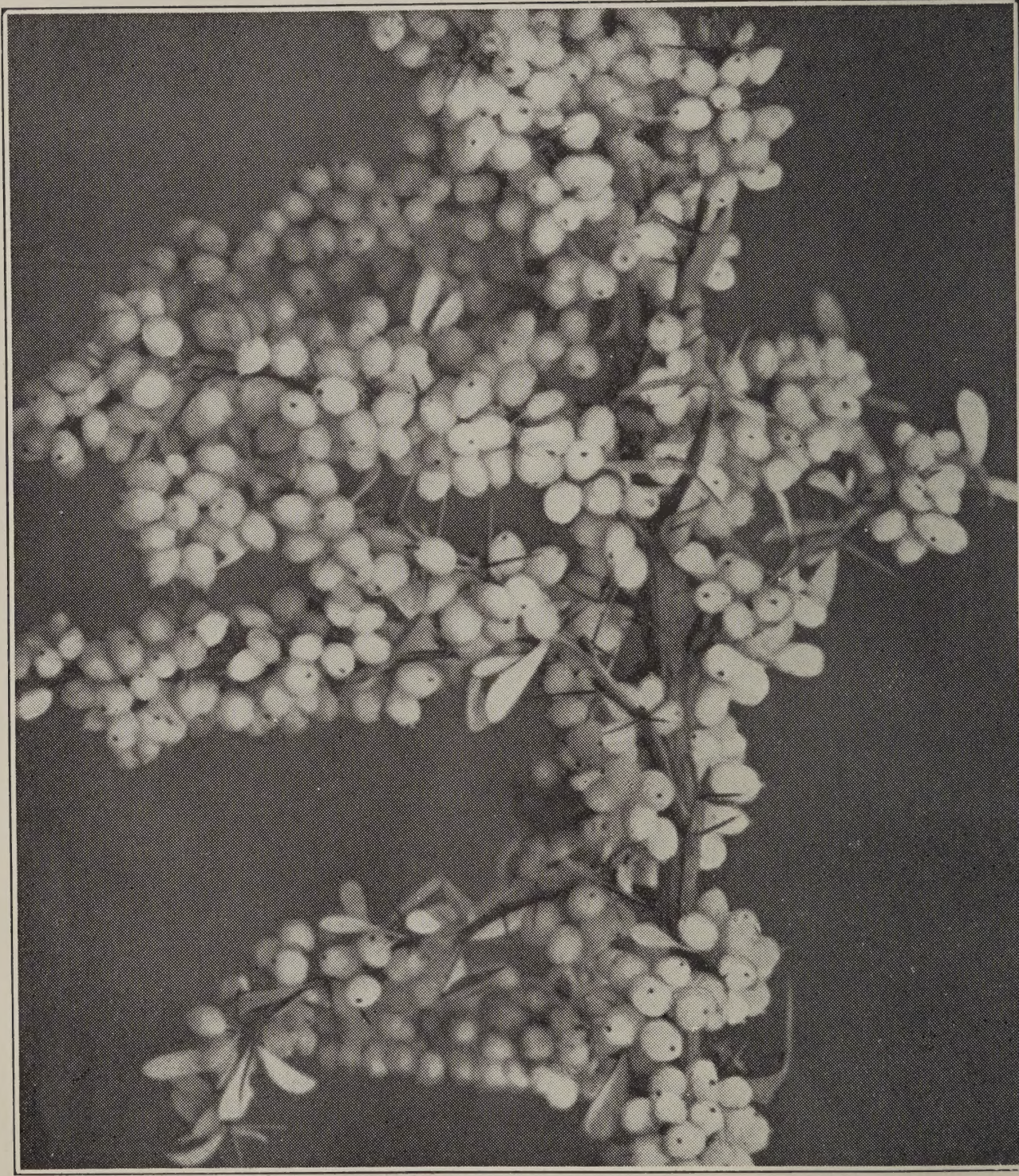
Pyrus - Malus, Eleyii.



Showing the large attractive purplish fruits or crabs produced by this new Flowering Apple.

Strong plants, 5/- each.

Berberis, Wilsonae.



Showing the dense masses of richly-coloured berries borne by this attractive dwarf shrub.

Plants in pots, 2/- each.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PINUS—The Pine.—

Large growing ornamental trees 40 to 60 feet, suitable for avenue or shelter planting.

- halepensis**—Aleppo Pine. A hardy tree, thriving in the poorest of soils, very fine for coast planting. 30 to 40 feet 2/-
- insignis** (Syn. *radiata*)—Monterey Pine. A rapid growing tree very useful for shelter, thriving in any soil or locality. 50 feet 12/- per doz., 1/6
- Laricio**—The Corsican Pine. A valuable timber tree, forming a handsome and stately specimen of 40 to 50 feet 2/-
- pinaster** (Syn. *Maritima*)—A useful Pine of 50 feet, very suitable for sea coast planting 2/-

PROSTANTHERA—The Native Mint Bush.—

The Mint Bushes are hardy, quick-growing, compact evergreen shrubs of 3 to 6 feet, covered in early Spring with masses of attractive flowers. They thrive in any soil or situation.

- melissifolia**—Violet, tall growing, with large foliage. 6 feet . . . 2/-
- nivea**—The Snowy Mint Bush. Flowers white. 6 feet 2/-
- rotundifolia**—Violet, very free flowering. 4 feet 2/-
- Sieberi**—Light violet, very dwarf and bushy. 3 feet 2/-
- ovalifolia**—A very handsome variety, covered in Spring with rich purple flowers 2/6

QUERCUS—The Oak.—

The Oaks are ornamental trees with tall massive trunks and stout spreading limbs, grown chiefly in gardens for their handsome foliage and interesting habit.

- Cerris**—The Turkey Oak. A handsome tree of pyramidal habit, with dark green foliage 3/6
- coccinea splendens**—One of the finest Oaks, with large rich green foliage, turning in Autumn to dark blood red 5/-
- Lusitanica**—A handsome large-leaved evergreen Oak of fairly rapid growth 3/6
- palustris**—The Pin Oak. A large growing tree with short spreading branches, forming a symmetrical head. Foliage deep green turning to bright red in Autumn 3/6 & 5/-
- Robur**—The English Oak. A large growing tree with stout spreading branches 3/6
- Robur concordia**—The Golden Oak. Very handsome bright golden foliage. A small growing variety of great beauty 10/6
- rubra**—A beautiful Oak, growing into a large majestic tree, the foliage turning red in Autumn 3/6

SATISFACTION.

What our business has been built on

East Geelong.

"Shall be pleased to recommend you, especially for strong plants and packing of same."

Perth, W.A.

"The last order to hand and everything in splendid condition, many thanks for the extra Roses."

East Malvern.

"I am very pleased with the Roses and Fruit Trees I purchased from you some time ago. I will certainly recommend you to any of my friends."

Plant the Flowering Crabs freely for Spring blossom.

Prunus.

Under this heading we describe the best varieties of a varied genus of very beautiful ornamental flowering trees and shrubs, commonly known as Flowering Almonds, Flowering Cherries, Flowering Peaches and Flowering Plums.

They are all hardy, and thrive in open situations, where the wood can become thoroughly ripened. All are supplied from the open ground during the Winter months, or in pots for Summer planting.

AMYGDALUS—Flowering Almonds.—

- Lady Lyle**—Single pale flesh pink, opening very early. 8 feet 2/6
Pollardii—Large single rose-pink flowers, opening early in August. One of the most attractive of all flowering trees. 15 feet 2/6

PRUNUS—Flowering Plums.—

- Blirieana flore pleno**—A shrubby variety of 6 to 7 feet, with rich metallic foliage and double bright rose-pink flowers, opening in August 2/6
Moseri flore pleno—Of the same habit as Bliereiana, but with lighter coloured flowers. 6 feet 2/6
Mume rosea—The Japanese Winter flowering Plum. Semi-double bright rose-pink flowers, opening in June. Sweetly perfumed. 10 feet 2/6
Mume alba—Semi-double, pure white flowers, with yellow stamens. Sweetly perfumed. 10 feet 2/6
Mume splendens—Rich crimson, sweetly perfumed, semi-double flowers, opening in June. A bushy shrub of 6 feet 3/6
Pissardii (*P. cerasifera* var. *Pissardii*)—The Persian Plum. A handsome tree of 15 feet, with deep purplish-red foliage, covered with single pure white flowers in Spring before the leaves appear 2/6
Pissardii nigra—Of the same habit as *Pissardii*, but with dark rich purple foliage and pale blush coloured flowers. Very handsome. 2/6
 Strong plants grown in Standards, from 6 to 8 feet 7/6
spinosa purpurea—The Purple-leaved Blackthorn. A dense spreading tree of 8 to 10 feet, with small rich purple foliage, which colours beautifully in Autumn. Flowers white 2/6
sinensis alba flore pleno—The double white Flowering Plum of dwarf bushy habit. 4 feet 2/-
sinensis rosea flore pleno—The double pink Flowering Plum of dwarf bushy habit. 4 feet 2/-
triloba—Double deep rose-pink flowers. Of bushy free-flowering habit. 5 feet 2/6
Vesuvius—Large foliage of a rich metallic crimson colour. Flowers white. 15 feet 2/6

PRUNUS PERSICA—Flowering Peaches.—

- atropurpurea**—An attractive Peach with deep purple foliage and large single pink flowers. Very effective. 12 feet 2/6
Double crimson—Rich carmine-crimson double flowers. 15 feet 2/6
Double pink—Bright double pink. 15 feet 2/6
Double pink and white—Double white, flowers striped and blotched with pink 2/6
Double white—Very large double white flowers. 15 feet 2/6

PRUNUS SERRULATA—Japanese Flowering Cherries.—

- Ama-no-gawa** (Apple Blossom)—Semi-double blush-pink, late flowering. Strong upright growth 5/-
Gioiko—A rare variety that is perhaps more interesting than beautiful. Its creamy white flowers are streaked and blurred with greenish marks, tips of petals tinged with pink 3/6
Hisakura—Semi-double deep rosy pink. A very free flowering and attractive variety, with reddish-brown foliage 3/6 & 5/-
James H. Veitch—A dwarf-growing variety, with very double deep rose-pink flowers 3/6 & 5/-
Mount Fuji—Semi-double pure white, large, sweetly-perfumed flowers. Very handsome 3/6 & 5/-

Prunus Pissardi nigra has the deepest purple foliage.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

- New Red**—A new Japanese variety with deep carmine red buds opening to large double rose flowers 3/6 & 5/-
- roseo-pleno (Hokusai)**—A vigorous grower, producing an abundance of pale pink flowers 3/6 & 5/-
- Shiro-fugen (albo-rosea)**—A late-flowering variety, producing its flowers at the same time as the unfolding reddish-bronze leaves appear. Flowers double pink, fading to pinkish white 3/6 & 5/-
- Sieboldi rosea superba**—Large semi-double flowers, bright rose pink. Early flowering 3/6 & 5/-

Collections of Prunus.

- Our selection of six strong plants of Flowering Plums for 12/6.
- Our selection of six strong plants of flowering Cherries for £1/1/-.
- Our selection of twelve assorted flowering Peaches, Almonds, Plums and Cherries for £1/10/-.

PUNICA—The Pomegranite.—

Hardy deciduous bushy shrubs of 6 to 10 feet, with large attractive red flowers in Spring. Granatum produces the large edible fruit which are most attractive on the plants after the foliage drops in Autumn. Plant in any open situation.

- granatum**—The edible Pomegranite. Single scarlet flowers 2/-
- granatum flore pleno**—Large double scarlet flowers 2/-

PYRUS japonica (See Cydonia).

PYRUS (Sorbus)—The Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree.—

The Sorbuses are handsome deciduous trees with graceful pinnate foliage, bearing in Spring showy clusters of small white flowers, which are followed by attractive red berries. In Autumn the foliage assumes most glorious colours before falling. They thrive in any deep soil, but are most suited to the cool and moist mountain regions.

- Americana**—"The American Mountain Ash or Dogberry." A tree of 20 to 30 feet, with spreading branches; white flowers and red berries in Autumn 2/6
- Aucuparia**—"The European Mountain Ash." A tree of 20 to 30 feet, with handsome foliage, which colours beautifully in Autumn. Flowers white, followed by clusters of attractive berries. A fine tree for avenue or park planting.. 24/- per doz., 2/6
- Aucuparia fructu-lutea (Fifeana)**—Of the same habit of growth and foliage as Aucuparia, but with clusters of bright yellow berries in Autumn 2/6
- Aucuparia aurea**—A rare and choice small growing variety, with beautiful rich golden foliage. A variety that burns in the hot sun, and on that account only suitable for cool mountain districts 10/6
- discolor**—A fine new form of Mountain Ash, remarkable for its rich Autumn colouring 3/6

PROTEA mellifera—The Cape Honeysuckle 3/6

An evergreen woody shrub from The Cape, bearing large pinkish flowers with a mass of long stamens. Very effective, thriving in well-drained soils, especially by the sea coast.

We have also small stocks of the following rare Proteas,

Price 5/- each, or 25/- per half-dozen.

compacta latifolia	Mundii nerifolia obtusifolia	pulchella susanne
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RAPHIOLEPSIS—The Indian Hawthorn.—

Very hardy evergreen shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with ovate leathery, deep green foliage, and clusters of fragrant white flowers in Spring, followed by clusters of black berries.

- intermedia**—Small foliage. 6 feet 2/-
- ovata (Syn. Japonica)**—Large leaves. 4 feet. 2/-

RHAMNUS alaternus variegatus—The Variegated Buckthorn 2/6

A really useful and handsome variegated evergreen of bushy habit, about 6 feet. Leaves margined creamy-white. Thrives in very dry situations or by the sea coast.

Our Mountain Ash are strong plants, 4 to 6 feet high.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

RHODOTYPOS kerrioides 2/6

A handsome spreading deciduous shrub of 3 to 4 feet, with attractive foliage and large white flowers, which are followed by berries, which turn black in Autumn, and persist after the foliage has fallen.

RHODODENDRON.—

The Rhododendrons belong to our most ornamental and beautiful flowering shrubs, and are often completely covered with their showy trusses of brilliantly and variously coloured flowers. They grow best in a peaty or porous loamy soil, which does not contain lime and always retains a sufficient amount of moisture, they like, as a rule, half shaded positions.

Himalayan Rhododendrons—These are distinct from the hybrid class. The trusses have fewer flowers, which are mostly pale shades and delightfully fragrant. Strong bushy plants of six varieties 5/- & 7/6

Hybrid Rhododendrons—We have a fine collection of named varieties of these in all shades from pink to deep crimson. A list of names shall be forwarded on application. Strong bushy plants 5/- & 7/6

Pink Pearl—The finest of all Rhododendrons, and one of the most showy shrubs imaginable. Producing in October huge trusses of large deep pink flowers, fading with age. Large broad foliage 7/6, 10/6 & 15/-

RHUS—The Sumach.—

The sumachs are ornamental deciduous shrubs grown for their handsome foliage, which assumes brilliant autumnal colours. They thrive in most soils in open situations, and colour best in the cool mountain districts.

cotinus—The Venetian Sumach or Smoke Bush. A bushy shrub of 5 feet, with round leaves, which turn crimson and yellow in late Autumn. Covered in Summer with panicles of filmy pink flowers 2/6

cotinus folius purpureus—The beauty of this shrub lies in its particularly striking foliage, which is a rich claret colour, distinctly veined, and retained through the whole season, assuming gorgeous Autumn shades before falling 5/-

succedanea—The Wax Tree. A shrub of 5 to 6 feet, with graceful foliage, which turns rich scarlet in Autumn 2/-

typhina—Staghorn Sumach. Long graceful foliage, turning orange-scarlet in Autumn. 6 feet 2/-

typhina laciniata—A very handsome form with finely dissected foliage, which turns brilliant red in Autumn. 4 feet 2/6

RIBES—The Flowering Currant.—

The Flowering Currants are deciduous, free-flowering shrubs of 3 to 5 feet, with attractive pendulous trusses of flowers in earliest Spring. They thrive in almost any soil in open situations.

aureum—Flowers yellow, foliage turns red in Autumn. 4 feet 2/-

Gordonianum—Flowers bronzy yellow, tinged red outside. 5 feet 2/-

Menziesii—A showy gooseberry-like plant, flowers red chocolate and white. 3 feet 2/-

sanguineum—“Red Flowering Currant.” Very attractive, in early Spring, with its masses of bright rosy red flowers 2/-

sanguineum albidum—The flowers, white tinged pale pink, opening in Winter 2/-

sanguineum atosanguineum—A very free-flowering variety with smaller foliage and deeper red flowers 2/-

RUSSELIA juncea (Syn. *equisetiformis*)—Scarlet Spray 2/6

A shrubby plant with smooth rush-like branches, pendulous at the top. The bright scarlet tubular flowers are produced in loose racemes throughout the year. Grows best in a warm dry situation at the foot of a wall or fence.

Rhododendron Pink Pearl is a gorgeous shrub for a cool situation.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

ROBINIA—The False Acacia.—

The Robinias are deciduous trees and shrubs, with graceful pinnate foliage and showy pendulous racemes of pea-shaped flowers. They thrive in any soil or situation. Plant during Winter months only.

hispida—The Rose Acacia. A beautiful flowering shrub of rambling growth, 3 to 4 feet, with large fern-like leaves and rich rose-pink flowers in pendulous racemes like a Wistaria 3/6

Kelseyii—A very beautiful rapid growing shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with attractive foliage, purple in Spring, passing to dark green in Summer, and assuming rich golden tints before falling in Autumn. Flowers freely produced, are of a rich violaceous rose colour in Wistaria-like racemes. One of the most handsome plants we have 10/6

Pseudacacia Bessoniana—A noble looking tree of fine regular growth 2/6

Pseudacacia Decaisneana—A variety of the common Robinia, remarkable for its vigour and the fine rose flowers it gives in great abundance 2/6

Pseudacacia—The Common Acacia. A quick growing tree of 20 feet, with elegant foliage and fragrant white flowers in Spring 2/-

ROMNEYA trichocalyx—The Californian Tree Poppy 3/-
A hardy evergreen shrub of 4 feet, with distinct glaucous foliage and large white poppy flowers, with masses of golden anthers produced freely in Summer. They thrive in any open situation.

RONDELETIA anomala 2/6
A dwarf evergreen shrub of 3 feet, with attractive coral-red bouvardia-like flowers, produced in Summer and Autumn. Thrives in a warm sunny situation.

SALIX—The Willow.—

The Willows are well known deciduous trees of rapid growth, flourishes in damp situations, or at the sides of streams, the roots having the effect of holding the banks against erosion. Plant during Winter months only.

babylonica—"The Weeping Willow." A tree of 30 to 40 feet, with long slender olive-green or purplish branches . . 18/- per doz., 2/-

coerulea—"The Bat Willow." We have a nice stock of this true Bat Willow propagated from plants imported by us direct 2/6

vitellina aurea—"The Golden Willow." A tree of 20 to 30 feet, with rich golden yellow branches, and pale green foliage . . 18/- per doz., 2/-

rubra—"The Pussy Willow." An upright tree of 10 to 15 feet, with bright green foliage and red branches. Producing in early Spring the showy catkins which are valued for cutting 18/- per doz., 2/-

SAMBUCUS—The Elderberry.—

Hardy deciduous shrubs of 6 to 8 feet, with attractive foliage and large heads of white flowers which are followed by black berries.

nigra—The Elderberry. Bright green foliage 2/-

nigra albo-variegata—Foliage variegated silver green 2/-

nigra aurea—Bright golden foliage, very effective 2/-

nigra laciniata—Foliage green, finely dissected 2/-

SCHINUS Molle—The Pepper Tree . . . 70/- per 100, 12/- per doz., 1/6
One of the hardiest of evergreen trees, thriving in the poorest and most arid of soils and forming shapely trees of 20 to 25 feet. Very suitable for planting for shelter in hot dry districts.

SOPHORA tetraptera (Syn. *Edwardsia microphylla*)—The New Zealand Laburnum 2/-

A valuable and distinct free flowering evergreen tree of 12 to 15 feet, with Mimosa-like foliage. Bearing in Spring racemes of yellow pea-shaped flowers which cluster closely to the branches.

We have a large stock of strong plants of Flowering Cherries.

Retinospora—(Syn Chamaecyparis).

The retinosporas are attractive conifers, closely allied to the Cupressus, with scale-like foliage, densely clothing the branches, which are usually flattened. They require similar conditions to Cupressus, with perhaps more moisture in Summer.

- ericoides**—A dwarf rounded shrub of 5 feet. Foliage glaucous in Summer, turning reddish-bronze in Winter 2/6 & 3/6
- obtusa**—A dwarf branching variety, with frond-like branchlets arranged in horizontal planes. Dark green lustrous foliage 2/6
- obtusa nana aurea**—A very dwarf, slow growing variety, with beautiful golden foliage 3/6
- obtusa tetragona aurea**—A dwarf pyramidal form with crowded irregular branches covered with partly golden foliage 5/-
- plumosa**—A conical shrub with slender branchlets of feathery plume-like appearance 2/6, 3/6 & 5/-
- plumosa argentea**—A handsome variety, the tips of branchlets tipped with white 2/6 & 3/6
- plumosa aurea**—A very showy form, the young growth tipped golden-yellow, turning bronze in Winter 2/6, 3/6 & 5/-
- pisifera**—A large pyramidal variety of fairly rapid growth, with attractive silvery-grey shining foliage 2/6 & 3/6
- pisifera squarrosa** (Syn. leptoclada)—A densely branched bushy shrub with spreading feathery branchlets. Foliage glaucous above, silvery below 2/6
- pisifera filifera**—A dense bushy shrub, with graceful pendulous thread-like branches 2/6

SALISBURIA adiantifolia (See Ginkgo bilobo).

SANTOLINA—The Lavender Cotton.—

The Lavender Cottons are very dwarf spreading shrubs not exceeding 18 to 24 inches, with attractive silvery evergreen foliage and bright yellow flowers, produced in Summer. They are ideal plants for rockeries or dry banks.

- chamae-cyparissus**—Very dwarf and compact. 12 inches 2/-
- pectinata**—A taller growing variety of 2 feet, with large golden flowers 2/-

SEQUOIA sempervirens—The Californian Redwood 2/6 & 3/6

A handsome tree with spreading horizontal branches and pale green Yew-like foliage. A tree growing to 100 feet or more and producing very valuable timber. A magnificent specimen.

SPARMANNIA africana flore pleno 2/-

A quick growing evergreen shrub of 10 to 12 feet, with large foliage. White flowers produced in clusters in Winter and early Spring. Thrives in almost any soil or situation, ideal for the back of shrubberies.

SPARTIUM album (See Cytisus albus).

SPARTIUM junceum—"The Spanish Broom" 18/- per doz., 2/-

A hardy quick growing shrub of 6 feet, producing its bright golden yellow, sweetly scented flowers profusely in Spring. A shrub that will do well in the poorest and driest of situations.

STREPTOSOLEN Jamesonii (Browallia) 2/6

A dwarf evergreen shrub of 3 feet, producing in Summer abundance of attractive rich orange flowers. Requires a warm sunny position and protection from frosts.

SYMPHORICARPUS—The Snowberry.—

Dwarf deciduous shrubs of 3 feet, with inconspicuous flowers, followed by attractive berries, which remain till after the foliage falls. Very hardy.

- racemosus**—"Snow Berry." Large snow white berries 2/-
- vulgaris**—"Coral Berry." Small coral-coloured berries, in dense heads 2/-
- vulgaris variegatum**—A very attractive variety, with bright green and yellow foliage 2/-

Spiræa Thunbergia has attractive Autumn foliage.

Spiraea—The Shrubby Spiraeas.

The Spiraeas are very hardy deciduous shrubs of 3 to 5 feet, producing their attractive flowers in early Spring and Summer. They will grow practically anywhere.

Anthony Waterer—Rich crimson flowers in upright panicles in Summer. Foliage variegated. 3 feet 2/-

Douglasii—Deep rose, dense heads of small flowers in Summer, upright growth. 4 feet 2/-

grandiflora (See *Exochordia grandiflora*).

multiflora arguta—An early flowering variety of weeping habit, producing its single white flowers in great profusion. 4 feet 2/6

opulifolia aurea—An attractive variety, with rich golden foliage and pure white flowers in Spring. 4 feet . . . 2/-

prunifolia flore pleno—A beautiful early flowering species, double, pure white flowers, clustering along the arching shoots. The foliage colours beautifully in Autumn. 4 feet 2/-

Reevesiana (Syn. *cantonensis*)—A semi-evergreen shrub of graceful habit, large clusters of pure white single flowers. 4 feet 2/-

Reevesiana flore pleno—Of the same habit as *Reevesiana*, but with double flowers. 4 feet 2/-

salicifolia—A compact shrub, with fine panicles of pink flowers in Summer. 4 feet 2/-

Thunbergia (Syn. *gracilis*)—A handsome dwarf variety, with grass-like foliage, which assumes brilliant colours in Autumn. Pure white flowers in early Spring. 3 feet 2/-

Wilsonii—A grand new species with long arching branches covered in Spring with corymbs of white flowers 2/-

SPHAERALCEA rosea 2/6

A hardy evergreen malvaceous shrub of 4 feet, with large attractive foliage and handsome abutilon like flowers produced in upright trusses throughout the year. Thriving in any warm open situation.

STAPHYLEA colchica—The Bladder Nut 2/6

A deciduous Caucasian shrub of 4 feet, producing in Spring terminal bunches of creamy white flowers which are followed by curious seed pods. Handsome pinnate foliage. Thriving in cool deep soils.

STATICE—Everlasting Flower or Sea Lavender.—

Very dwarf evergreen shrubby plants, producing throughout the year large panicles of small paper-like flowers, which, when cut, last for months. Valuable for dry spots where few other plants will thrive. See also Herbaceous Plants.

arborescens—A shrub of about 2 feet, with large handsome leathery foliage, and tall branched panicles of rich blue flowers 2/6

imbricatum—A shrub of about 18 inches, with soft lanceolate foliage, and tall panicles of blue flowers with white corollas 2/6

macrophyllum—A shrub of 2 feet, with very large glabrous foliage and panicles of rich blue flowers. Very free and continuous flowering 2/-

STERCULIA (Brachychiton).—

Handsomen evergreen trees of pyramidal growth, with attractive foliage and masses of bright flowers in Summer. Very valuable for planting in hot dry districts, especially as avenue trees.

acerifolia—"Illawarra Flame Tree." Flowers rich flame scarlet 18/- per doz., 2/-

diversifolia (Syn. *populneum*)—"The Bottle Tree or Kurrajong." Flowers creamy white. The best drought resisting tree known 18/- per doz., 2/-

The Statice flower freely in the hottest and driest seasons.

Syringa—The Lilac.

The Lilacs are hardy deciduous shrubs of 5 to 6 feet, grown chiefly for their panicles of attractive flowers produced in Spring. They thrive in rich deep soils and are especially suitable for mountainous districts.

Abel Carrieri—Large double, dark blue	2/6
Alphonse Lavallee—Double violet blue	2/6
Belle de Nancy—Double satin pink, very fine	2/6
Charles Joly—Double dark red	2/6
Charles Sargent—Double azure lilac-mauve	2/6
Charles X.—Large single blue, buds red	2/6
Condorcet—Double blue, very effective	2/6
Congo—Single bright wallflower red	2/6

dilatata—A new species from Corea, single pale lilac, with dark eye, buds crimson. This lilac opens early in August, a month before any other variety, very sweetly perfumed	2/6
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Marechal Bassompierre—Double carmine red	2/6
Madam Casimer Perier—Pure white, double, free-flowering	2/6
Madame Lemoine—Large compact truss, double white	2/6
Michael Buchner—Double rosy lilac	2/6
President Carnot—Double pale lilac, tinted white	2/6
President Loubet—Double purplish red, enormous flowers	2/6
President Grevy—Double blue, very large truss	2/6
persica (Persian Lilac)—Erect spikes of pale blue, profuse bloomer, very fine for cutting	2/-
Souv. de Louis Spath—Single blackish red, very large truss	2/6
Vulcan—Dark red, single	2/6
vulgaris—Common lilac	2/-
Wilsonii—A distinct species, with long vigorous growths bearing large terminal trusses of pale pink flowers in Spring. Very distinct	2/6

Collections of Syringas.

- 12 fine distinct double and single varieties, our selection, for 25/-
 6 fine distinct double and single varieties, our selection, for 13/-

TAMARIX—The Flowering Cypress.—

Very hardy deciduous shrubs or trees, with large plume-like panicles of minute flowers in Spring and Summer. Very suitable for planting in poor sandy soils or by the sea. They can be kept shapely by pruning hard back in Winter. Plant during Winter months only.

aestivalis (Syn. pentandra)—A strong upright growing Summer flowering variety, with rich carmine flowers. 10 feet . .	2/-
gallica—A large shrub with slender spreading branches. Flowers pale pink in Spring. 10 feet	2/-
glauca—A dwarf Summer flowering variety, with silvery foliage and pale pink flowers. 8 feet	2/-
japonica (Syn. juniperina plumosa)—A small tree with slender spreading branches and large sprays of carmine-pink flowers in Summer. 15 feet	2/-
tetrandra purpurea—A shrubby variety with dark reddish-brown bark. Flowers purplish pink in Spring	2/-

Our plants and trees are supplied to almost every Public and Botanic garden throughout Australia.
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Our Lilacs are all strong budded plants.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

TAXUS—The Yew.—

The Yews are ornamental, slow growing conifers, chiefly valued for their handsome dark green foliage and attractive berries. They thrive in cool moist soils only.

baccata—"The English Yew." A spreading variety 2/6

baccata fastigiata—"The Irish Yew." A most desirable tree of columnar form 2/6

TAXODIUM distichum—The Bald Cypress 3/6

A tall deciduous conifer of 60 feet or more, with light cinnamon-brown bark and erect spreading branches. Feathery light green foliage in Spring, which turns brown in Autumn. An ideal tree for planting in damp situations.

TECOMA—Shrubby Tecomas.—

Hardy evergreen shrubs of 6 to 8 feet, covered in Summer with trusses of trumpet-shaped flowers. Fine subjects to withstand drought. See also Climbing Plants.

capensis—Orange scarlet. 6 feet 2/-

Smithii—Orange yellow, with brown reverse. 8 feet 2/-

stans—Bright yellow. 6 feet 2/-

TELOPEA speciosissima—The Waratah 3/6

An upright evergreen shrub of 4 to 6 feet, with serrated foliage. Bearing in early Spring large handsome crimson flowers. Requires a loose well-drained soil in a situation that is not over cultivated.

THUJA—The Arbor-Vitae.—

Evergreen aromatic conifers with flattened branchlets arranged frond-like. They make fine specimens in the cool mountain districts.

occidentalis—"The American Arbor-Vitae." A tree of 40 feet or more of narrow pyramidal formation 2/6

Lobbii (Syn. *gigantea*)—A handsome pyramidal tree of rapid growth, with bright green lustrous foliage 2/6 & 3/6

THUJOPSIS.—

Shrubby conifers of dense broad growth, with bright lustrous foliage. Very closely related, and of similar habit to Thuja.

borealis (Syn. *Chamaecyparis nootkatensis*)—"The Yellow Cedar."

A handsome tree, with dark lustrous foliage, the branchlets with more or less pendulous tips 2/6

dolabrata variegata—A handsome variety, the tips of branchlets marked with creamy white 2/6

THRYPTOMENE Mitchelliana—The Grampians Myrtle 3/-

A compact bushy heath-like shrub, with slender branches covered in Winter and early Spring with tiny white myrtle-like flowers. Prefers sandy soil free from manures. 3 to 4 feet.

TIBOUCHINA (See Lasiandra).

TOXICOPHLAEA spectabilis (Syn. *Acocanthera spectabilis*) 2/6

A spreading shrub of 4 to 6 feet, with thick leathery purplish foliage. Flowers, produced in early Spring in dense masses, are pure white, with a rich Jasmine odor. Fruit black purple, almost as large as an olive. Requires a warm well drained situation or can be grown with advantage against a wall or fence.

TREE PAEONY (See *Paeonia arborea*).

TRISTANIA conferta—The Queensland Box 18/- per doz., 2/-

A handsome evergreen shade tree, valuable for avenues in hot dry regions, as it withstands great drought. Recommended as one of the finest evergreen trees we have.

ULMUS—The Elm.—

The Elms are large growing ornamental deciduous trees, grown for their handsome foliage, also planted as shade and street trees. Plant during Winter months only.

campestris—"The English Elm." A tall tree with a straight stem and spreading branches 3/6

campestris Van Houttei—A dwarf growing variety of the English Elm, with the foliage tinged with yellow 5/-

chinensis (Syn. *parvifolia*)—The Chinese Elm. An evergreen small tree with spreading branches covered with attractive serrate foliage 3/6

Dampieri aurea—A small tree with its rich golden leaves crowded on short branchlets 5/-

glabra vegeta—"The Huntingdon Elm." A tall tree with rough bark and forked stem. Foliage smooth and glabrous 3/6

montana—"The Wych Elm." A large spreading tree with broad round topped head 3/6

Tristania is a fine Evergreen Tree.

Viburnum.

Hardy free-flowering shrubs, both evergreen and deciduous, ranging from 4 to 8 feet. Grown chiefly for their attractive flowers. Some of the deciduous varieties assume brilliant Autumn tints.

bitchuiense—A slender shrub similar to "Carlesii," but with smaller foliage and flowers. Very sweetly perfumed 5/-

Carlesii —We consider this the most satisfactory hardy shrub of recent introduction. Vigorous constitution, beautiful rosy white bouvardia-like flowers, highly perfumed, with a sweetness most persistent. The flowers lasting in Spring for nearly a month. 4 feet		5/-
Extra strong plants		7/6
A limited number of plants in standard form		12/6

Lantana—"The English Wayfaring Tree." A vigorous deciduous bush, with large downy leaves which turn bright red in Autumn. Flowers white, followed by ornamental red berries. 6 feet 2/6

Lantana versicolor —A handsome variety with pale yellow foliage in Spring and Summer, changing to orange and violaceous red in Autumn	3/6 & 5/-
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odoratissimum—A dense shrub with small glossy evergreen foliage. Flowers in Spring creamy white and sweetly perfumed. 8 feet . . 2/6

macrocephalum—A spreading shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with almost evergreen foliage. Flowers creamy white, in heads produced in late Winter and early Spring. Very handsome 5/-

opulus sterile—"The Snowball Tree, or Guelder Rose." The well-known deciduous variety producing a wealth of white ball-like flowers in Spring. Foliage turns reddish bronze in Autumn. 6 to 8 feet . . 2/-

plicatum—"The Japanese Snowball." A fine deciduous variety, with large round trusses of pure white flowers in Spring. A dwarf spreading shrub with strongly veined foliage. 4 feet 3/6

plicatum tomentosum—An upright branching shrub with flat heads of creamy white flowers, followed by red berries. The foliage turns rich bronze in Autumn. 6 feet 2/-

rhytidophyllum—One of the most remarkable Chinese evergreen shrubs introduced in recent years. Its chief beauty is in its large, beautifully shaped leaves, which are dark green and buff underneath. Large clusters of yellowish white flowers in Spring, succeeded by berries, which turn red in Autumn. 6 feet . . 3/6 & 5/-

tinus lucidum—A large variety of laurustinus, with glossy green foliage and large clusters of white flowers. 6 to 8 feet 2/-

tinus lucidum variegatum—A handsome variety with its large glossy foliage striped and splashed with yellow. 4 feet 2/6

tinus "Laurustinus"—The well known evergreen Winter flowering shrubs with panicles of white flowers followed by black berries. Very suitable for hedges. 6 feet 18/- per doz., 2/-

VIRGILIA capensis 18/- per doz., 2/-
An evergreen small tree of 20 to 25 feet, with attractive foliage and handsome rose and white pea-shaped flowers in Spring and Summer. The fastest growing tree we have, making 6 or more feet of growth the first season.

WEIGELIA (Diervilla).—
Beautiful deciduous shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, thriving almost anywhere. Flowers trumpet-shaped in clusters, abundantly produced in Spring. The smallest plants produce flowers.

Abel Carriere—Rich rosy crimson. 4 feet 2/-

amabilis variegata—Flowers bright rose pink. Foliage margined with creamy white. 3 feet 2/-

candida—Pure white, free flowering. 4 feet 2/-

Coquette—Rich deep rose, enormous flowers. 5 feet 2/-

Eva Rathke—Deep rich crimson, remaining in flower for a long period. 4 feet 2/6

Plant *Viburnum Carlesii* for its fragrance.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

Gloire des Bouquets —Dark rosy crimson. 5 feet	2/-
Heroine —Large white flowers tinged with rose. Handsome foliage. 6 feet	2/6
rosea —Flowers rosy pink, very fine. 4 feet	2/-
rosea folius purpureus —A fine dwarf variety, with deep purple foliage and rose coloured flowers. 2 feet	2/6
styriaca —Flowers red in bud, opening to bright rose. 4 feet . .	2/-

WESTRINGIA—The Native Rosemary Bush.—

Hardy evergreen, quick growing shrubs, with rosemary-like foliage and attractive flowers in Spring. They thrive in the poorest of soils.

glabra —Deep lilac, dwarf and compact. 3 feet	2/6
rosmariniformis —Flowers white, with lilac spots. 5 feet	2/-

VERONICA—The Speedwell.—

Hardy evergreen dwarf shrubs of 2 to 4 feet flowering profusely in Winter and Spring. Of rapid growth and thriving in any soil or situation, they are particularly suited for seaside planting.

Andersonii variegata —Flowers blue, foliage heavily margined white. 3 feet	2/-
coelestris —Rich bright blue, deep green foliage. 4 feet	2/-
cupressoides —A distinct variety with Cypress-like foliage, and violet flowers. 3 feet	2/-
Hulkeana —"The New Zealand Lilac." Long upright spikes of pale lilac flowers in Spring. Fine for cutting	2/-
parviflora —Fine foliage variety, with pale pink flowers. Makes a compact hedge	18/- doz., 2/-
versicolor variegata —A very attractive dwarf variegated form. Flowers blue	2/-

Flowering Shrubs will keep down the
cost of beautifying your grounds.

We are continually importing and adding new and rare plants to our collection. If we do not catalog what you want, ask us about it. We may have it or know just where it is to be obtained.

No order too large for us to handle.
None too small to receive careful attention and personal supervision.

Veronica parviflora makes a compact hedge.

Shrubs and Trees

Conspicuous for their Richly Coloured Berries

Shrubs and trees made most attractive by reason of their dense crop of richly coloured fruits or berries, produced after the flowers fall. These plants are amongst the most suitable for planting in the cool mountain districts.

For descriptions and prices see Trees and Shrubs.

- ARONIA MELANOCARPA—Black berries.
AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS—Deep crimson berries.
ARBUTUS UNEDA—Large scarlet berries.
BERBERIS VULGARIS—Orange red berries.
BERBERIS VULGARIS PURPUREA—Purplish berries.
BERBERIS THUNBERGII—Rich scarlet berries.
BERBERIS WILSONAE—Coral red berries.
BERBERIS AGGREGATA—Coral red berries.
CRATAEGUS MEXICANA—Large yellow fruits.
CRATAEGUS CARRIERII—Bright red fruits.
CRATAEGUS CORDATA—Scarlet berries.
COTONEASTER HUPEHENSIS—Large red berries.
COTONEASTER PANNOSA—Bright red berries.
COTONEASTER SIMONSII—Bright red berries.
COTONEASTER DIELSIANA ELEGANS—Coral red berries.
COTONEASTER FRANCHETII—Orange red berries.
CYATHODES ACEROSA—Rose pink berries.
EUONYMUS EUROPAEUS—Rich scarlet berries.
EUGENIA SMITHII—Deep rose berries.
ILEX AQUIFOLIUM—Scarlet berries.
PYRUS MALUS FLORIBUNDA PURPUREA—Purplish crimson fruit.
PYRUS—MALUS ALDENHAMENSIS—Large purplish fruit.
PYRUS (SORBUS) AUCUPARIA—Orange scarlet berries.
PYRUS (SORBUS) AUCUPARIA FRUCTU LUTEA — Yellow berries.
PYRUS (SORBUS) AMERICANA—Rich red berries.
PYRACANTHA (CRATAEGUS) CRENULATA—Scarlet berries.
PYRACANTHA (CRATAEGUS) ANGUSTIFOLIA — Orange scarlet berries.
PYRACANTHA (CRATAEGUS) ROGERSIANA FLAVA—Golden yellow berries.
PYRACANTHA (CRATAEGUS) CRENULATA ROBUSTA—Orange scarlet berries.
SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS—Rose berries.
SYMPHORICARPUS RACEMOSUS—Snow white berries.

Shrubs and Trees

Conspicuous for their Spring and Summer Foliage.

A list of plants which produce rich and variously coloured foliage in Spring, retaining most of their beauty through Summer and Autumn, the deciduous sorts in most cases changing to Autumn tints as the leaves prepare to fall.

ACER NEGUNDO ARGENTEUM VARIEGATUM—Silver and green foliage.

ACER NEGUNDO AUREUM VARIEGATUM—Gold and green foliage.

ACER NEGUNDO CRISPUM—Pale yellow, pink and green foliage.

ACER PLATANOIDES SCHWEDLERII—Bright red foliage.

BERBERIS VULGARIS PURPUREA—Deep purple foliage.

CORYLUS AVELLANA ATRO-PURPUREA—Rich purple foliage.

FAGUS SYLVATICA PURPUREA—Deep purple foliage.

FAGUS SYLVATICA PURPUREA TRICOLOUR—Rosy pink, copper and green foliage.

HYPERICUM MOSERIANUM TRICOLOUR—Crimson pink and cream foliage.

LABURNUM VULGARE AUREUM—Rich golden foliage.

LEUCODENDRON ARGENTEUM—Silvery glossy foliage.

LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM AUREO-MARGINATUM—Golden and green foliage.

POPULUS CANADENSIS AUREA—Rich golden foliage.

PRUNUS PERSICA ATROPURPUREA—Rich purple foliage.

PRUNUS BLIEREIANA FLORE PLENO—Metallic foliage.

PRUNUS MOSERI FLORE PLENO—Metallic foliage.

PRUNUS PISSARDII NIGRA—Dark rich purple foliage.

PRUNUS VESUVIUS—Rich metallic crimson foliage

PRUNUS SPINOSA PURPUREA—Rich purple foliage.

PYRUS-MALUS FLORIBUNDA PURPUREA—Deep bronzy purple foliage.

RHUS COTONIS FOLIUS PURPUREUS—Rich claret foliage.

SAMBUCAS AUREA—Golden foliage.

SPIRAEA OPULIFOLIA AUREA—Golden foliage.

SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS VARIEGATUM—Green and yellow foliage.

ULMUS CAMPESTRIS VAN HOUTTEI—Yellow and green foliage.

ULMUS DAMPIERI AUREA—Rich golden foliage.

WEIGELIA ROSEA FOLIUS PURPUREUS — Deep purple foliage.

Shrubs and Trees

Conspicuous for their Brilliant Autumn Foliage

A list of plants covered through Spring and Summer with attractive foliage, which changes as Autumn approaches to various brilliant and conspicuous shades of yellow, bronze, crimson, scarlet, etc.

ACER POLYMORPHUM—Large shrub or small tree.

ACER RUBRUM—Tree.

ACER TARTARICUM GINNALA—Shrub.

AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS—Large shrub.

ARONIA MELANOCARPA—Shrub.

AMELANCHIER SANGUINEA—Tall shrub

BERBERIS THUNBERGII—Dense shrub.

BERBERIS VULGARIS PURPUREA—Shrub.

BERBERIS AGGREGATA—Shrub.

BERBERIS VERNAE—Shrub.

CRATAEGUS CORDATA—Small tree.

CRATAEGUS CARRIERII—Small tree.

CORNUS SANGUINEA—Shrub.

EUONYMUS EUROPÆUS—Shrub.

KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA—Small tree.

LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA—Tree

LIQUIDAMBAR STRYACIFLUA—Tree.

PRUNUS SINENSIS ROSEA—Small shrub.

PYRUS (SORBUS) AUCUPARIA—Tree.

PYRUS (SORBUS) DISCOLOUR—Tree.

QUERCUS PALUSTRIS—Tree

RHUS TYPHINA LACINIATA—Shrub.

RHUS SUCCEDANEA—Shrub.

RHUS COTONIS—Shrub.

SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS—Small shrub.

SPIRAEA THUNBERGII.—Small shrub.

VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILE—Shrub.

Sweetly Perfumed Flowering Shrubs

Shrubs producing in their various seasons flowers which are deliciously perfumed, and on that account make desirable subjects for planting in selected corners in any garden.

- ANDROMEDA PANICULATA—Dwarf shrub.
 AZALEA LEDIFOLIA NARCISSIFLORUM—Bushy dwarf shrub.
 BOUVARDIA HUMBOLDTII—Shrubby bush.
 BORONIA MEGASTIGMA—Dwarf shrub.
 CALYCANTHUS PRAECOX—Medium shrub.
 CLERODENDRON FRAGRANS—Dwarf spreading shrub.
 DAPHNE ODORA RUBRA—Dwarf shrub.
 GARDENIA THUNBERGIA—Tall shrub.
 LONICERA SYRINGANTHA—Medium shrub.
 LUCULIA GRATISSIMA—Dwarf shrub.
 MAGNOLIA FUSCATA—Medium shrub.
 MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA—Small tree.
 PAEONIA LUTEA—Dwarf Shrub.
 PHILADELPHUS MEXICANUS—Dwarf shrub.
 SYRINGA DILATATA—Medium Shrub.
 VIBURNUM CARLESII—Dwarf shrub.

Shrubs That can be trained as Climbers

The following shrubs make ideal subjects for training as climbers against walls, fences, pergolas, etc.:—

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| BUDDLEA—All varieties. | LANTANA SELLOWIANA. |
| CANTUA DEPENDENS. | PYRUS—MALUS FLORI- |
| CLIANTHUS PUNECEUS. | BUNDA. |
| CYDONIA JAPONICA. | PYRUS—MALUS FLORI- |
| DESMODIUM PENDULI- | BUNDA PURPUREA. |
| FLORUM. | PYRACANTHA—All varieties. |
| ESCALLONIA LANGLEY- | ROBINIA HISPIDA. |
| ENSIS. | RUSSELIA JUNCEA. |
| ERYTHRINA ACANTHO- | TOXICOPHLAEA SPECTA- |
| CARPA. | BILIS. |
| FORSYTHIA SUSPENS. | VIBURNUM CARLESII. |

Shrubs for Hedgemaking.

A select list of plants most suitable for the formation of hedges. From this list a suitable subject for almost any soil, situation or climate can be selected. We have given the distances apart that we consider the various plants should be spaced. However, this can be varied to suit requirements. It is, however, unwise to place the plants very close, as in the struggle to exist, some are certain to fall out and leave ugly gaps in a promising hedge. Available at all seasons.

- Berberis Darwini**—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A neat, hardy hedge plant, of 3 to 4 feet, with small deep green foliage covered in Spring with clusters of orange flowers. Very effective. Specially suited for cool districts 18/- per doz.
- Berberis Thunbergii** (The Barberry)—Plant 3 feet apart. A distinct deciduous hedge plant, of 3 to 4 feet. In Autumn the foliage turns rich crimson before falling. Flowers yellow in Summer, followed by coral berries, which hang through the Winter after the foliage has gone. Ideal for mountain districts, where the rich Autumn tints are very effective 18/- per doz.
- Crataegus crenulata**—Plant 3 feet apart. A hardy hedge plant, of 3 to 4 feet, that will thrive in poor, hungry, barren soil, where few other plants will attempt to grow. In Spring masses of pure white flowers, succeeded by clusters of small berries, which turn crimson in Autumn 18/- per doz.
- Cupressus macrocarpa** (Seedling)—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A quick growing hedge of 4 to 8 feet, quite satisfactory in heavy, cool soils, but otherwise inclined to die out after a few years. For this reason we recommend *Cupressus Lambertiana* 12/- per doz.
- Cupressus Lambertiana horizontalis**—Plant 4 to 5 feet apart. The true horizontal branching variety. This is without a doubt the finest of all hedge plants, and can be kept trimmed from 5 to 12 feet. Quite hardy and vigorous under any conditions 35/-, 42/- doz.
- Cupressus torulosa**—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. The true variety from cuttings. A fine silvery green foliage. Suitable for hedges of 4 to 5 feet 30/- per doz.
- Eugenia Smithii** (Native Myrtle)—Plant 3 feet apart. A hardy hedge plant, of 4 to 6 feet, with bright myrtle-like foliage, bearing in Autumn clusters of large white berries, which turn pink and mauve in Winter. Very effective 18/- per doz.
- Leptospermum Nicholli**—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. The crimson flowered tea-tree, with deep metallic foliage makes a unique small hedge of 3 to 4 feet, covered in Spring with its showy flowers. Ideal for sandy soils 18/- per doz.
- Ligustrum ovalifolium elegantissimum**—Plant 2 feet apart in double rows. This plant is variously known as "New Golden Privet," "Japanese Variegated Privet," etc., but correctly it is the Californian Golden Privet. It is without doubt the finest hedge plant available for hedges 3 to 4 feet. Foliage variegated rich golden, retains its colour right through the Winter. For a neat, small hedge it has no equal. Plants from open ground from May to September 6/- per doz.; 40/- per 100
 Extra strong plants 9/- per doz.; 60/- per 100
 In pots during Summer months 12/- per doz.; 75/- per 100
 Extra strong plants, in larger pots 15/, 18/-, and 24/- per doz.

Our hedge plants are all strong and vigorous

SHRUBS FOR HEDGEMAKING.

Lonicera nitida—Plant 3 feet apart. A compact, dense, bushy plant that makes an ideal hedge of 3 to 4 feet. The small box-like, deep green foliage is most attractive at all seasons. Very hardy, thriving in all soils or situations. Should be most valuable for seaside Planting 18/- per doz.

Plumbago capensis—Plant 3 feet apart. A very hardy hedge plant of 4 feet, that thrives in the poorest of soils, covered in Spring and Summer with clusters of attractive blue flowers . . 18/- per doz.

Pittosporum undulatum—Plant 2 feet apart. The large green-leaved flowering variety, sweetly scented. A fine hedge of 4 to 5 feet. Succeeds in dry situations 12/- per doz.

Pittosporum eugenoides (The New Zealand yellow pittosporum)—Plant 3 feet apart. A tall growing, bushy variety, forming a fine dense hedge of 5 to 6 feet 12/- per doz.

Privet Evergreen (*Ligustrum Vulgaris*)—Plant 2 feet apart in double rows. Common green privet. A neat, compact hedge of 3 to 4 feet. Available from May to September 3/6 per doz.; 25/- per 100

Privet Golden—Plant 2 feet apart, in double rows. The golden foliage variety; very effective in Spring and Summer, but loses its colour in Winter 3/6 per doz.; 25/- per 100

Salt Bush (*Rhagodia Hastata*)—Plant 2 to 3 feet apart. The small-leaved salt bush. A fine, dense, compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet foliage, silvery grey, thrives in dry, poor soils 12/- per doz.

Tecoma capensis—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A quick growing plant that makes one of the best hedges in the hot northern districts. The rich orange scarlet flowers are most effective . . 18/- per doz.

Viburnum tinus (*Laurestinus*).—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A hardy hedge plant of 4 to 5 feet, with deep green foliage and bunches of white flowers in Spring. Very effective 18/- per doz.

VARIOUS OTHER SHRUBS THAT MAKE EFFECTIVE HEDGES.

For Descriptions and Prices, see Trees and Shrubs.

Arbutus unedo
Ceanothus Divaricatus
Cotoneaster pannosa
Duranta Plumieri
Escallonia macrantha
Genista florida
Grevillea rosmarinifolia
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Ilex Aquifolium
Melaleuca armillaris
Melaleuca hypericifolia
Metrosideros tomentosa
Olearia Fosteri
Polygala myrtifolia
Veronica parviflora
Westringia rosmariniformis

Try the new hedge plant—**Lonicera Nitida.**

Climbing Plants

Suitable for

Walls, Arches,
Trellis, Stumps,
Pergolas, etc.

AKEBIA—

Strong, vigorous semi-evergreen twining climbers, with curious flowers produced in early Spring. Foliage very attractive.

lobata—Small black flowers. Large three-lobed foliage 2/6
quinata—Flowers lilac purple 2/-

AMPELOPSIS, The Virginian Creepers—

Hardy deciduous climbers. Most attractive in Autumn, when the leaves assume most brilliant colours. They cling to almost any fence or wall.

Henryiana—Attractive variegated foliage 2/-
hederacea (Syn. *Quinquefolia*)—The large-leaved variety 2/-
Lowii—Very fine lacineated foliage. A self-clinging variety of great beauty 2/-
sempervirens—An evergreen, small growing variety with dark green foliage 2/-
Veitchii—The best known and probably the finest, clings like ivy and will climb anywhere. The foliage is small and graceful, turning the most gorgeous shades of crimson in Autumn.
15/- per doz. 1/6

ARISTOLOCHIA sipho, The Dutchman's Pipe 3/6

A remarkable deciduous climber, with large dark green leaves, which turn yellow before falling. Flowers small, green and purple, resembling a pipe in shape. Requires a cool, moist situation to do well.

BIGNONIA—

The bignonias, which are closely related to the tecomas, are hardy, vigorous evergreen climbers with attractive trumpet-shaped flowers produced during Summer.

alba-lutea—Yellow and white. A handsome, free-flowering variety 2/6
capreolata—Orange and red, with a peculiar perfume. Fine foliage 2/6
chirere—Long trumpet flowers of a rich orange-red colour. A fine evergreen climber that requires to be well established before flowering 2/6

Ampelopsis Lowii has tiny lace-like foliage.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

- Lindleyana**—Clear lilac, veined darker. A strong grower with fine glossy foliage 2/6
venusta—Rich apricot orange. A vigorous spreading climber that thrives in warm districts only 3/6

BOUGAINVILLEA—

Evergreen strong vigorous climbers, free flowering and most attractive. They thrive in well-drained, sunny positions.

- Cypheri**—Rich magenta, free flowering 2/—
glabra—Light magenta 2/—
glabra Sanderiana—A free flowering variety. Light magenta 2/—
laterita—The brick red or tango flowered variety, suitable for warm districts only 3/6
Thomasii—Salmon pink, a new variety of the same habit as laterita, and like that beautiful sort only suitable for warm climates 3/6
Trailli (magnifica)—The deep purple magenta variety. The hardiest and showiest of all for local planting 2/—

CAMPSIDIUM valdivianum 2/—

A strong spreading evergreen climber, with handsome glossy foliage, producing in early Spring dense masses of creamy white flowers.

CLEMATIS, The Virgin's Bower—

The clematis are most attractive choice climbers of rambling habit. They thrive in good rich, cool soils, and are greatly benefited by dressings of slacked lime. Where possible the roots should be shaded from the sun by dwarf shrubs or by planting on the shady side of the trellis or fixture that they are expected to cover, the upper portions of the plants should enjoy full sun.

- montana**—A rapid growing variety producing in early Spring masses of white and cream star-shaped flowers 2/—
montana rubens—Deep rosy pink flowers produced in early Spring. One of the most effective Climbers we have for covering pergolas, arches or stumps 2/6

Large-Flowering Varieties.

We have a fine collection of strong plants of these large-flowered varieties, in all shades of colour, from pure white, pink, lavender, heliotrope, red, to the deepest violet-purple of Jackmanii. Price, 5/— each.

Collections of 6 distinct varieties, for 27/6.

" 12 " " " 52/6.

COBEA—

Rapid evergreen climbers of rambling habit, with large trumpet-shaped flowers. They thrive in warm frost-free situations.

- scandens**—Purple 2/—
scandens alba—Greenish white 2/—

DOLICHOS lignosus 1/6

Well-known evergreen rambling climbers, producing in Summer masses of pink and white flowers. Fine subjects for covering unsightly buildings.

FICUS stipulata (pumila), The Climbing Fig 18/— doz. 2/—

A self-clinging dense evergreen climber, most suitable for covering walls. It clings to bricks, stone or wood.

HARDENBERGIA comptoniana (Syn. Lindleyana), The Native Sarsaparilla—

A hardy rapid-growing twiner, with attractive foliage, producing in Spring masses of spikes of dark blue pea-shaped flowers.

HEDERA, The Ivy—

Useful clinging evergreens with attractive foliage. They require cool, moist conditions to do well.

- Helix**—The Common English Ivy, foliage green 2/—
Maderiensis variegata—Large leaves heavily margined with creamy white. Very effective 2/6
tricolor variegata—A small-leaved variety with handsome variegated foliage 2/—

HOYA, carnosa, The Wax Flower— 2/6

A slow growing evergreen with thick foliage and attractive pendulous panicles of flesh-coloured flowers. Suitable for a warm well-drained situation only.

IPOMEA Learii, The Perennial Morning Glory 2/—

A rapid-growing evergreen of rambling nature, producing large blue convolvulus like flowers throughout the year.

We have a good selection of Large-Flowering Clematis.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

JASMINUM—The Jasmine—

Hardy evergreen flowering climbers of dense, bushy habit, with sweetly perfumed flowers. Some varieties can be grown as shrubs.

- Beesianum**—A rampant spreading grower, with small, bright, rose-coloured flowers 2/-
- grandiflorum**—Large pure white flowers, very sweetly perfumed 2/-
- nudiflorum**—A spreading shrubby variety opening its bright golden yellow flowers in Winter 2/-
- primulinum**—Large semi-double yellow flowers opening in Winter and early Spring. The most striking of all 2/-
- revolutum**—An upright shrubby variety producing its bright yellow fragrant flowers in panicles 2/-

stephanense—A hardy vigorous hybrid variety with attractive foliage and clusters of fragrant soft pink flowers in Spring 2/6

KENNEDYA—

Hardy rapid evergreen climbers with large foliage and attractive pea-shaped flowers. Very free in growth.

- macrophylla**—Orange and red, chorozema-like flowers 2/-
- nigricans**—Black and yellow, large solid foliage 2/-
- rubicunda**—Red, rampant grower 2/-

LATHYRUS—Perennial Peas—

The lovely perennial peas, very hardy and free flowering. Fine for cutting.

- grandiflorus**—Rose shaded crimson 2/-
- latifolius** Rose Queen—Bright pink, very effective, large trusses 2/-
- latifolius albus**—Pure white 2/-
- latifolius roseus**—Deep rose pink 2/-
- pubescens**—Clear blue, a variety of special merit flowering in Spring 2/-

LONICERA—The Honeysuckle—

Hardy evergreen climbers of rapid growth, with fragrant flowers.

- aurea reticulata**—Flowers creamy white. Foliage veined with yellow 2/-
- caprifolia**—The English Honeysuckle or Woodbine 2/-
- confusa**—Fine dark foliage and pale yellow flowers 2/-
- fragrantissima**—Cream, sweetly scented, flowering in Winter. Shrubby growth 2/-

MANDEVILLEA suaveolens 2/-

A fine spreading deciduous climber producing quantities of pure white deliciously perfumed flowers.

MANETTIA bicolour 2/-

A tender small-growing climber with attractive yellow and red tubular flowers.

MILLETIA megasperma, The Evergreen Wistaria 5/-

A vigorous spreading climber with handsome glossy foliage producing long pendulous panicles of wistaria-like flowers. An ideal plant for covering a pergola or fernery where the attractive flowers can hang inside.

MUEHLENBECKIA complexa 2/-

A quaint, evergreen, wiry twiner with small bronzy green foliage, fine for covering stumps.

PASSIFLORA, The Passion Flower—

Strong growing evergreen climbers of spreading habit, with very attractive flowers. See also Tacsonia.

- Bedfordiana**—Purple 2/-
- coerulea**—Flowers blue, very strong grower 2/-
- Constance Elliot**—Pure white 2/-
- edulus**—The edible black passion fruit, 9/- per dozen 1/-
- Fragrant Beauty**—Flowers white with purple centre, very fragrant 2/-
- Imperatrice Eugenie**—Large blue and white flowers, very effective 2/-

PHASEOLUS Caracalla, The Snail Flower 2/-

A rapid growing evergreen climber producing quantities of curiously curled and twisted lilac and yellow flowers in Summer.

Plant *Jasminum Stephanense* for its perfume.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

- POLYGONIUM baldshuanicum** 2/-
A rapid deciduous twiner producing large drooping panicles of creamy white flowers in Summer and Autumn. Most effective for pergolas.
- RHYNCHOSPERMUM Jasminoides** 2/6
A glossy leaved evergreen climber, producing its sweetly-scented white flowers in great masses in Spring.
- ROSES (Climbing).** See Special List under Roses.
- SOLANDRA grandiflora** 2/6
A vigorous woody climber, producing large sulphur yellow trumpet-shaped blooms.
- SOLANUM, The Potato Climber—**
Strong spreading evergreen climbers, producing quantities of flowers throughout Summer and Autumn.
- jasminoides—White** 2/-
- jasminoides variegata—Flowers white, foliage variegated** 2/-
- Wendlandii—Large trusses of pale blue flowers, one of the most beautiful climbers in cultivation. Requires a warm, well-drained situation** 2/6
- STIGMAPHYLLON ciliatum, The Brazilian Vine** 3/-
A fast tropical evergreen climber producing its attractive golden yellow flowers in Summer. Suitable for warm, moist situations only.
- TACSONIA, The Passion Flower**
Very rapid growing spreading evergreen climbers producing their handsome flowers freely and continuously. See also Passiflora.
- exoniensis—Bright rose pink** 2/-
- ignea—Intense scarlet** 2/-
- Manicata—Rich scarlet** 2/-
- Mollissima—The Banana Passion Fruit—Flowers mauve pink followed by long yellow edible fruits. 15/- per dozen** 1/6
- Morti—Rich magenta** 2/-
- Taylorii—Cerise pink** 2/-
- Van Volexemi—Bright crimson** 2/-
- TECOMA—See also Bignonia—**
Free flowering, strong growing climbers, with attractive trumpet-shaped flowers. All evergreen except the Radicans varieties, which includes Guilfoylei, grandiflora, Madam Galen and Thunbergii.
- australis—Cream and brown flowering in panicles** 2/-
- capensis—Orange scarlet, of shrubby habit** 2/-
- grandiflora—Orange, very large trumpet-shaped flowers. Summer flowering** 2/-
- Guilfoylei—Deep crimson, fine showy variety** 2/-
- jasminoides—Purple and white, fine glossy foliage** 2/-
- jasminoides alba—A pure white variety of great beauty** 2/-
- Latrobei—Cream and chocolate, strong grower** 2/-
- Madam Galen—Deep orange, midway between grandiflora and guilfoylei** 2/-
- Mackeni—Deep rose pink, free flowering** 2/-
- rosea—Similar to Mackenii, but paler in colour** 2/-
- Thunbergii—Bright orange, flowering in large trusses** 2/-
- THUNBERGIA Gibsonii, The Orange Glory Creeper** 2/6
A fast growing evergreen twiner of 5 to 6 feet. This remarkable plant is covered with its beautiful deep orange self-coloured blooms almost throughout the year. Requires a well-drained situation in full sun.
- THUNBERGIA grandiflora** 2/6
A spreading tropical climber that thrives only in warm climates. Flowers pale mauve with yellow throat.
- VITIS Alicante Bouchet—The Ornamental Vine** 2/-
A hardy, vigorous, deciduous climber, with vine-like foliage which turns bright scarlet in Autumn. A fine plant for pillars or pergolas.
- WISTARIA—**
Vigorous, free-flowering, deciduous climbers of spreading habit, producing their showy racemes of pendulous flowers in early Spring.
- multijuga—Purple, racemes 2 to 3 feet long** 2/6
- multijuga alba—A pure white form of multijuga** 2/6
- multijuga rosea—Pale rose pink, very effective** 2/6
- sinensis—Lavender. Very free flowering and showy** 2/-
- sinensis alba—Pure white** 2/6
- sinensis flore pleno—Double lavender, free flowering when established** 2/6

Thunbergia Gibsonii flowers continuously.

Part 2.

Roses

DELETION OF INFERIOR AND UNWANTED VARIETIES.

The varieties in this list have been selected with every possible care, and are confined to the best of the older varieties, to which have been added new varieties that are, in our opinion, a definite advance in colour, growth, scent, or other qualities, and all inferior or unwanted varieties have been rigidly discarded.

QUALITY OF PLANTS.

All our Roses are produced on our branch Nursery, at Greensborough. The soil, climate and conditions there being ideal for the production of healthy, sturdy plants, with vigorous roots.

PRICES.

All varieties not priced are 1/9 each.

Six or more plants at the rate of 18/- per dozen.

Three-quarter Standards (30 inch stems), 3/6 each, 40/- dozen.

Full Standards (36 inch stems), 4/- each, 45/- per dozen.

For list of varieties available as Standards see page 00.

Weeping Standards, 4 feet stems, 10/6 each

" " 5 " " 25/- "

" " 6 " " £2/2/- "

For list of varieties available on Weeping Standards, see page 00.

PACKING CHARGES ON ROSES.

The following charges are made where it is necessary to pack Rose plants in bundles for forwarding by post, rail or boat.

1 to 12 plants, 6d.; 13 to 24 plants, 1/-

25 to 50 plants, 1/6; 51 to 100 plants, 2/6.

Roses going long distances are always extra carefully packed in view of possible delay, and will not harm for several days.

Roses for export are packed in Cases which are charged at cost price of material and labour.

SUBSTITUTION.

When ordering, state if we may replace sold-out varieties with others equally as good, or add extra names from which a selection can be made to replace those out of stock. This applies particularly to late orders.

TIME TO ORDER.

Roses are available for delivery from the first week of June until the end of August. After that we have a limited supply of popular varieties available for planting from pots.

Orders are booked at any time throughout the year and plants reserved for despatch when required.

Order Early.—It greatly facilitates despatch if orders are received early, and will save disappointment to our customers.

Our Roses are Noted for Their Strong Vigorous Roots.

PLANTING ROSES.

Brief Suggestions for Planting Roses

ARRIVAL OF PACKAGE.—Upon the arrival of the parcel, open the bundle in a sheltered place and soak the plants thoroughly, or immerse the roots in a pail or tub of water for a few minutes. After removing them from the water, cut away all broken or damaged roots and branches. Take care not to expose the roots to sun, light or wind. Remember Rose roots are not intended to be exposed to the air, they belong to the soil. If the plants arrive before the ground is ready to receive them or during unsuitable weather for planting, open the package and “heel-in” the contents, this simply means planting in a slanting trench so that the roots are covered. In such a position the plants will be quite safe and can be planted at the first opportunity.

SOIL AND SITUATION.—A rich, well drained soil and an open situation are important factors in Rose growing. The most suitable soil is a heavy loam of a greasy nature. However, with reasonable attention and preparation they can be grown in almost any soil. Light soils require the addition of loam or well-rotted cow manure, whilst heavy clay soils can be broken down by the use of ashes or lime.

PLANTING.—The best time to plant is from the middle of June to the middle of July; they can, however, be planted till the end of August if the ground is in suitable condition. Trim off all damaged ends of roots, and, having made a hole sufficiently large to take the plant with roots spread out horizontally, cover the roots with some fine soil, then add more soil and tread firmly. Do not plant too deeply. The plant should be put in so that the union of the rose and briar stock is just below the level of the ground, as it will be when the surface soil is settled. Standards should be planted about four to six inches deep. These require to be staked to prevent the plants swaying in the wind. This stake should be put in the same time as the plant. Unless rain is likely to fall soon after planting, give each plant a thorough watering to settle the soil around the roots. No further attention will be necessary until pruning time.

PLANTING DISTANCES.—Dwarfs or bushes for beds should be planted 2 to 3 feet apart; Standards, 3 to 4 feet apart; Polyanthas for borders can be planted 2 to 2½ feet apart; and Climbers on fences at any reasonable distance, such as 4 to 6 feet apart. Roses planted for hedges should be spaced 3 feet apart, the most suitable varieties for this purpose are “Sunny South,” “Cecil Brunner,” and “Red Letter Day.”

PRUNING OF NEWLY-PLANTED ROSES.—This point is of great importance, as every season we find instances of Roses that have failed to grow, simply through neglect of this matter. Plants, as despatched from the Nursery, have the foliage removed, and all soft or sappy wood cut out so as to facilitate packing and handling. If planted early, leave the growth as received till the usual pruning season comes round. After planting, all bush and standard Roses should be pruned hard back, leaving only three to six inches of growth above the union. In the case of those desiring to produce exhibition blooms even more drastic cutting is necessary. Climbing Roses of strong growth should be cut back to 12 or 15 inches for the first pruning. We will gladly prune the plants before despatch if you ask us to do so.

**Keep Your Collection Up-to-date with the World's Latest
Creations.**

New Roses for 1928.

The following varieties have been chosen as the most promising of the many novelties offered by the leading Rose-growers of the world. They are all interesting, and most of them display colour variations and combinations that are uncommon if not entirely different from older varieties. The descriptions are those of the raisers. These Roses are all strong plants grown at our Greensborough Nursery.

Price, 4/- each; six or more varieties at the rate of 42/- per dozen.

A limited number of Three-quarter Standards at 6/- each.

Alice Stern (H.T.) (F. Gillot).—A superb white Rose with light cream in the centre, sometimes shaded with faint salmon. Long bud of perfect form, opening into a full fine flower. Growth upright and vigorous.

Amami (H.T.) (W. Easlea & Sons).—A new and beautiful tint of soft peach pink. In the bud stage the colouring is exquisite. The open flowers are very large, fairly full, and with large petals of fine firm texture. Very free flowering. Large light green foliage, stout, erect stems. Growth very vigorous.

Antonia Relleri De Peluffo (Pern.) (Soupert & Notting).—The first real red Pernetiana to be distributed, and one that will become very popular. Very large flowers of brilliant red, with deeper shading in centre, sweetly scented and carried on strong stems. Vigorous and free flowering.

Bernice (H.T.) (J. H. Pemberton).—Yellow, heavily flushed with golden pink. The semi-double flowers are globular and of good form. Foliage good. Growth vigorous and tall. Fragrant.

Breeze Hill (Wich. Ramb.) (Dr. W. Van Fleet).—This variety is peculiar among Climbing Roses in the enormous size of its individual flowers, which carry from 50 to 60 petals. Colour deep cream with tints of pink and salmon. Very strong and vigorous climbing habit.

Cardinal Schulte (H.T.) (Leender Bros.).—This excellent variety excels by reason of its sensational colouring. Brilliant crimson red, shaded with fiery scarlet. Large full flowers of the finest shape, carried erect on long stiff stems. Very sweetly perfumed. Growth vigorous and compact.

Cuba (Pern.) (J. Pernet-Ducher).—The long buds are almost scarlet. The open flowers are a very uncommon shade of orange scarlet or Lincoln red on the back of the petals, and the colour on the inside of the petals is a rich light velvety scarlet crimson, with carmine towards the tips of the petals. The large flowers are fairly full and globular, carried erect on upright stems. Very sweetly perfumed. Growth vigorous.

Climbing Radiance (H.T. Clg.) (W. D. Griffing & Co.).—In so many countries of the world "Radiance" is the most popular Garden Rose, and now a real climbing sport is in commerce we feel sure this new variety will become equally popular. Very vigorous grower. In all respects like its parent.

Comtesse de Castilleja (Pern.) (C. Chambard).—A very free-flowering perpetual Pernetiana; it will make a grand bedder. The wonderful colouring is very difficult to describe, and must be seen to be appreciated. Orange flame bordered with intense vermilion, passing to golden coral as the flower opens. Handsome long buds. Sweetly scented. Very vigorous, with dark green foliage.

Dainty Bess (H.T.) (W. E. B. Archer).—A true single of wonderful charm. The colour is a delightful salmon pink, and the stamens and centre of the flower make a unique contrast with their gold and crimson. The petals are bold, nicely shaped and mostly with frilled edges. Sweetly scented flowers are carried erect in large trusses. Always in flower. Growth vigorous. A fine decorative and bedding Rose.

New Roses This Season Offer Wonderful Possibilities.

NEW ROSES.

- Desmond Johnston (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Son).**—Brilliant scarlet, very heavily flushed orange and claret, with a deep orange base. The outside of petals heavily veined and flushed orange, shading up to scarlet and claret. Flowers are large, full, and of perfect conical shape and form, one of the best naturally shaped Roses we know. Growth sturdy, free and bushy, with dark green, leathery foliage.
- Dr. Edward Deacon (H.T.) (H. Morse & Sons).**—Margin of the petals being pale shrimp pink, gradually emerging into a deep salmon orange towards the base of petals, giving the flower a wonderful appearance. A fine exhibition Rose, very full, and of fine form. Growth upright and free, with bold leathery foliage.
- Emily Dodd (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons).**—The colour in the young stage is creamy yellow, being more pronounced at the base of the petals, changing to milk white in the old flower. The bloom is large, full, and well formed, of exhibition standard. Growth vigorous and free-flowering, with delicate tea scent, and bright green foliage.
- Fascination (H.T.) (Chaplin Bros.).**—A charming bedding Rose, with habit and growth of "Madam Butterfly." The colour is a pretty rosy cerise, shaded yellow. Habit of growth vigorous, and the foliage dark glossy green. Very sweetly scented.
- Fontanelle (H.T.) (E. G. Hill & Co.).**—Yellow, deepening towards the centre. A fine big Rose with immense petals. Buds long and of good shape. Flowers produced on long, stiff stems. Growth vigorous and free flowering, with good foliage.
- Golden Butterfly (H.T.) (G. A. Van Rossem).**—The colour of this ideal free-flowering bedding Rose is a clear shining golden orange yellow, and is very striking. The buds are striped with coral red. Semi-double. Growth very strong and bushy, with bronze green foliage.
- Gooiland Glory (H.T.) (G. A. Van Rossem).**—A striking novelty. Vivid glowing cherry red shaded with coral red. Large semi-double sweetly scented flowers on strong upright stems. A fine garden Rose.
- Julia, Countess of Dartrey (H.T.) (Dr. J. Campbell Hall).**—Pure Tyrian Rose, with a yellow base, very intense, brilliant and distinct. The flowers are very large, full, and of ideal shape, and fine for exhibition, in fact one of the most perfect flowers as regards size and quality. Stems long and stout, carrying the flowers upright. Foliage large and leathery. Flowers have a very strong delightful fragrance.
- Kard Nal Schultze (H.T.) (M. Leenders & Co.).**—This variety excels in the sensational colours of the flowers, brilliant reddish crimson, shading to scarlet. Blooms large, full, and of ideal form, carried on erect stems. Buds long and pointed. Very sweetly scented. Growth vigorous and erect.
- Lady Sylvia (H.T.) (W. Stevens Ltd.).**—This charming novelty is a sport from the well known "Madam Butterfly." It resembles its parent in all respects except colour, which is superior, as all the shades are intensified, and are more lively.
- Lady Mary Elizabeth (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons).**—Brilliant carmine pink, without shading, paling in the fully developed flower. Very vigorous and hardy, the free branching upright growth ensures a wealth of bloom continuously produced on long stiff, straight stems, which are clothed with long pointed foliage. Buds are of long spiral formation, opening to delightful fragrant blooms of moderate fulness. An outstanding decorative Rose.
- Lord Castlereagh (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons).**—Rich deep crimson, probably the darkest Rose in cultivation, and yet on account of the sheen on the petals and the radiance of the bright golden stamens the effect is decidedly bright. Growth strong, bushy and upright, producing an enormous wealth of bloom throughout a prolonged season. Buds are long and shapely, developing into semi-double blooms of pleasing form, with a very pronounced and sweet perfume.
- Mabel Lynas (Pern.) (S. McGredy & Son).**—Dark crimson, with a yellow base, a special feature is that the flowers have probably the strongest and sweetest scent of any Rose in cultivation. The flowers are very large, full, and of fine form, with stout petals. Growth vigorous, upright and free, with bright glossy green foliage. A very free and perpetual flowering garden and bedding variety.

We Have the Best of the New Roses on $\frac{3}{4}$ Standards This Season.

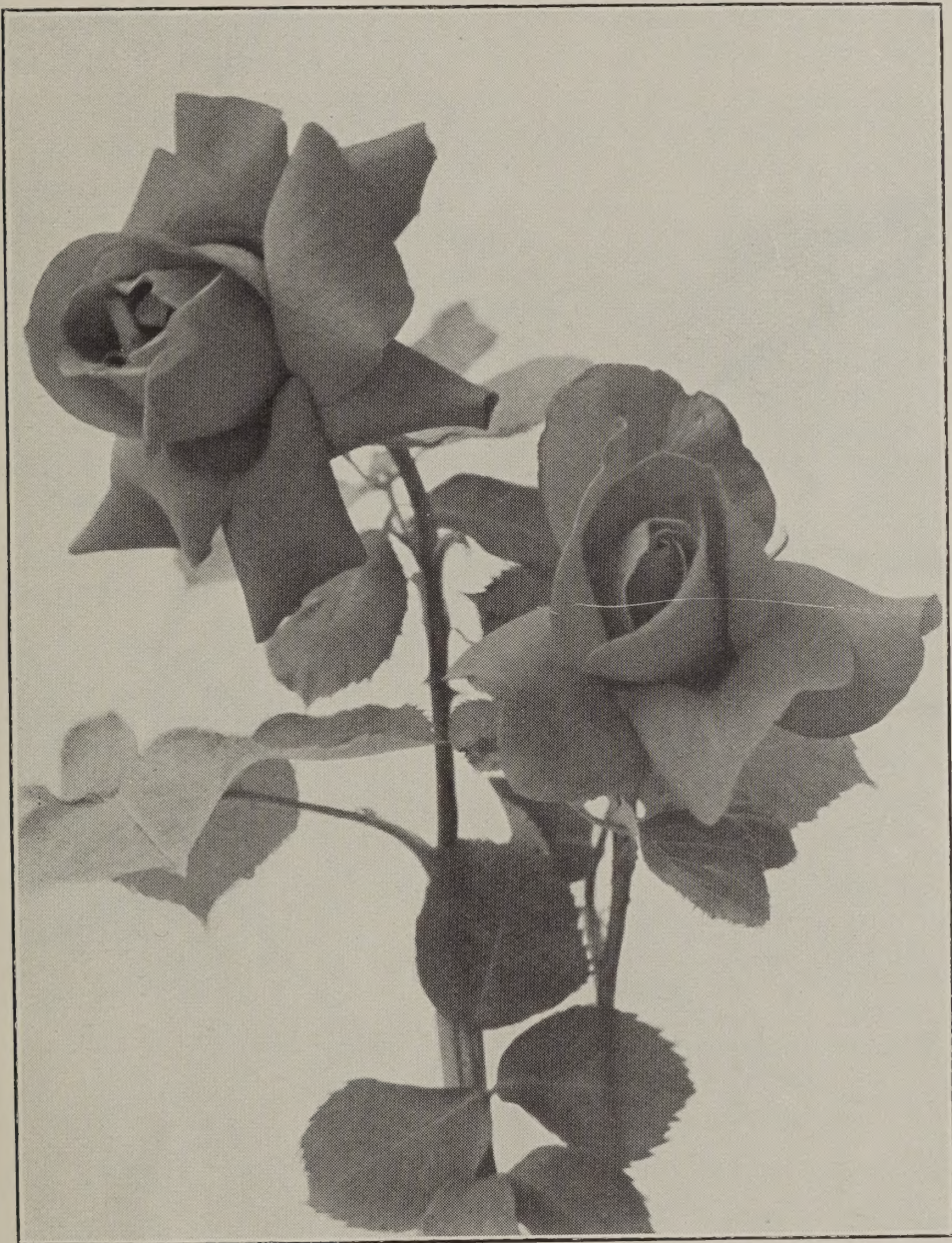
NEW ROSES.

- Madame Oreve (H.T.) (C. Chambard).**—Handsome long copper-pink buds, carried erect on rigid stems and opening to very large, full, salmon pink flowers, with copper salmon centres. Very free flowering and vigorous, with healthy foliage.
- Margaret McGredy (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Son).**—Clear orange scarlet, a colour that does not fade even when the flowers are wide open. The flowers are large, full and of perfect form, with large petals of good texture, and are borne freely throughout the season. The habit of growth is wonderful, and is one of the outstanding features of this marvellous variety, it is extraordinarily free, bushy and upright, and of vigor unapproached by any other Rose. An ideal garden, exhibition and bedding Rose.
- Marion Cran (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Son).**—Buds deep buttercup yellow, margined and flushed cerise, and rosy scarlet, opening brilliant geranium scarlet flushed orange and yellow, the outside of the petals retain their yellow colouring. As the flower ages the colour changes to deep cerise flushed buttercup yellow. The flowers are full, and of nice form. Growth free and upright. One of the freest and most perpetual flowering garden and bedding Roses.
- Miss Bep Van Rossem (H.T.) (G. A. Van Rossem).**—One of the very best dark canary yellow Roses yet raised. Buds long and pointed. Flowers of medium size, carried erect on strong rigid stems. Growth erect and free flowering, with dark green foliage.
- Mrs. G. A. Van Rossem (H.T.) (G. A. Van Rossem).**—The flowers are heavily flamed and shaded dark orange and apricot on a dark golden yellow ground, a combination of colours not previously existing in any Rose. The large full and beautifully formed flowers are carried on stout rigid stems and open freely at all times. Growth vigorous and upright, with bronzy green leathery foliage.
- Oliver Mee (H.T.) (Sandy Dickson).**—The colour in the young state is deep salmon, with heavy flush of clear fawn, changing with age to deep salmon pink. Sweetly scented. Buds long and pointed opening to blooms of largest size but of great refinement. Growth free and branching. One of the most distinct and beautiful Roses of recent years.
- Patience (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Son).**—The colour in the young state is scarlet carmine-lake, opening to orange scarlet and carmine-lake with deep orange at base. The colours shaded and mingled in a manner impossible to describe. Flowers are large, full and of perfect form, carried on long stiff stems. Growth free, upright and bushy, throwing shoots out in all directions. An ideal garden and exhibition Rose.
- Rapture (N.T.) (Traenelly & Schenck).**—A sport from "Ophelia," with a very fine colour. A great improvement on "Madam Butterfly," and all sports of that range of colouring. It is intensely brilliant in its vivid shades of bright apricot, coral pink, rose and gold. Has more petals than "Ophelia" and produces flowers more freely.
- Souvenir de Clermonde (H.T.) (J. Pernet-Ducher).**—Clear salmon pink, deeper in the centre, shaded with yellow. Of very vigorous and erect branching habit, with large glossy foliage. Buds oval, carried on stiff stems, opening to large globular semi-double sweetly-scented blooms.
- Souvenir de Madame Pidoux (H.T.) (C. Chambard).**—In the bud stage the colour is Indian yellow opening chrome yellow, with the exterior of the petals golden yellow. The long buds are carried on rigid stems. Free flowering, erect and vigorous, with bright green foliage.
- Thelma (Wich. Ramb.) (W. Easlea & Sons).**—A Climbing Rose of great merit. Colour delicate coral pink, suffused as the flowers develop with carmine red. The flowers are large, with three rows of petals, and are produced in handsome clusters. Stout, almost thornless growth, covered with dark green foliage. A fine Rose for pillars, arches and pergolas.
- Villa Pia (H.T.) (Leenders Bros.).**—Deep velvety red, shaded with almost black red. The bud is long, large and pointed, carried on long strong stems, opening to large and full, sweetly perfumed flowers, with broad petals. Growth strong and vigorous.

Margaret McGredy Promises Great Things. Try It.

New Australian Climbing Rose.

Countess of Stradbroke (H.T.). (Alister Clark, 1928).—A vigorous growing free-blooming climbing rose of exceptional merit, and worthy in every respect of a position beside varieties like Black Boy and Miss Marion Manifold. The flowers are large, full (averaging 40 petals), and of good shape, while in addition they possess a full, rich fragrance of the sweet or damask type. The colour is a rich, dark, velvety crimson of a particularly vivid shade, and this brilliancy is maintained



for a long period. It is only on rare occasions that any trace of blueing is evident, and in respect of colour this variety is quite on a par with Lord Charlemont and Etoile de Hollande. As an extra quality this variety has lovely foliage, and the young shoots are a picture, the reddish brown leaves harmonising beautifully with the dark green of the older growth.

This variety is a credit to Australian Rose growing, and it is sent out with every confidence as a particularly fine novelty. Price, 5/- each (climbing plants only).

Bush Roses.



Showing the vigorous branching roots of our yearling Roses, as produced on our Greensborough Nursery.

Standard Roses

These ornamental Roses relieve the flat appearance in the Rose-garden and allow the use of a larger number of varieties in gardens of limited space; they allow for the free use of bedding plants or annuals. Some varieties, particularly the Pernetiana type, do better on Standards, and as such are less liable to the troubles which at times render these beautiful Roses useless as bushes.

These Roses require to be securely staked when planted.

Prices.

Full Standards, 36 inch stems, 4/- each, 45/- per dozen.

Three-quarter Standards, 30 inch stems, 3/6 each, 40/- per dozen.

Stakes for Standard Roses.

Jarrah (inch square)—

Four feet, 4/- per doz.

Five feet, 4/6 per doz.

Hardwood (inch square)—

Four feet, 3/6 per doz.

Five feet, 4/- per doz.

List of Varieties Available as Standards.

Annie Laurie	K. of K.	Mrs. R. D. McClure
Angele Pernet	Lady Maureen Stewart	Mrs. Redford
America	Lady Inchiquin	Mrs. G. Shawyer
Alexander Hill Gray	Lady Ashtown	Mrs. Mackellar
Arthur Cook	Lady Hillingdon	Mrs. Bryce Allan
Black Boy	Lady Battersea	Mrs. A. R. Waddell
Betty Uprichard	Lady Roberts	Mrs. David McKee
Belle Siebrecht	Lady Florence Stronge	Mrs. Foley Hobbs
Carine	La France	Mrs. Harold Brockle-
Chateau de C. Vougeot	Laurent Carl	bank
Chas. P. Kilham	Lorraine Lee	Mrs. H. Stevens
Christine Prior	Lilian Moore	Nellie Parker
Clarice Goodacre	Lord Allenby	Ophelia
C. V. Howarth	Lord Charlemont	Pink Pearl
Columbia	Lord Lambourne	Prince Camille De
Dame Edith Helen	Lord Fairfax	Rohan
Etoile de Holland	Los Angeles	Radiance
Ethel Somerset	Lyon Rose	Red Radiance
Frau Karl Druschki	Mabel Morse	Red Letter Day
General Gallieni	Mad. Abel Chatenay	Rev. F. Page Roberts
General McArthur	Mad. Butterfly	Roselandia
George Dickson	Mad. Edward Heriot	Rose Marie
George Schwartz	Mad. J. Bouche	Shot Silk
Golden Emblem	Mad. Jules Grolez	Souv. De George
Golden Ophelia	Mad. Segond Weber	Pernet
Gorgeous	Margaret Dickson	Souv. De H. A.
Geo. H. Mackereth	Hamill	Verschuren
Gustav Grunerwald	Marcia Stanhope	Souv. De Marie Zayas
Hadley	Molly Bligh	Souv. De Claudius
Hawlmark Crimson	Modesty	Pernet
Hossier Beauty	Miss M. Manifold	Souv. De R. B.
Imperial Potentate	Mrs. Chas. E. Russell	Ferguson
Independence Day	Mrs. C. V. Howarth	Sallie Lewis
Irish Fireflame	Mrs. T. Roosevelt	Sunburst
J. C. M. Mensing	Mrs. H. Morse	Sunny South
Jonkheer J. L. Mock	Mrs. C. W. Edwards	Warrior
Joseph Hill	Mrs. W. C. Egan	White Ensign
K. A. Victoria	Mrs. H. R. Darlington	

Kindly add extra names in case some varieties are sold out. Where there are no instructions to the contrary, we shall use our own discretion and substitute the nearest possible variety to replace any that are out of stock.

For descriptions of these Roses, see list of Bush or Dwarf Roses on following pages.

Standard Roses must be Staked and Tied when Planted.

General List

of

Dwarf or Bush Roses

Tea, Hybrid Tea and Pernetiana Roses

PRICES

All varieties not priced 1/9 each.

Six or more plants at the rate of 18/- per dozen.

Agnes Barclay (H.T.).—A delightful combination of rich yellow and reddish salmon tints. A dwarf decorative variety that is continuously in flower, sweetly tea scented. Most beautiful in Autumn and Winter.

Alexander Hill Gray (T.).—Clear lemon yellow deep pointed blooms. A robust, free-flowering variety with a decided tea scent.

America (H.T.).—A beautiful peach-blow shade of pink, buds of great length and pointed. Open flowers, very large, and possessing a delightful fragrance. Almost thornless, producing perfect blooms on the smallest plants.

Angele Pernet (Per.).—Vivid orange yellow, shaded deep reddish apricot, outside of petals fiery golden yellow. The sweetly scented flowers are produced in great freedom on long, erect stems. A vigorous grower with good foliage.

Annie Laurie (H.T.).—Petals flesh pink, with golden base, and edged with a deeper shade of pink. Large full double cup-shaped blooms. Growth vigorous, upright and bushy. Of the same upright type as "Madam Butterfly," but with more colour and substance.

Arthur Cook (H.T.).—Deep velvety crimson with a beautiful sheen. Fine free-flowering habit. Flowers large, full and sweetly scented. A good vigorous rose with fine foliage.

Austrian Copper (Briar).—A single rose of striking brightness. Colour reddish copper with bright golden reverse, bronze thorny wood.

Aspirant Marcel Rouyer (H.T.).—Deep apricot shading to reddish apricot in centre, tinted salmon flesh on outer petals, veined deep yellow at base. Growth vigorous and erect.

Belle Siebrecht (H.T.).—Bright rosy pink, large and beautifully formed. A popular free-blooming variety that opens quickly. A good exhibition rose.

Betty Uprichard (H.T.).—A combination of delicate salmon-pink suffused with copper and orange, reverse of petals carmine, deliciously fragrant. A most beautiful, vigorous, decorative rose that every one should grow.

Billy Boiler (H.T.).—Dazzling red, long upright growths, always crowned with buds, exceedingly free-flowering. A most striking variety, that can be used either as a bush or pillar rose.

Arthur Cook Flowered Beautifully Last Spring, Velvety Crimson.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- British Queen (H.T.).**—White, of magnificent form, showing the slightest pinkish flush in the bud stage. An exhibition variety of low branching habit.
- Caroline Testout (H.T.).**—Bright, warm pink, large globular blooms. A fine, vigorous, reliable variety for any purpose.
- Carine (H.T.).**—A beautiful decorative rose of many colours, which include orange, carmine, blush, buff, creamy, fawn and copper salmon. Long elegant buds carried erect on stout stems. Vigorous and free-flowering. An ideal variety for cutting.
- Chateau de Clos Vougeot (H.T.).**—Glowing red blooms, deeply shaded black and scarlet, very double and intensely fragrant. Growth of low branching habit, very suitable for bordering. Always in flower, the blooms being at their best when fully expanded.
- Charles K. Douglas (H.T.).**—Intense flaming scarlet, flushed bright velvety crimson. Vigorous upright growth, flowers large, full, and of fine form, with long pointed buds freely produced right throughout the season.
- Christine Prior (H.T.).**—Deep, bright rosy red, flushed with yellow and peach, golden base. A glorious color combination. Flowers long and pointed, and carried upright. Fine strong, bushy habit.
- Chas. P. Kilham (H.T.).**—Brilliant nasturtium red, suffused with glowing scarlet. When fully open the color fades to brilliant Lincoln pink in the old flowers. Buds well shaped opening to good-sized flowers of fine form. Free flowering with a fine tea scent. Growth bushy, with long stiff stems carrying the flowers erect 2/6
- Clarice Goodacre (H.T.).**—Buds yellow, opening creamy white, zoned with pale buff. Flowers of perfect form, sweetly perfumed, with high pointed centres.
- Cleveland (H.T.).**—Very large full flowers of old rose and copper, shaded with yellow at base of petals, moderately fragrant. Growth vigorous.
- Columbia (H.T.).**—Lively bright pink, sweetly scented, flowers of exquisite shape and strong stiff petals, deepening in colour as they expand. Free flowering, good growth and healthy foliage.
- Colonel Oswald Fitzgerald (H.T.).**—Blood-red velvety crimson, produced in great profusion on erect stems. A strong vigorous grower, and one of the best reds for bedding and massing.
- Countess Clanwilliam (H.T.).**—Delicate peach pink, and yellow-shaded and edged with deep cherry red. A distinct and charming variety producing quantities of large, full blooms. A good, strong grower of neat habit.
- C. V. Howarth (H.T.).**—Blackish scarlet, well formed blooms, deliciously perfumed, borne very freely on dwarf, wiry plants. A fine garden rose.
- Dame Edith Helen (H.T.).**—One of the best Roses of recent years. The blooms are large, well formed, with high pointed centres. The colour is a rich, glowing pink, inclined to pale as the blooms expand. Deliciously scented. The habit of growth is vigorous and branching, and the foliage is dark green, leathery, and mildew-proof. As a garden, bedding and exhibition rose, this variety will have few equals 2/6
- Doris Taylor (H.T.).**—Orange cadmium, the outside of petals being flushed crimson red and deep orange. As the flowers expand the whole colour changes to deep amber yellow. Growth free and branching.
- Doris Dickson (Pern.).**—Orange cream heavily veined and pencilled with deep cherry red. The flowers are medium sized, exquisitely formed, and very freely produced. Blooms carried erect on stiff, wiry stems. Extremely fragrant. Growth vigorous and free branching 2/6
- Dorina Neave (H.T.).**—A delightful, silvery pink. The large full, pointed globular flowers are carried erect on stiff stems. Fine compact growth. Free flowering and very fragrant 2/6
- Dr. J. G. Fraser (Pern.).**—A charming rose. Color salmon apricot, suffused vermillion pink. The buds are long and shapely, opening to fairly full, large flowers, with beautiful shell-shaped petals. The inner petals have a suffusion of buttercup yellow. Growth vigorous. Free and continuous flowering 2/6

Dame Edith Helen is a Glorious Rich Pink, Sweetly Perfumed.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Duchess of York (Pern.).**—Deep golden yellow, with tangerine centre deepening as the flower ages to orange tangerine. A very charming variety of strong, vigorous, free branching growth, with handsome foliage. Flowers large, very full, and of fine form 2/6
- Earl Haig (H.T.).**—Deep reddish crimson, a solid colour that does not fade. Flowers of immense size and substance, perfectly formed with high centre, very sweetly perfumed.
- Edith Part (H.T.).**—Light-red suffused salmon and yellow, becoming lighter with age, blooms of good shape and richly perfumed. Vigorous and free flowering.
- Edward Mawley (H.T.).**—Buds almost black, unfolding to dark red, fairly full flowers of exquisite form. Highly perfumed. Plant of moderate growth.
- Ethel Somerset (H.T.).**—Petals shrimp pink edged with coral pink, flowers large, full and perfectly formed with high pointed centre. Vigorous and branching, very fragrant.
- Etoile de Hollande (H.T.).**—Bright dark red, blooms of magnificent size, showing clean, attractive centres when fully open, very fragrant. Free flowering, and healthy grower. A splendid Rose, and perhaps the best red we have.
- Eva Eakins (Pern.).**—Intense scarlet carmine, flushed orange, running to bright yellow at base. The flowers are of medium size and perfect shape. A charming decorative Rose of bushy habit 2/6
- Francis Scott Key (H.T.).**—Very large light crimson buds and blooms of noblest form, very double, slightly fragrant. Plant of erect growth, producing massive blooms in great abundance.
- Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.).**—Pinkish buds, and magnificent snow-white blooms with deep, firm petals of perfect shape, but without fragrance. A very vigorous grower.
- General Gallienii (H.T.).**—Rich metallic red, varying in colour, sometimes shaded with yellow. A dwarf grower with beautiful foliage, most suitable as a standard.
- General McArthur (H.T.).**—Bright scarlet, crimson blooms of nice size and shape, very freely produced, and delightfully scented. The growth and foliage are ideal. One of the best bedding roses.
- George Dickson (H.T.).**—Immense dark red velvety blooms of the most perfect shape, very fragrant. A most vigorous and hardy variety.
- George Schwartz (T.).**—Bright canary yellow, very rich in colour. Rather a poor growing variety that is perhaps worth while as a standard.
- George H. Mackereth (H.T.).**—A very distinct and beautiful rose that adds another valuable addition to the crimson shades. Growth vigorous and free branching. Sweetly scented.
- Golden Emblem (H.T.).**—A wonderful golden-yellow, with practically every good quality, sweetly scented, with glossy mildew proof foliage. In some ways it is not quite the equal of Mabel Morse. Most satisfactory as a standard.
- Golden Gleam (H.T.).**—Bright butter-cup yellow, without shading. The outer petals are flushed and streaked scarlet on the same lines as "Golden Emblem." Fine bold, heavy petals. Very free flowering. Dark brown, strong stems, carrying the flowers erect 2/6
- Golden Ophelia (H.T.).**—Well shaped blooms with a heart of golden yellow, shading lighter towards the edges of the flower, and delicately perfumed. The growth is robust and healthy.
- Gorgeous (H.T.).**—Orange yellow, flushed with pink and veined with reddish copper, of dwarf branching habit. Very free flowering.
- Gustav Grunerwald (H.T.).**—Bright carmine pink with yellow base. Large cup-shaped pointed buds, developing to long blooms with high centres. A Rose of very distinct colour and one of the sweetest scented varieties in cultivation.
- Gwyneth Jones (Pern.).**—Brilliant carmine orange without shading. A quite new colouring. The growth is bushy and strong. Very free flowering. A good decorative Rose.

Plant Golden Emblem as a Standard, it Grows Strongly.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Hadley (H.T.).**—A rich crimson-red with velvety texture, lovely form and sweetly scented. Growth vigorous and free flowering. Fine for bedding.
- Hawlmart Crimson (H.T.).**—Buds crimson with vivid maroon markings, opening to crimson scarlet semi-double blooms. Sweetly perfumed. A decorative Rose of the Red Letter Day type, with more colouring and of more dwarf bushy habit.
- Hawlmart Scarlet (H.T.).**—Brilliant scarlet, the blooms are well formed, of medium size, and sweetly perfumed. Growth strong and branching.
- Henrietta (H.T.).**—Coral red shading to coral salmon, of fine erect growth. A sweetly scented decorative Rose, very suitable for bedding.
- Hoosier Beauty (H.T.).**—Deep velvety crimson blooms of good shape, and strongly perfumed. A strong, healthy grower, perhaps not as free flowering as some reds.
- Imperial Potentate (H.T.).**—Rich shining rose-pink, shaded lighter on reverse of petals. Well shaped, firm-petaled blooms on strong, erect stems. Fragrant.
- Independence Day (H.T.).**—Buds yellow, heavily shaded with copper and brown, opening to large blooms, which fade to light orange pink. Strong, upright habit.
- Irish Beauty (H.T.).**—Single creamy white, with bright yellow stamens. Fragrant and free flowering.
- Irish Elegance (H.T.).**—Bronzy pink buds, opening to large single blooms of apricot and yellow. Very strong growth and continually in flower.
- Irish Fireflame (H.T.).**—Large single blooms, orange crimson, shaded gold, pleasing fragrance. A strong growing free flowering variety. One of the best single Roses we have.
- Isobel (H.T.).**—Pointed buds and flowers with large petals flushed with carmine red and orange. Very fragrant. Very showy, and perhaps the best of all single Roses.
- I. Zingari (Hy. Lutea).**—A new break in colour, being orange and bright scarlet. Semi-double, sweetly-scented blooms. Perpetual and free flowering 2/6
- John C. M. Mensing (H.T.).**—A lovely shade of deep rose pink, of the same upright habit as Ophelia. Sweetly scented, perfectly formed blooms. Very robust growth with handsome foliage. A rose that should be in every garden.
- Jonkheer J. L. Mock (H.T.).**—Carmine buds of gigantic size, opening to enormous blooms of deep carmine-pink, reflex of petals silver rose. A strong and healthy grower.
- Joseph Hill (H.T.).**—Salmon pink shaded coppery yellow, blooms large, full, and of perfect shape, fragrant. Growth very strong.
- Josephine Thomas (H.T.).**—Orange salmon shading to cream. Flowers very double, of medium size with high centres. Growth vigorous and bushy.
- K. of K. (H.T.).**—Brilliant scarlet red buds, and open, semi-double flowers of blazing red with a blackish velvety sheen, fragrant. Of the same type as Red Letter Day, but slightly larger blooms. Very fine for bedding or hedges.
- Lady Ashtown (H.T.).**—Satiny buds, and blooms of deep shining pink, with a yellow glow at base of petals, high centre, double, and quite fragrant. A strong, free flowering variety, very suitable for garden decoration.
- Lady Battersea (H.T.).**—Cherry crimson, shaded with orange, buds long and pointed. A strong, vigorous grower.
- Lady Greenall (H.T.).**—Creamy white flowers, shaded orange, saffron, and pink. Beautifully formed blooms of medium size, with high centre. Strongly perfumed.
- Lady Margaret Stewart (H.T.).**—Deep sunflower yellow splashed with orange scarlet, the reverse of the petals marked with carmine. Sweetly perfumed. A vigorous and hardy variety 2/6
- Lady Maureen Stewart (H.T.).**—Velvety scarlet shell-shaped petals, an excellent bloom of ideal shape, and brilliant colour. Growth erect and bushy, but not quite as strong as desirable. Recommended as a standard.

Remember, We Have Two Lady M. Stewarts, Margaret and Maureen.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Lady Florence Stronge (H.T.).**—An entirely new and unique colouring, being reddish prawn to violet old rose, shaded at base of petals with yellow, and towards edges to pink, the inner surface of petals being heavily veined scarlet. Flowers large and full, and of perfect shape. Growth free and bushy. A perfect Rose, and one of the best of recent introduction.
- Lady Hillingdon (T.).**—Deep apricot yellow, blooms of medium size borne in the greatest profusion. Sweetly perfumed. Growth and foliage perfect. One of the best garden roses we have, particularly as a standard.
- Lady Inchiquin (H.T.).**—An attractive and beautiful Rose of novel orange cerise colouring of perfect shape, and delicately perfumed, and of undoubted beauty and charm. Most distinct and attractive.
- Lady Worthington Evans (H.T.).**—Glowing blackish crimson, petals of great substance and velvety smoothness. Strong wild rose scent. Of robust constitution, a fine bushy plant ideal for bedding. A sterling novelty of the same series as "Red Letter Day" 2/6
- Ladylove (H.T.).**—Best described as an improved "Madam Butterfly," with the same ideal upright, free habit, but with more apricot suffused in the colouring. The expanded flowers are light rose pink. Very vigorous 2/6
- La France (H.T.).**—Silvery rose with a pale lilac shading. Though now old and in some ways out of date, it is worth a place in popular favour on account of its remarkable fragrance.
- Laurent Carl (H.T.).**—Gigantic oval buds and blooms of deep carmine crimson, perfectly formed, and strongly perfumed. A vigorous grower with large healthy foliage.
- Lilian Moore (H.T.).**—Deep Indian yellow, paling in the open flower. Flowers of good form and freely produced. Growth free and branching.
- Lord Charlemont (H.T.).**—Clear crimson, well formed, high centred and fragrant blooms. A very fine free flowering Rose of good shape and habit. Without doubt one of the best recently introduced reds.
- Lord Fairfax (T.).**—Cherry red, flushed with scarlet in the bud, expanded flowers are of an exceptionally pretty shade of cherry rose pink. Flowers full and sweetly scented. Growth strong and vigorous.
- Lord Lambourne (Pern.).**—A deep unfading buttercup yellow, margined with carmine. The flowers are larger and much more fuller than "Sunstar." Strong, vigorous grower, with bright glossy foliage. A most attractive and sweetly perfumed flower.
- Lorraine Lee (H.T.).**—Semi-double blooms, warm rose pink shaded with apricot. A dwarf growing free flowering decorative Rose, valuable for its Winter flowering habit.
- Los Angeles (H.T.).**—Bright flaming salmon shaded with apricot. The flowers are attractively reflexed and pointed. Free flowering and a good grower.
- Lyon Rose (H.T.).**—Shrimp pink, shaded with salmon. Large sweetly-scented globular blooms. A popular variety, but not the healthiest of growers.
- Lord Allenby (H.T.).**—Rich crimson suffused with scarlet, large, well formed flowers of great depth and substance. Growth strong and vigorous.
- Madame Leon Pain (H.T.).**—Pale blush with yellowish orange centre, reverse of petals tinted vermilion, buds orange red. Very free and perpetual flowering. A good grower with healthy foliage.
- Madame Abel Chatenay (H.T.).**—Pale salmon pink with deeper centre, well shaped blooms of medium size, free and continuous flowering, fragrant. A general favourite; of strong, vigorous growth.
- Mabel Morse (H.T.).**—Clear bright golden yellow, without shading, blooms freely produced and sweetly perfumed. Without doubt the best of all deep yellow Roses with a vigorous growth and constitution that carries it through where "Golden Emblem" fails. The foliage is remarkable for its beauty in Spring. Highly recommended.

Plant Lorraine Lee Freely for Winter Blooms.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Madame Albert Barbier (H.P.).**—Nankeen yellow, shaded apricot and orange, flowers large and of perfect form. Very strong, upright growth, with abundance of large foliage. Free flowering 2/6
- Madame Butterfly (H.T.).**—Salmon flesh, shaded Rose, with apricot and gold base. Blooms of exquisite shape and richly perfumed, carried on long stiff stems. Growth and habit perfect in every way. A Rose that should be in every garden.
- Madame Edouard Herriot (Pern.).**—Sparkling buds of coral red and orange, opening to large, moderately full blooms of brilliant orange-red and salmon. One of the most brilliantly coloured Roses we have. Growth fairly vigorous, best as a standard or in the climbing form.
- Madame Jules Grolez (H.T.).**—Bright china Rose, blooms large, full and freely produced, with slight fragrance. Growth vigorous and spreading.
- Madame Second Weber (H.T.).**—Light rosy salmon, with a deeper centre. Blooms freely produced, are large and of perfect form, with massive petals. A good strong grower.
- Maman Cochet (T.).**—Carmine pink, suffused salmon yellow, blooms of immense size, with high pointed centre. A fine old Rose of strong vigorous growth. Unfortunately the flower stems are weak.
- Marcia Stanhope.**—A very fine pure white Rose, with a delightful perfume. Flowers of good form and texture, produced with freedom. Growth strong and healthy.
- Margaret Dickson Hamill (H.T.).**—Delicate straw yellow, with a light flush of carmine on outside of petals. A vigorous, erect, deliciously fragrant Rose with a strong constitution.
- Marie Adelaide of Luxembourg (H.T.).**—Deep orange yellow, blooms large, deliciously perfumed and of perfect form. Growth vigorous.
- Mary Pickford (Pern.).**—Deep orange yellow, shading lighter during hot weather, of moderate size and with a delicious perfume. Buds of refined form, long and pointed, stained on the reverse with salmon. Growth strong and vigorous.
- Miss Cynthea Forde (H.T.).**—Deep rosy pink, very double, perfectly formed flowers, very fragrant. Growth strong and erect. Very free flowering.
- Modesty (H.T.).**—Pearly cream, faintly flushed rose. Blooms large, with high-pointed centres. Sweetly perfumed and free flowering. A faultless exhibition variety.
- Molly Bligh (H.T.).**—Deep madder pink, with an orange halo at base of petals, very sweetly perfumed. Blooms large. Growth vigorous and free branching.
- Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.).**—Indian yellow, occasionally shaded with salmon rose and sweetly perfumed. Growth vigorous and dwarf, with deep glossy foliage.
- Mrs. A. R. Barraclough (H.T.).**—Bright sparkling, carmine pink, shading to yellow at base. Flowers full, of fine form and substance. Sweetly perfumed. Growth strong and vigorous, free branching and upright 2/6
- Mrs. A. R. Waddell (H.T.).**—Buds coppery yellow, opening to large cupped blooms of bronze, pink and apricot, with a delicious perfume. Free flowering. Growth very robust and branching. A fine bedding Rose.
- Mrs. Bryce Allan (H.T.).**—Bright carmine rose. Large blooms of good form, freely produced. Growth very strong. One of the most highly perfumed Roses we have.
- Mrs. Charles E. Russell (H.T.).**—Rosy carmine, deepening to rosy scarlet in centre. Flowers of fine globular form, large and fragrant. Growth sturdy and erect.
- Mrs. C. V. Haworth (H.T.).**—Buds cinnamon apricot, opening to large highly perfumed blooms of a delicate biscuit-buff zoned and shaded with primrose and rose. Growth vigorous and erect.
- Mrs. C. W. Edwards (H.T.).**—Crimson carmine, with yellow base. Flowers large, full and fragrant. Growth strong, free and upright.
- Mrs. David McKee (H.T.).**—Clear creamy yellow. Flowers of great substance and splendid form. Growth strong.

Mrs. Bryce Allan is Worth While for its Perfume Alone.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Mrs. Foley Hobbs (T.).**—Delicate ivory white, sometimes prettily tinged with pink on the edges of petals. Growth robust and vigorous. An exhibition Rose of little use for garden display.
- Mrs. F. R. Pierson (H.T.).**—Bright cardinal red, buds long and pointed, opening to sweetly perfumed blooms of fine formation. Growth vigorous.
- Mrs. George Shawyer (H.T.).**—Clear brilliant rose. Long slender finely formed buds, opening to very large, perfectly formed flowers. Growth vigorous and free flowering.
- Mrs. Harold Brocklebank (H.T.).**—Creamy white, with buff centre, base of petals soft golden yellow. Blooms large, perfectly formed and sweetly perfumed. Growth strong.
- Mrs. Herbert Stevens (T.).**—Clear white, with pale lemon shading in centre. Buds long and pointed, opening to blooms of perfect shape. Growth very vigorous and free branching.
- Mrs. H. Morse (H.T.).**—Silvery rose-pink, with pencillings of a deeper shade, blooms of great depth and substance, moderately fragrant. Growth tall and branching, very free flowering.
- Mrs. Henry Winnett (H.T.).**—Dark crimson, well shaped, and very fragrant, free flowering. Growth strong and vigorous, blooms held erect on stiff upright stems. A Rose that will be in great demand when well known.
- Mrs. H. R. Darlington (H.T.).**—Creamy white blooms of enormous size and faultless form, on long rigid stems. A good free grower.
- Mrs. J. Heath (H.T.).**—A sport from "Premier," which variety it resembles in all except colour. Buds crimson-red shaded orange, opening to large full blooms of a deep cadmium yellow, the outer petals shading to maize yellow and tinted red. Growth strong and branching.
- Mrs. MacKellar (H.T.).**—Delicate light yellow, almost cream buds, of perfect form, opening to semi-double fragrant flowers. A beautiful Rose in the bud stage. Growth fairly strong.
- Mrs. Phillip Russell (H.T.).**—Rich crimson scarlet, at times shading to almost black. A decorative Rose of semi-double formation, with attractive foliage. Strong vigorous and healthy grower. An ideal Rose for bedding.
- Mrs. R. B. McLennan (H.T.).**—Soft satin rose, suffused yellow, clear and beautiful, flowers large, double and of fine form, fragrant. Growth vigorous.
- Mrs. R. B. Molony (H.T.).**—Brilliant carmine red. Flowers full and well formed, with beautiful reflexed petals, stems long and strong, holding the flowers erect. Growth strong and spreading.
- Mrs. R. D. McClure (H.T.).**—Glistening salmon pink, free and constant. Large full flowers of exquisite form. Growth vigorous and free.
- Mrs. Redford (H.T.).**—Bright orange and apricot, perfectly shaped blooms, very lasting and fragrant. A splendid decorative variety of strong, upright growth with beautiful glossy foliage.
- Mrs. S. W. Burgess (H.T.).**—Apricot yellow, with deeper tones at base of petals. Nicely shaped full flowers, tea scented. Growth strong and vigorous, with stiff upright stems.
- Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt (H.T.).**—Creamy white, shading to blush rose at centre, blooms large and full. A fine exhibition variety. Growth strong.
- Mrs. Talbot O'Farrell (H.T.).**—Deep cerise, heavily flushed orange-yellow and bronze, the outside of petals lemon yellow splashed with deep cerise and crimson. Stems stiff, carrying flowers erect. Growth free and erect. A fine decorative Rose 2/6
- Mrs. W. C. Egan (H.T.).**—Deep flesh pink, with interior of a lighter shade of soft pink, with golden glow at base of petals, slightly fragrant. Blooms long and beautifully shaped. Growth very vigorous. A Rose that is at its best during the Summer months.
- Nellie Parker (H.T.).**—Pale creamy white, with deep cream centre, and flushed blush at tips of petals. Flowers large, full, and of beautiful form. Growth vigorous and upright.

Mrs. W. C. Egan Opens Well in the Hottest of Weather

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Norman Lambert (H.T.).**—Golden yellow, shaded terra cotta. Flowers large, full and of perfect form, carried erect on stout stems. Growth strong and upright, with fine dark foliage 2/6
- Odette Foussier (H.T.).**—Old rose, suffused with salmon, the inside of the petals shaded yellow. Fine long buds carried erect on strong stems. Sweetly perfumed. Growth vigorous.
- Old Gold (H.T.).**—A beautiful, almost single Rose of a vivid reddish orange shaded coppery-red. Very useful and beautiful in the bud stage. Growth very vigorous.
- Ophelia (H.T.).**—Palest salmon pink, shaded with apricot in the centre. Flowers of good form on strong rigid stems, and with a delicious perfume. Growth very strong and erect.
- Papa Gontier (T.).**—Rosy crimson, buds long, clear and handsome. Excellent for cutting. An old variety that still finds favour.
- Pink Pearl (H.T.).**—Deep rose pink, with salmon base. Handsome, sweetly scented, full flowers. Growth vigorous and free branching.
- Princess Mary (H.T.).**—Large single flowers of a bright scarlet crimson, with golden yellow anthers.
- Prince Camille de Rohan (H.P.).**—Deep velvety crimson-maroon, very fragrant. A very old variety that must still be included on account of its popularity, deep colouring, and fragrance.
- Radiance (H.T.).**—Carmine pink, opening to well formed globular flowers, with lighter tints on the reverse of the petals. Very fragrant. Growth very strong, with fine foliage.
- Red Radiance (H.T.).**—An even better Rose than its parent "Radiance," bearing large globular cerise-red blooms on strong erect stems. Very free and vigorous.
- Red Letter Day (H.T.).**—Brilliant scarlet-red buds opening to almost single flowers of fair size and produced in great profusion throughout the season. Growth very strong and branching. An excellent Rose for massing or hedge making.
- Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.).**—Rich yellow stained in the bud and outside of blooms with buff markings. Large, sweetly perfumed, well formed blooms. A vigorous yellow Rose of strong upright growth, with healthy foliage.
- Rhea Reid (H.T.).**—Cerise red, blooms freely produced, large, full and of good shape. Sweetly perfumed. A good garden Rose.
- Richard E. West (H.T.).**—Cadmium yellow, shading paler on reflex. Blooms large and full, with high pointed centres. Growth robust and branching.
- Rose Marie (H.T.).**—Long buds of perfect shape, opening to full flowers of an even shade of clear rose pink. Free flowering, and of good growth, with wonderful fragrance. A Rose that will give satisfaction in any garden.
- Roselandia (H.T.).**—Rich apricot yellow, shading paler on the edges of petals. An improvement on "Golden Ophelia," from which it is a sport, being much deeper in colouring. Growth strong, with good foliage.
- Sallie Lewis (H.T.).**—Apricot, shaded creamy white. Very large full flowers of perfect shape, opening freely. Growth vigorous and free flowering. A really fine Rose.
- Salmon Spray (H.T.).**—Semi-double, rich salmon pink with carmine reverse, borne in clusters of up to 20 flowers. Very free flowering and vigorous. A fine bedding Rose that could be used to advantage with the Hybrid Polyantha type.
- Senator (H.T.).**—Dark scarlet, very brilliant, without the slightest trace of blue. Buds long and pointed, opening to well-formed sweetly perfumed blooms. Strong-growing and very free bloomer 2/6
- Sensation (H.T.).**—Crimson red, shaded deeper crimson, quite distinct from any other dark red Rose. Buds long and pointed, flowers large and freely produced. Sweetly perfumed. Growth vigorous, with strong stems and heavy luxuriant foliage.

Plant Salmon Spray with the Strong Growing Polyanthas.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

- Shot Silk (H.T.).**—Coppery rose, flushed and overshot with apricot and yellow. Beautifully formed buds, opening to large cup shaped richly perfumed blooms. Growth strong. A Rose of real beauty and charm.
- Sir David Davis (H.T.).**—Deep glowing crimson, of an even shade throughout, running to light yellow at base. Flowers large, full and pointed. Growth vigorous and upright, very free flowering, and strongly perfumed 2/6
- Souvenir de Cláudius Pernet (Pern.).**—Sunflower yellow, deepening in centre and paling towards the edges of petals. Large beautifully formed flowers carried on stiff stems. Growth strong and erect, glossy foliage.
- Souvenir de Georges Pernet (Pern.).**—Brick red buds, opening to terracotta pink blooms of immense size, very double and deliciously fragrant. Growth dwarf and stocky. A beautiful Rose for bedding.
- Souvenir de G. Beckwith (Pern.).**—Shrimp pink, tinted chrome yellow. Flowers very large and double, moderately fragrant. Growth erect and branching; very productive. A Rose of similar colouring to "Lyons," but of more certain growth.
- Souvenir de H. A. Verschuren (H.T.).**—Light yellow deepening to orange at the centre. Flowers of perfect form and sweetly scented. Growth strong and productive. A Rose of similar habit to "Sunburst," but with richer and more reliable colouring.
- Souvenir de M. de Zayas (H.T.).**—Vivid carmine, with deeper shadings. Blooms very large and perfectly formed, buds long and pointed. Growth strong.
- Souvenir de R. B. Ferguson.**—Buds cerise and apricot, opening to large massive full blooms of a rich shell pink, with yellow base. A beautiful Rose of strong growth.
- Souvenir de Stella Gray (H.T.).**—Deep orange, with splashes of apricot, salmon and crimson. Flowers of medium size, perfectly formed and produced in great freedom. Growth free and bushy.
- Sunburst (H.T.).**—Cadmium yellow, with apricot centre, high pointed buds. A free flowering and vigorous grower. Colour is inclined to vary.
- Sunny South (H.T.).**—Pink flushed with carmine on a yellow base, a most charming combination. A decorative Rose of vigorous growth, with handsome foliage, and long upright stems. Perhaps the best of all Roses for hedge making, or as a tall standard for the centre of beds it is better than most others.
- Sunstar (H.T.).**—Orange and yellow edged veined and splashed with vermilion. Very free and vigorous, and sweetly scented. A distinct Rose, very beautiful in the bud and half opened stage.
- Superb (H.T.).**—Clear soft silvery pink, with deeper shading on the back of petals. Fine full flower of large size and excellent form, carried erect. Free flowering and vigorous.
- Una Wallace (H.T.).**—Soft cherry rose, without shading. A beautifully formed Rose of great depth and substance. Sweetly perfumed.
- Ville de Paris (Pern.).**—Clear sunflower yellow, shaded orange in the centre. Flowers carried on long stiff stems. Growth vigorous and erect, with deep glossy foliage 2/6
- Warrior (H.T.).**—Buds blood red, opening to large double flowers of a vivid scarlet crimson, with broad petals. Growth strong and free flowering.
- White Ensign (H.T.).**—Pure white flushed delicate cream at base of petals. Flowers of medium size, full and well shaped, carried upright on rigid stems. Growth very strong and bushy.
- White Maman Cochet (T.).**—A white form of Maman Cochet, but often flushed with pink on the outer petals. Growth strong and free flowering.
- Yvres Druhen (H.T.).**—Dark velvety red, at times almost black. Flowers fairly full and highly perfumed. Growth very branching.
- Yvonne Vacherot (H.T.).**—Porcelain white, suffused delicate soft pink. Buds long and pointed, opening to perfectly formed flowers. Growth strong.

Shot Silk is Superb as a Bush or Standard.

Polyantha Roses

Very Dwarf Miniature Varieties for Bordering and Massing.

These charming little Roses are of very dwarf and compact growth, seldom exceeding 18 inches in height. They are truly everblooming Roses, being scarcely ever without flowers. The individual blooms are small, but are produced with the greatest freedom in sprays or trusses.

These Roses require very little in the way of pruning. The cutting away of the old flower stalks and any dead or useless wood is all that is required.

The Polyanthas cover a very wide range of flower-forms, sizes and shades of colour, providing ample opportunity for discriminating selection.

Prices:

All varieties not priced are 1/9 each;

Six or more plants at the rate of 18/- per doz.

Aennchen Muller.—Bright rose-pink, with sharply quilled petals, borne in splendid trusses. Strong bushy plants 2 feet high. Almost always in bloom.

Borderer.—Pink shaded with copper and amber. Very dwarf, spreading habit, with good foliage and double deliciously perfumed blooms. A distinct type very suitable for low borders.

Cecile Brunner.—Light pink with yellow base. Small exquisitely formed buds. Taller in growth than most Polyanthas, and more suitable for small hedges.

Coral Cluster.—Small pale coral-pink flowers in very large trusses. Very free flowering. Growth and habit much the same as Orleans.

Ellen Poulsen.—Bright rose pink, with cream base. Rather large, full sweetly scented flowers, borne profusely in large compact clusters. Growth strong, about 24 inches.

Else Poulsen.—Clear rose-pink, unopened buds slightly darker. Free and continuous flowering. A charming bedding variety that can be associated with "Ellen Poulsen" 2/6

George Elger.—Golden coppery yellow, passing to pale yellow when expanded. Graceful sprays. Growth moderate.

Golden Salmon.—Intense fiery golden salmon. Flowers of medium size, produced in large full trusses. Growth strong and bushy, of medium height. A new variety of wonderful colouring that promises well . . 2/6

Gwyneth.—Buds canary yellow, lined crimson. The expanded semi-double flowers are clear sunflower yellow paling to lemon with age. A distinct and pretty variety. Growth bushy 2/6

Ideal.—Small dark scarlet blooms shaded with black, borne with tremendous profusion in immense compact bunches. Darker and more double than Miss Edith Cavell, and of the same habit of growth.

Katherina Zeimet.—Clear pure white, flowers in large clusters and fragrant. A very fine variety for massing where this colour is wanted.

Kirsten Poulsen.—Single, bright scarlet, with golden anthers, trusses carried erect on strong stiff stems. A free and continuous flowering variety with good foliage. Growth and habit as "Orleans" . . . 2/6

Lady Reading.—Bright red flowers in large clusters, the individual blooms large and full, with a faint perfume. Growth vigorous and bushy, very floriferous. A true red sport of "Ellen Poulsen," especially recommended for planting with that variety.

Ellen Poulsen, Else Poulsen, and Lady Reading Make a Fine Combination.

POLYANTHA ROSES.

- Leonie Lamesch.**—Bright coppery red, with yellow centre. Flowers medium size, double, and borne in small clusters. Plant rather tall and not quite as free flowering as others of this class.
- Maman Turbat.**—China rose shading to lilac, semi-double small rounded flowers in large clusters. Growth bushy, 15 to 18 inches, with good foliage. Always in flower.
- Merveille des Rouges.**—Semi-double flowers, deep velvety crimson, with whitish centre, cup shaped and in large upright clusters. Growth, dwarf, 12 to 15 inches, and free flowering.
- Mdlle. S. Bidard.**—Coppery rose shaded with salmon, semi-double, displaying attractive yellow anthers. Growth dwarf and bushy, very free flowering.
- Marie Brissonet.**—Clear rosy flesh, tipped carmine. Small flowers, produced in immense trusses. Very dwarf, free habit.
- Miss Edith Cavell.**—Small semi-double flowers of brilliant scarlet-red, shaded darker, produced in big, compact trusses. Growth sturdy and branching, of the same habit as "Orleans."
- Mrs. W. H. Cutbush.**—Bright rosy red, fading to deep pink, blooms produced in very large trusses. A splendid perpetual flowering variety of dwarf bushy habit. "Orleans" type.
- Orange King.**—Deep orange yellow. A charming and distinct new colour in this class. Flowers very small, produced freely in large trusses. Growth dwarf and compact 2/6
- Orleans Rose.**—Flowers small semi-double, and brilliant light red, suffused rose, with a whitish centre. Blooms without cessation in big, compact trusses. Growth strong and branching, about 18 inches.
- Perle D'or.**—Very pretty nankeen yellow, with orange centre. Small well formed flowers of the "Cecil Brunner" type. Free flowering and rather tall growing.
- Petit Constant.**—Deep coppery orange, small flowers in large upright clusters. A very pretty variety that is always in flower. Medium growth.
- Rodhatte.**—Large semi-double flowers, bright cherry-red, borne in large loose trusses. Growth dwarf and bushy, with large foliage. Very attractive.
- Rufus.**—Pure intense crimson, flowers double, produced in bold upright trusses. A pure self-color that does not burn. Growth free and branching. "Orleans" type 2/6
- Tip Top.**—Well shaped buds and reflexed blooms of coppery yellow and pink, tipped with carmine. Growth dwarf and free flowering.
- Verdun.**—Bright cherry-scarlet shading to carmine. Flowers in large erect trusses, freely produced. Growth dwarf and compact.
-

Roses in Pots.

WE GROW a collection of the best varieties only, in pots for Summer Planting; these established plants can be planted out with safety at any time.

PRICES:

Bushes, Climbers and Polyanthas	24/- per dozen
Three Quarter Standards	48/- per dozen
Weeping Standards	Prices on Application

Ideal is Richer and Darker Than Miss Edith Cavell.

General List

of

Climbing, Rambling and Pillar Roses

PRICES

All varieties not priced are 1/9 each.

Six or more plants at the rate of 18/- per dozen.

Achievement (Wich. Ramb.).—An entirely new break in climbing Roses. The foliage is variegated, and is as ornamental as a Japanese Maple, Flowers freely produced, are deep rose pink, shaded coral . . . 2/6

American Pillar (Wich. Ramb.).—Single, deep pink, with masses of yellow stamens, borne in clusters. Rich glossy foliage.

Banksia Alba.—Double white, small flowers in clusters in Spring. Strong growing.

Banksia Lutea.—Double yellow, habit and growth same as Banksia Alba.

Black Boy (H.T.).—Deep crimson, shaded with blackish maroon overlaying fiery scarlet. Free flowering and very vigorous.

Bushfire (Wich. Ramb.).—Bright rich crimson with yellow base. Quite the brightest and best of the Wichuriana varieties.

Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H.T.).—Bright rosy pink, large and beautifully formed. Very free flowering.

Climbing Caroline Testout (H.T.).—Bright warm pink, large globular blooms. Very vigorous and free.

Climbing Chateau de C. Vougeot (H.T.).—Glowing red deeply shaded black and scarlet, very double and intensely fragrant. A strong vigorous climber flowering continuously throughout the year.

Climbing Columbia (H.T.).—Lovely bright pink, sweetly scented, flowers of exquisite shape, deepening in colour as they expand. A vigorous climber with fine foliage.

Climbing Devoniensis (T.).—Creamy white shading to blush in centre. A vigorous climber with dark foliage.

Climbing Dean Hole (H.T.).—Silvery carmine, shaded with salmon. A vigorous climbing variety of this old favorite. A decided acquisition to exhibitors.

Climbing Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.).—Magnificent snow-white blooms, with deep, firm petals. Growth vigorous, but not of good climbing habit.

Climbing Gen. McArthur (H.T.).—Bright scarlet crimson blooms, of nice size and shape, delightfully perfumed, and produced freely on long erect stems. Very vigorous.

Climbing Chateau de C. Vougeot Flowers Throughout the Year.

CLIMBING ROSES.

- Climbing George Schwartz (T.).**—Bright canary yellow, very rich in colour. A doubtful climber in most situations, for which reason we prefer "Climbing Lady Hillingdon."
- Climbing Golden Ophelia (H.T.).**—Golden yellow, paling slightly on the outer petals. Flowers medium size. A vigorous climber and one of the best yellows we have.
- Climbing Hoosier Beauty.**—Deep velvety crimson, well formed and deliciously fragrant blooms. A strong vigorous climber, producing well shaped flowers on long stems.
- Climbing Irish Fireflame (H.T.).**—Large single blooms, orange crimson, shaded gold and sweetly fragrant. A strong vigorous climber with pleasing foliage.
- Climbing K. A. Victoria (H.T.).**—Creamy white, slightly shaded lemon. Large, full and well formed. Growth strong.
- Climbing Lady Greenall (H.T.).**—Creamy white shaded orange saffron and pink. Beautifully formed blooms with high centres. Strong climbing habit.
- Climbing La France (H.T.).**—Silvery rose, with pale lilac shading. We have a strong vigorous climbing strain of this old favourite.
- Climbing Lady Ashtown (H.T.).**—Satiny buds, and blooms of deep shining pink, with a yellow glow at base of petals, fragrant. Growth strong.
- Climbing Lyon Rose (H.T.).**—Shrimp pink, shaded with salmon. Large sweetly scented globular blooms. Strong climbing habit.
- Climbing Laurent Carl (H.T.).**—Gigantic oval buds and blooms of deep carmine crimson, perfectly formed and perfumed. A free flowering and vigorous grower.
- Climbing Los Angeles (H.T.).**—Bright flaming salmon shaded with apricot. The flowers are attractively reflexed and pointed. Strong climbing habit.
- Climbing Lady Hillingdon (T.).**—Deep apricot yellow, blooms of medium size, borne in the greatest profusion. Growth and foliage perfect.
- Climbing Madame A. Chatenay (H.T.).**—Pale salmon pink, with deeper centre, well shaped blooms of medium size on long stems. A strong rampant grower with good foliage.
- Climbing Madame Butterfly (H.T.).**—Salmon flesh, shaded rose, with apricot and gold base. Blooms beautifully shaped and richly perfumed. A strong vigorous climber with perfect foliage 2/6
- Climbing Madame S. Weber (H.T.).**—Light rosy salmon, with deeper centre. Blooms freely produced, are large and of perfect form. Strong climbing habit.
- Climbing Maman Cochet (T.).**—Carmine pink suffused with salmon yellow, blooms of immense size, with high pointed centre. Very strong climbing habit.
- Climbing Madame E. Herriot (Pern.).**—Buds coral red and orange, opening to large moderately full blooms of brilliant orange-red and salmon. One of the most brilliantly coloured Roses we have. Strong climbing habit and very free flowering.
- Climbing Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.).**—Indian yellow, occasionally shaded with salmon rose, and sweetly perfumed. A vigorous free flowering climber, very beautiful in the bud stage.
- Climbing Mrs. Herbert Stevens (H.T.).**—Clear white, with pale lemon shading in centre. Buds long and pointed, opening to blooms of perfect shape. A vigorous branching climber of free flowering habit.

Our Climbing La France has new Climbing Life, but Still its Sweet Perfume.

CLIMBING ROSES.

- Climbing Ophelia (H.T.).**—Palest salmon pink, shaded with apricot in the centre. Flowers of good form on strong rigid stems. A moderate climber of free flowering habit, suitable for pillars.
- Climbing Papa Gontier (T.).**—Rosy crimson, buds long, clean and handsome, excellent for cutting. A strong vigorous climber.
- Climbing Sunburst (H.T.).**—Cadmium yellow, with apricot centre, high pointed buds. A free rampant grower, with good foliage.
- Climbing Sunstar (H.T.).**—Orange and yellow edged veined and splashed with vermilion, very free flowering and sweetly perfumed. A moderate climber, very suitable for pillars.
- Climbing White Maman Cochet (T.).**—A white form of Maman Cochet, but often flushed with pink on the outer petals. Free climbing habit.
- Cloth of Gold (N.).**—Pale yellow, deepening in centre. A free flowering vigorous climber of spreading habit, with fine foliage.
- Crimson Rambler (Poly.).**—Small bright crimson flowers, produced in trusses. An old-time favourite still wanted on account of its name, but not worth a place in any garden on account of its liability to mildew. We recommend "Bushfire" or "Excelsa" where a crimson rambling Rose is required.
- Dorothy Perkins (Wich. Ramb.).**—A delightful shade of rose pink, flowers double and produced in large clusters in early Summer. A strong spreading Rambler of free flowering habit.
- Dr. Huey (Wich. Ramb.).**—Semi-double rather large flowers of deepest crimson-maroon, shaded black, with golden anthers. Flowers produced very freely in large clusters. Growth similar to "Paul's Scarlet," and like that fine Rose, best as a pillar.
- Excelsa (Wich. Ramb.).**—Bright scarlet crimson, flowers very double, and produced in large clusters. Foliage thick and glossy. One of the finest of the rambling Roses.
- Fortuniana.**—Medium-sized creamy white fragrant flowers, freely produced in early Spring. A rampant grower of similar habit to the Banksia Roses.
- Fortune's Yellow (N.).**—Orange yellow shaded with bronze, semi-double flowers opening freely in Spring. Vigorous branching habit, bronze wood covered with thorns.
- Gruss an Teplitz (H.T.).**—Brilliant crimson with velvety shadings, medium sized very fragrant blooms, always in flower. Growth moderate. A fine Pillar Rose.
- Hiawatha (Wich. Ramb.).**—Small single flowers of brilliant carmine, with white eye, and showing yellow stamens. Clusters very large, borne in tremendous profusion in Spring.
- Heart of Gold (Wich. Ramb.).**—Dark purplish crimson, with a white centre and showy golden stamens. Very distinct and beautiful. Large single blooms produced in clusters. Growth very healthy and strong, with good glossy foliage. A very fine Pillar Rose.
- Jessie Clark.**—A large single-flowered hybrid of Rose Gigantea. Clear deep pink, paling towards centre. Large flowers opening in early Spring. A strong rampant grower that requires to grow naturally without any pruning for best results.
- Kitty Kininmonth (H.T.).**—Bright carmine rose, large semi-double decorative blooms, with very large petals. Large bright green foliage. A moderate climber most suitable as a Pillar Rose.
- Lady Gay (Wich. Ramb.).**—Small double deep rose flowers in large trusses, of same growth and habit as "Dorothy Perkins," but perhaps a little larger and deeper at times.
- Marechal Neil (N.).**—Deep golden yellow, double and extremely fragrant. A well-known old variety that thrives in a few situations only.

Heart of Gold is One of the Best Ramblers we have.

CLIMBING ROSES.

- Miss Marion Manifold (H.T.).**—Rich velvety scarlet, shaded with crimson, flowers very large and full. A free and constant bloomer. Sweetly scented. A strong vigorous climber, one of the best and most popular in our collection.
- Mrs. F. W. Flight (Poly.).**—Deep rose pink, with white eye, large semi-double flowers, produced in trusses. A vigorous grower. At its best when treated as a Pillar Rose.
- Mermaid.**—Single, pale sulphur yellow, with masses of deep golden stamens, which stand out prominently. A hybrid of "Rose Bracteata," with good glossy foliage and strong vigorous climbing habit.
- Noella Nabonnand (H.T.).**—Large semi-double, velvety crimson flowers with pale centres. Petals large and firm. Sweetly perfumed. Strong early flowering climber.
- Paul's Scarlet Climber (H. Wich.).**—Vivid brilliant scarlet crimson of exceptional merit. Flowers of moderate size, borne most freely in Spring and early Summer. Of moderate growth. One of the most suitable Roses for pillars and pergolas.
- Phyllis Bide (Poly.).**—Pale gold at base, flushed with carmine pink. Flowers semi-double and produced in large graceful sprays. Growth free and branching. A very fine Pillar Rose.
- Queen of Hearts (H.T.).**—Pure deep pink, fairly full, sweetly perfumed flowers, continuously in flower. Growth moderate, very useful for pillars.
- Royal Scarlet (H. Wich.).**—A valuable addition to the red climbers. Free flowering. After the style of "Paul's Scarlet," but the flowers are a shade deeper in colour and a little smaller in size. A fine Pillar Rose.
- Shower of Gold (Wich.).**—Buds golden yellow, opening orange yellow, and paling to creamy white flowers with golden centres. A vigorous rampant grower with beautiful glossy foliage.
- Sinica Anemone.**—A very beautiful large single flowering Rose, of light silvery pink, deepening to bright rose at base of petals. Very rampant grower with glossy foliage.
- Sinica Alba.**—Large single creamy white flowers with golden anthers. Of the same growth and habit as "Sinica Anemone."
- Souvenir de Leonie Viennot (T.).**—Silvery rose, shading to carmine, base of petals canary yellow. A wonderfully free flowering climber of strong rampant growth with good foliage.
- Tausendschon (Poly.).**—Semi-double bright pink, opening to rosy carmine shaded with yellow. Flowers produced in large trusses and slightly fragrant. A strong healthy almost thornless climber. Particularly strong as a Pillar Rose.
- Veilchenblau (Poly.).**—Semi-double, purple rose, opening steel blue shaded with dark rose. Large, bold trusses. A strong vigorous grower.
- Zephirine Drouhin (B.).**—Vivid pink well formed flowers of good shape and size, exquisitely perfumed. Strong almost thornless growth, with deep bronzy foliage.

We have many other Roses in stock, of which we grow only small lots. If we do not list the variety you want, ask us about it, we may have it, or perhaps it has been discarded for something better.

Royal Scarlet is Even Better than Paul's Scarlet.

Special Collections of Roses.

Varieties Specially Selected for Various Purposes.

These special collections are made up of strong selected plants that are packed free and forwarded post or freight paid if cash is enclosed with order.

These special concessions do not apply to export orders which require special packing.

No. 1.

GENERAL GARDEN COLLECTION.

Twenty-four Varieties in Strong Dwarf or Bush Plants.

Price, 35/-; or Half Collection for 18/-.

Angele Pernet	Lord Lambourne	Roselandia
Arthur Cook	Mabel Morse	Rev. F. Page Roberts
Betty Uprichard	Madame Butterfly	Shot Silk
Columbia	Madame E. Heriot	Sunny South
Etoile de Hollande	Madame A. Chatenay	Souv. de H. A.
Hadley	Mrs. Bryce Allan	Verschuren
John C. M. Mensing	Pink Pearl	Souv. de G. Pernet
Lady F. Stronge	Rose Marie	White Ensign
Lady Hillingdon		

No. 2.

NOVELTY COLLECTION.

Twelve Varieties of Recent Introduction in Strong Dwarf or Bush Plants.

Price, 25/-.

Charles P. Kilham	Golden Gleam	Mrs. Talbot O'Farrell
Dame Edith Helen	Lady Worthington	Norman Lambert
Duchess of York	Evans	Sir David Davis
Dr. J. G. Fraser	Madame A. Barbier	Ville de Paris
Dorina Neave		

No. 3.

STANDARD COLLECTION.

Twenty-four Strong Three-quarter Standards (30 inch).

Price, £4; or Half Collection, 12 Plants, for £2.

Angele Pernet	Lord Lambourne	Roselandia
Arthur Cook	Mabel Morse	Rev. F. Page Roberts
Betty Uprichard	Madame Butterfly	Shot Silk
Columbia	Madame E. Heriot	Sunny South
Etoile de Hollande	Madame A. Chatenay	Souv. de H. A.
Hadley	Mrs. Bryce Allan	Verschuren
John C. M. Mensing	Pink Pearl	Souv. de G. Pernet
Lady F. Stronge	Rose Marie	White Ensign
Lady Hillingdon		

All Our Roses are Grown in New Soil at our Greensborough Nursery.

COLLECTIONS OF ROSES.

No. 4.

CLIMBING COLLECTION.

Twelve Strong Vigorous Large Flowered Climbers.

Price, 18/-.

Black Boy	Clg. Lady Hillingdon	Clg. Sunburst
Clg. Columbia	Clg. Mad. E. Heriot	Kitty Kininmonth
Clg. Chat. de Vougeot	Clg. Mad. Butterfly	Miss M. Manifold
Clg. Golden Ophelia	Clg. Mrs. H. Stevens	Souv. de L. Viennot

No. 5.

RAMBLING COLLECTION.

Six Strong Vigorous Wichuraiana or Rambling Roses.

Price, 9/-.

Achievement	Bushfire	Excelsa
American Pillar	Dorothy Perkins	Shower of Gold

No. 6.

PILLAR COLLECTION.

Six Strong Vigorous Roses, Suitable for Pillars, Pergolas, or for Training to Stakes at the Back of Borders.

Price, 9/-.

Dr. Huey	Phyllis Bide	Royal Scarlet
Mrs. F. W. Flight	Paul's Scarlet	Tausendschon

No. 7.

POLYANTHA OR MINIATURE COLLECTION.

Twelve Strong Polyantha Roses Suitable for Bordering.

Price, 18/-; Three Plants of Each for £2/10/-.

Borderer	Maman Turbat	Orleans Rose
Ellen Poulsen	Merveille de Rauges	Rodhatte
Ideal	Miss Edith Cavell	Tip Top
Lady Reading	Mrs. W. H. Cutbush	Verdun

These collections are sent packed free and freight paid for Cash with order only.

Customers desiring to take advantage of these selections must state definitely the number of the collection required when ordering.

We reserve the right to substitute similar varieties should stocks of any of those listed be exhausted on receipt of order.

For a hedge or divisional break in a garden, nothing is more effective than a row of "Sunny South" planted 3 feet apart. Quick in growth, and flowering for the greater part of the year. Strong plants, 18/- per doz.

Don't Neglect to Prune Your Roses After Planting.



Part 3.



Perennial and Herbaceous Plants.

All our perennial plants are strong, vigorous roots, and will flower the first season after planting. We do not sell tiny divisions which take several seasons to establish.

Anemone Japonica— Japanese Windflower.

Growing about 3 feet high, and flowering continuously from February to May, these are amongst the most beautiful and useful of perennial plants. They will grow well in any good, rich soil, preferably in half shade or with just a little protection from the fierce rays of our Summer sun.

The varieties we offer are selected from recent importations from the Continent. They represent a great advance in size of flower, form and colouring.

- Autumn Queen.**—Large, vigorous, free flowering variety, semi-double flowers. Color salmon pink 2/6
- Buhler Kind.**—Rich and very early flowering, the buds are nearly yellow, opening to pure cream and very double 2/6
- Krimhild.**—Cup shaped semi-double flowers, clear, bright pink 2/6
- Louise Uhink.**—A strong, vigorous variety with large double white flowers. Very beautiful. Quite the best white variety in cultivation 2/6
- Loreley.**—Cup shaped, semi-double flowers, clear lilac-rose 2/6
- Prince Henry.**—A beautiful deep red variety with very large semi-double flowers. A grand sort for cutting 2/6
- Treasure.**—Clear pink, extra large full double flower. Free flowering. A very fine variety 2/6
- Whirlwind.**—Pure white semi-double flowers, with a whorl of green bracts round the base of the petals 2/-
- Our Selection of Six Finest Varieties for 12/6.

ACHILLEA Eupatorium 2/-
A hardy spreading perennial producing quantities of large flat heads of yellow flowers in Summer.

ASPHODELUS luteus 2/-
Ornamental tufts of glaucous blue foliage, from which rise terminal spikes of bright golden yellow flowers. 3 feet.

ARMERIA—The Thrifts or Sea Pinks—
Dwarf-growing perennials with foliage clustering close to the ground, the attractive flowers rising on long rigid stems.

cephalotes Ruby.—A fine plant for bordering or cutting. The large rosy carmine flowers are produced freely throughout the year on long graceful stems. Very attractive 2/-

plantaginea gigantea.—A very attractive variety producing its giant bright clear pink flowers on stems 18 inches long. Very effective 2/-

Vindictine.—A compact variety with rich purplish crimson flowers on stems 6 to 9 inches long 2/-

ASTILBE—(See Spirea.)

AURICULA Hybrida.—The Dusty Miller 15/- doz. 1/6
Dwarf Primula-like plants producing their attractive flowers in Winter and early Spring. Mixed colours only

BOLTONIA asteroides 2/-
A tall-growing perennial with dense heads of white daisy-like flowers in Autumn.

COREOPSIS GRANDIFLORA, PERRY'S VARIETY.

One of the finest border plants introduced for many years, and one that will commend itself to all lovers of hardy plants, best described as a semi-double *Coreopsis grandiflora*, forming neat bushes of bright green foliage, from which issue during Spring, Summer, and Autumn hundreds of wiry stems bearing large open semi-double flowers of a glorious shade of rich golden yellow. For cutting or general border decoration this beautiful plant stands unrivalled.

Strong plants grown from cuttings, price 1/6 each; 12/- doz.

Plant the Japanese Anemones in a cool moist place.

Campanula—The Bell-flower or Hare Bell.

Beautiful Summer flowering perennials, in most cases the foliage clustering on the ground, from which rise spikes of pendulous bell flowers. They thrive in cool borders or shrubberies.

See also Alpine plants for the low-growing kinds.

bononiense—A tall, free flowering pale blue variety, 3 feet 2/-
celtidifolia (Syn. *latifolia*)—Light mauve blue, when established growing 4 feet. Very effective 2/6

Glomerata superba—A very fine perennial throwing up its compact spikes of deep purple flowers in Summer. 18 inches 2/-

latifolia—Large purple flowers, free flowering and spreading. 2 ft. 1/6

longistyla—A dwarf variety producing spikes of purplish blue flowers 2/-

nobilis alba—A distinct species with large pendant white bells spotted with pink. 18 in. 2/-

persicifolia—Large heads of rich blue flowers 1/6

persicifolia alba—Pure white, single 1/6

persicifolia chrystocalyx—Deep, rich blue, very large flowers on tall spikes 2/-

persicifolia humosa—Double blue flowers 2/-

persicifolia Moerheimii—Double white 2/-

persicifolia Feltham Beauty—Pale blue single flowers, very free flowering 2/-

persicifolia, Telham Beauty—A grand variety, the plants grow about 4 feet high, having long wiry stems clothed with huge single bell-shaped open flowers of a lovely China blue; a really beautiful plant 3/6

primulaefolia—A tall growing variety throwing up spire-like spikes of 4 feet, which are crowded with upright bell flowers rich blue with violet blue centre; very attractive 2/6

CATANANCHE coerulea—Cupid's Dart 2/-

A very beautiful plant from the south of France, that thrives in any sunny situation, throwing up quantities of its rich blue flowers in Summer. Very fine for cutting.

CENTAUREA macrocephala 2/6

A tall-growing perennial of 4 feet, producing large golden heads of bloom. Very fine for cutting.

CERATOSTIGMA plumbaginoides (Syn. *Plumbago larpentae*) 18/- doz., 2/-

A pretty perennial of spreading nature, producing masses of wiry stems surmounted with clusters of cabalt blue flowers during Summer and Autumn. In late Autumn the foliage colours beautifully.

CLEMATIS, Davidiana 2/6

A distinct perennial throwing up in Summer and Autumn spikes of 2 to 3 feet, bearing dense whorls of pale azure blue hyacinth-like flowers, which are deliciously perfumed.

CYNOGLOSSUM amabile 15/- doz., 1/6

A hardy perennial with attractive grey-green foliage and large masses of rich Delphinium blue Forget-me-not like flowers produced throughout the year. Thriving in any soil or situation. Grown in pots for transplanting.

Campanula Telham Beauty has huge bells, 3 inches across.

Delphinium—Perennial

Larkspurs.

These handsome, stately plants produce long, bold, flower spikes, ranging in colour from the palest sky blue to the darkest shades of indigo and violet. Some have a tinge of rose, pink or purple, and the bee-like centres, varying from pure white to brown and bronzy black. Some of the varieties are remarkable for their large single flowers, others for their very double or large semi-double flowers. When grown in bold groups, whether in beds, herbaceous borders, or shrubberies, few plants are so striking, or produce a more brilliant effect, during the Summer and early Autumn.

Delphiniums are perfectly hardy, succeeding in any ordinary garden soil well enriched with manure. Before planting, dig the ground deeply adding plenty of well-decomposed manure. Copious watering in Summer, when the weather is dry, will secure finer flower spikes, and if, after the first flowering the plants are cut down, fresh flowering spikes will be produced, thus lengthening the display. They are distinctly lime-loving plants, and frequent dressings of well slacked lime during Winter and Spring, will be found beneficial to the plants, as well as keeping in check slugs, which play such havoc with the tender shoots.

Mixed Hybrids 9/- and 12/- per doz.

Specially selected varieties, mixed colours, equal to the best imported named varieties 18/- and 24/- per doz.

DORONICUM plantagineum excelsum—Harpur Crewe 1/6

A very free and showy perennial, producing quantities of large golden yellow daisy-like flowers during Spring-Summer. Fine for cutting.

DRACOCEPHALUM Ruyschianum—The Dragon's Head 2/-

A hardy perennial, 1½ feet high and producing quantities of attractive pale lavender blue flowers through Summer and Autumn.

ECHINOPS—The Globe Thistles—

Robust plants with large ornamental spiny leaves usually woolly underneath, and leafy flower-heads, terminated by heads of globular flowers at first green then gradually changing to attractive shades of blue. Fine for cutting.

bannaticus—Grey blue, very tall. 5 ft. 2/-

ritro—Solid heads of deep blue flowers. 3 ft. 2/-

ERIGERON—The Summer Star Wort—

Hardy perennials, producing quantities of Aster-like flowers throughout Summer and Autumn.

aurantiacus—A dwarf growing variety with glowing orange coloured flowers 2/-

elatio gigantea—Very large flowers of a pale lilac colour, on stems 2 to 3 feet high. One of the best perennials for cutting, flowering best in late Autumn and Winter 2/-

ERYNGIUM planum—The Sea Holly 2/-

An interesting plant, having bold spiny foliage and branching flower stems of rich blue thistle-like flowers. Thrives in a well drained sunny position.

FRANCOA ramosa—The Wand Flower 2/-

An attractive plant forming rosettes of stiff prostrate foliage, from which rise in Summer tall spikes of blush white flowers. Thriving in half shade.

GALEGA Hartlandi 2/-

A showy perennial with elegant foliage and spikes of clear mauve blue pea shaped flowers.

GAILLARDIA Monarch 18/- per doz. 2/-

A grand variety producing quantities of large flowers, often attaining a diameter of 4 to 5 inches, and held erect on stiff stems a yard or more long. Colour crimson in centre, with wide yellow margin.

GAURA Lindheimeri 2/-

A distinct perennial growing about 3 feet and producing quantities of blush white flowers throughout the year.

GERBERA hybrida—The Transvaal Daisy 24/- per doz 2/6

Fine perennials with large daisy-like flowers on long rigid stems, produced throughout the Summer months. They thrive in warm, well-drained positions only. Strong roots of mixed colours from cream to scarlet.

Echinops produce fine lasting flowers for cutting in Summer.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

GYPSOPHILA—

Graceful plants for the border, with leaves like those of the pink and myriads of tiny flowers disposed in light spreading panicles. They thrive in sunny situations.

- acutifolia**—Pale mauve pink. Summer flowering. 4 ft. 2/-
paniculata flore pleno—Smothered in dainty double white flowers, highly prized for cutting 2/6
paniculata—Minute white flowers on hair-like stems, forming a gauzy mass. 3 ft. Summer flowering 2/-
Stevani—White Spring flowering. 18 in. 2/-

HELENIUM—

Useful perennials producing large heads of flowers during Summer and Autumn. Very suitable for cutting. 4 feet.

- pumilum magnificum**—Large clear yellow, free flowering 2/-
Riverton Beauty—Rich lemon, yellow, with a large cone of purplish black 2/-
Riverton Gem—Yellow, shaded terra cotta and bronze 2/-

HELLEBORUS—Christmas Rose 18/- per doz., 2/-

Hardy evergreen perennials, with single rose-like flowers, produced freely from May to September. They delight in a shady position in any ordinary garden soil enriched with manure. (Can be planted throughout the year.) The flowers when cut, last for three or four weeks in water, provided the ends are split.

Tall growing, free flowering Hybrids from the collection, as grown in the Ballarat Gardens, where they grow to perfection, each plant producing hundreds of flowers. Pink, red, rose, purple, white, etc. Mixed colours only.

HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana 2/-

A hardy perennial of 4 feet, producing quantities of bright golden yellow semi-double flowers during Summer and Autumn.

HELIANTHUS—Perennial Sunflower—

Hardy herbaceous perennials that thrive anywhere, producing during Summer quantities of attractive flowers that are useful for cutting.

- maximiliana**—Single yellow, very tall growing 2/-
Miss Mellish—Semi double yellow, very fine 2/-

HIBISCUS—Giant Mallows—

Hardy herbaceous perennial varieties, throwing up strong shoots 4 to 6 feet high in Spring. The flowers are large, often over 6 inches across, and are produced freely through Summer and Autumn. They are moisture-loving plants, and thrive in rich deep soil. The foliage turns golden yellow before falling in late Autumn. Cut back to the ground level each Winter. Strong roots available from June to August.

- moscheutos alba**—Pure white, with crimson eye 2/6
moscheutos carminea—Deep carmine pink 2/6
moscheutos coccineus—Large rich crimson 2/6
moscheutos striatus—Deep pink with red lines 2/6

HEUCHERA—Fairy Flowers

A very useful family of plants for cutting and general border decoration, forming tufts of evergreen foliage from which emanate scores of wiry stems clothed with tiny pendant flowers, almost throughout the year, but best in Spring.

- gracillima**—Perry's variety—Crimson shading to rose, very small flowers in immense sheaves 2 to 3 feet high 1/6
Monsquetaire—Brilliant rich scarlet. Extra fine 2/6
Nancy Perry—Pale pink shaded bright rose 1/6
Richardsonii—The beauty of this variety lies in its rich marbled foliage, which is most attractive in mid-Winter, flowers greenish 1/6
sanquinea—Bright crimson, strong clumps (see Perennial Bordering plants 1/6
tiarelloides—Bronze pink flowers opening in Winter and again in Spring. Very tall 2/-
Trevor Pink—A beautiful soft rose pink, large flowers 2/6
White Empress—Pale creamy white 1/6

Helleborus flower during the dull Winter months.

Lupinus Polyphyllus—

Perennial Lupins.

The perennial Lupins are amongst the most attractive of all herbaceous plants, producing tufts of soft green foliage, from which arise in succession stately spikes of bloom from October onwards. The long towering spikes are very effective for cutting. They delight in full sun and thrive in any garden soil that is well drained and not too heavily manured, an occasional dressing of lime is very beneficial.

Roots available for planting from May to October.

Mixed hybrids—A very fine strain containing a good mixture of colours ranging from the palest pink through rose, carmine, mauve and blue to the deepest of purples.

Mixed colours only 15/- per doz.

Named Varieties.

Price, 3/- each; 16/- per half-doz.; 30/- per doz.

Adoree—Clear, bright pink; a very fine attractive variety.

Aubrey Prichard—Clear salmon pink. A very fine formed spike, and one of the best of the pink shades.

Cheering—Deep pink shaded with rose, very long attractive spikes.

Dawson's Blue—A fine clear blue, very effective.

Elegant—Deep rich blue, showy colour.

G. Waredroper—Good, long spikes of rich royal purple.

Lavender Queen—A vigorous grower, with strong spikes of self lavender blue flowers.

Olinda—Clear pink, with white crest.

Ruby—A dwarf compact variety with spikes of deep carmine flowers.

Snow Spire—A beautiful snow-like white, with exceptionally long and well-formed spikes, sweetly scented.

Sunshine—Good long spikes of bright golden yellow flowers.

LIATRIS spicata 2/-

An attractive perennial producing stiff erect stems of rich deep glowing mauve flowers. Which open from the top of the spike first. 2 feet.

LINUM perenne—The Perennial Flax 2/-

A hardy and easily grown perennial with wiry stems covered with beautiful pale blue flowers during Spring and Summer.

LOBELIA CARDINALIS—Queen Victoria 15/- doz. 1/6

A distinct perennial with bronze purple foliage, throwing up tall spiral spikes of attractive vermilion scarlet flowers in Spring and Summer. Requires a moist sheltered spot.

LYCHNIS chalcedonica 2/-

A most attractive perennial producing quantities of heads of its brilliant scarlet flowers through Summer and Autumn. 2 to 3 feet.

LYTHRUM virgatum—Rose Queen 2/-

A tall perennial plant of 3 feet, with dense foliage and spikes of deep rose flowers produced during Summer and Autumn.

MEGASEA (Saxifraga)—The Heart-leaved Saxifrage—

Handsome hardy plants with large heart-shaped foliage and brilliant rose coloured flowers in various shades produced during the Winter and early Spring months. Ideal plants for borders or edges of shrubberies.

Athlete—Bright rose, very fine 2/6

cordifolia—Light rose pink, wax-like flowers opening during the dull Winter months 15/- per doz. 1/6

cordifolia purpurea—Pale rosy purple 2/6

Corrugata—Bright rosy red 2/6

Distinction—Rosy purple 2/6

Giant—Purple, immense foliage 2/6

Orbiculare—Deep rose 2/6

Schmidtii—Light rose 2/6

The Perennial Lupins flower through Spring, Summer & Autumn.

Lupinus Polyphyllus, Hybrids.



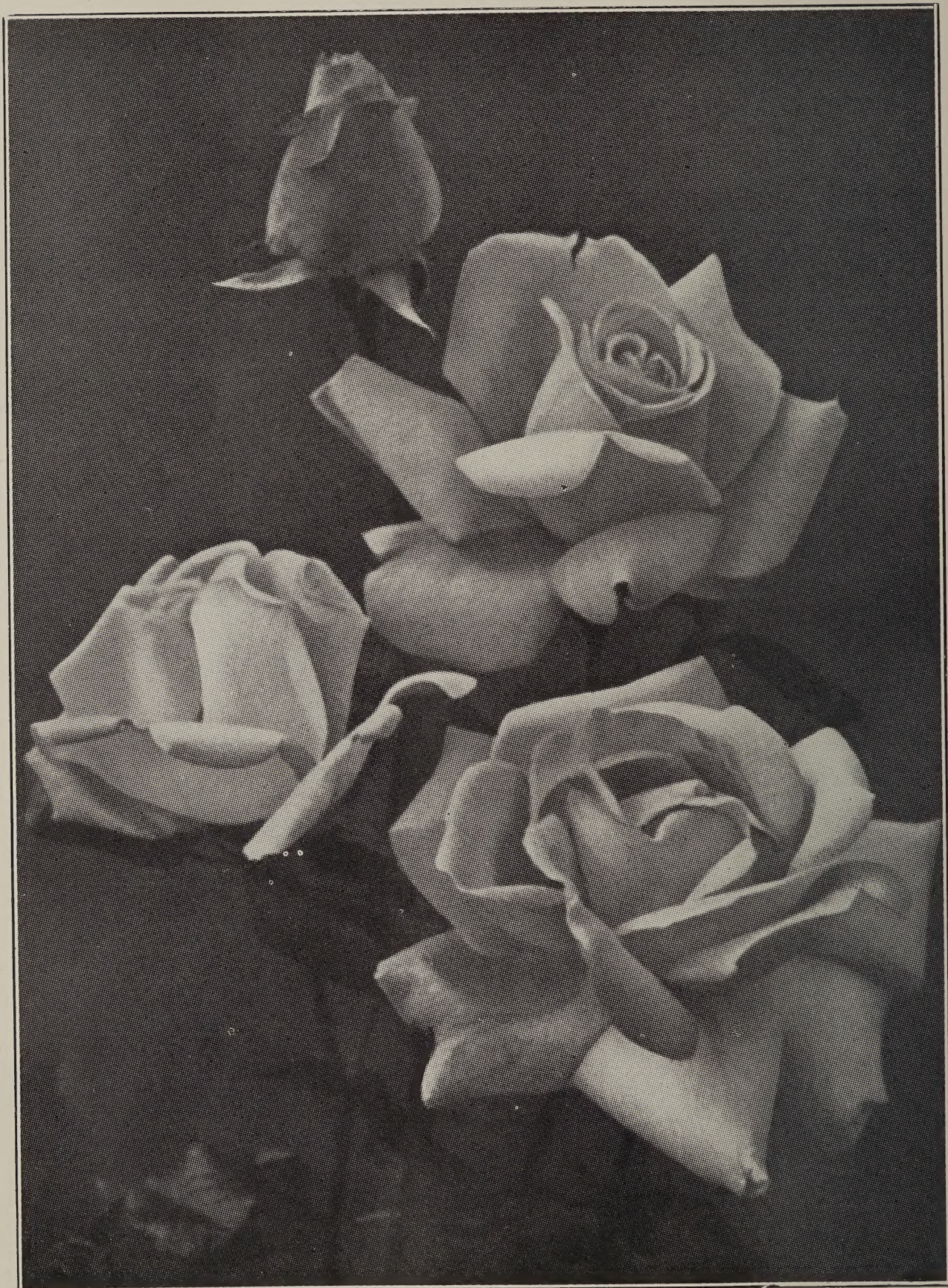
We have a very fine range of colours in these delightful Spring, Summer and Autumn flowering perennials.

Roots available May to October.

Mixed colours, 15/- per doz.

Named varieties, 3/- each, 16/- per half doz., 30/- per doz.

Rose, Shot Silk.



A vigorous and richly-coloured Rose that should be in every garden.

Bush plants, 1/9 each; Three-quarter Standards, 3/6.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

MONARDA—The Bergamot—

Showy free-growing herbaceous plants, with tall quadrangular stems, and dense masses of flowers made conspicuous by their coloured bracts.

Sunset—Rich scarlet crimson 2/-
 purpurea—Violet purple 2/-

PENTSTEMON hybrids—

Hardy perennials, thriving in any ordinary garden soil, in an open and sunny position. Few plants are so beautiful or produce so brilliant an effect in beds or borders during Spring, Summer and Autumn. Colors range from bluish white, pink, salmon, rose and scarlet to violet and purple shades. The long pyramidal spikes of large Gloxinia like flowers are always admired.

Named varieties, assorted colours 15/- per doz. 1/6

PENTSTEMON species—

heterophyllus—A little gem, forming erect bushes covered with spikes of light blue flowers, always in flower. 18 in. 15/- per doz. 1/6
 pubescens—A dwarf free flowering perennial of 1 ft. Flowers lilac and white. 1 ft. 2/-
 spectabilis—Erect spikes of pale lavender blue flowers in Spring. 2 ft. 2/-

PHYGELIUS capensis—The Cape Fig Wort—

A hardy shrubby perennial, thriving in any situation and producing erect stems of pendulous scarlet flowers in Summer and Autumn.

PHYSOSTEGIA—The Dragon's Head—

Hardy herbaceous perennials, producing in Summer and Autumn tall erect spikes of Salvia-like flowers. Useful for cutting.

virginiana—Mauve pink 2/-
 virginiana alba—Pure white 2/-
 virginiana speciosum—Pale pink. The dark stemmed variety . . 2/-

POLYANTHUS Hybrids—Bunch Flowered Primroses.

We have a very fine strain of these attractive Spring flowering plants.

Seedlings or divisions per doz. 2/6
 Strong flowering clumps per doz. 5/-

PRIMULA—

Hardy shade and moisture loving plants producing their tall spikes of attractive flowers in Spring.

denticulata—Pale lilac, very dense globular heads of flower . . . 1/6
 japonica—Bright carmine red with darker eye 1/6
 pulverulenta—Dark crimson, in whorls on stems 2 ft. high . . . 1/6

PRIMROSE—

Hardy well-known dwarf growing free flowering bordering plants, producing quantities of flowers in Spring.

Blue hybrids—A fine selection of various shades of blue, from pale lavender to deep violet 15/- per doz. 1/6
 Double mauve—Yellow and White 1/6
 vulgaris—"The English Primrose." The common yellow variety.
 Divisions 2/6 per doz.; clumps, 5/- per doz.

PYRETHRUM—

Showy and useful perennials with feathery foliage and large single semi-double and double flowers, produced on stems 18 inches to 2 feet long. They are amongst the most useful of all flowers for cutting, preferring a good rich loamy soil in an open situation with plenty of moisture in Summer. Plant from May to September.

Hybrids—A fine mixture of colors for bordering, ranging from blush white through shades of rose and pink to rich crimson.
 Double and single per doz. 3/6

James Kelway—Large single, bright scarlet flowers, borne erect on rigid stems, 2 ft. high. One of the finest perennials we have. Unsurpassed for cutting, flowering through Spring, Summer and Autumn 2/6

Mont Blanc—Very large full double white flowers 1/6
 Pink Perfection—Bright rose pink, lighter towards the centre.
 Fine long stems 2/-

Megasea cordiflora thrives in a cool moist situation.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

RUDBECKIA—The Cone Flower—

Hardy herbaceous perennials, growing 4 to 6 feet high, and producing in Summer and Autumn sunflower like flowers in dense trusses. Very fine for cutting.

Autumn Glory—Large single golden yellow, with cane-like centre.

6 ft. 1/6

Golden Glow—Large flowers, double, deep golden yellow, 6 ft. . . 1/6

purpurea (Syn. *Echinacae*)—Petals deep ruby, long and narrow, with large cone-like centre. Very attractive. 4 ft. 1/6

purpurea Taplow Crimson—A dwarf free-flowering variety, with bright ruby crimson petals and large orange crimson cone. A very effective variety, opening well during the hot months of summer 2/6

SALVIA—The Perennial Salvia—

Very showy border plants of branching habit, flowers in dense spikes throughout the Summer and Autumn. They are very effective and thrive anywhere.

azurea—Sky blue, very effective in Autumn, 3 ft. 2/-

Bethellii—Bright rosy pink, tipped with white. 3 ft. 2/-

bicolour—(Syn. *dichroa*)—Lavender blue and white, very distinct. 4 ft. 2/-

leucantha (Syn. *barbata*)—Rich purple with silvery grey calyces. Winter flowering. 4 ft. 2/-

nemerosa virgata—Flowers bluish purple with reddish brown calyces. 3 feet 2/-

patens—Bright rich blue marked with white, producing flowers freely throughout the year 2/-

uliginosa—Rich blue marked with white, producing flowers freely throughout the year 2/-

SAPONARIA officinalis alba plena 2/-

A hardy perennial spreading plant, producing in Spring trusses of double, sweetly scented, pale blush white flowers.

SILENE Fortunei—The Cushion Pink 2/-

A pretty perennial producing in Summer stiff branching stems with cloud-like masses of fringed bright rose pink flowers.

SOLIDAGO—Golden Rod 1/6

A free growing perennial, producing in Summer and Autumn dense heads of small feathery golden yellow flowers.

SPIRAEA Astilbe—The Meadow Sweet—

Hardy herbaceous perennials, producing upright plumes of small flowers in Spring. They are moisture-loving plants, and succeed in cool damp positions. As pot plants they are effective, and can be forced to flower early if required.

arendsi Ceres—Deep pink, throwing up long and graceful stems 2/6

Brittania—Deep pink; extra fine variety 2/6

floribunda—Very handsome, pure white, dark foliage 2/6

japonica—Pure white 2/-

Japonica America—Deep pink 2/6

Japonica Rubens—Deep carmine rose 2/6

Philadelphia—Rosy purple; very effective 2/6

Peach Blossom—Light pink, very pretty 2/-

Queen Alexandra—Bright pink 2/-

Our perennials are all strong vigorous roots.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

STATICE—The Sea Lavender—

Hardy perennials with prostrate foliage, producing in Summer and Autumn tall branching spikes of small paper-like flowers, which, when cut, last for months. They thrive in any sunny well-drained situation.

caespia—Very small foliage and tall sprays of pale violet flowers growing 4 ft. high when established 2/6

latifolium—Large oval foliage, producing immense branching panicles of lavender blue tiny flowers. Very effective for cutting. Must be well established before its full beauty can be attained 2/6

STOKESIA—The Cornflower Aster—

Hardy evergreen perennials, producing in Summer and Autumn large Aster like flowers on stems 12 to 18 inches long.

cyanea—Blue 1/6

cyanea alba—Pure white 1/6

THALICTRUM dipterocarpum—The Meadow Rue . . . 15/- per doz. 1/6

Hardy herbaceous perennial, producing in Summer and Autumn tall spikes 3 to 4 feet, which are covered with dense masses of small mauve flowers. Very dainty and effective when arranged with other flowers. Thriving in good rich soil.

THUNBERGIA natalensis 2/-

A hardy perennial growing about 2 feet high and producing quantities of flowers during Summer, pale blue with white throat.

TRACHELIUM coeruleum—The Thread Wort 2/-

A hardy perennial Campanula like plant, producing in Summer and Autumn dense heads of tiny blue flowers on thread-like stems. Very effective.

TRITOMA—See Kniphofia.

TWEEDIA coerulea 2/-

A hardy perennial with silvery-grey foliage and pretty star shaped pale blue flowers, opening almost throughout the year and followed by long pods. Thriving in sunny well-drained situations.

VERONICA—The Herbaceous Speedwell—

Useful showy perennials producing quantities of their upright spikes densely clothed with small flowers in Summer.

spicata—Bright blue, 18 in. 1/6

maritima—Rich blue, 3 feet 1/6

pectinata—Deep blue, 12 in. 1/6

Our Special Perennial Collection.

All these plants will flower the first season after planting.

Twelve vigorous free-flowering perennial plants for 20/-.

Three of each for £2/10/-.

Aster Little Boy Blue
Canna Rosea superba
Erigeron elatior gigantea
Gaillardia Monarch
Hibiscus Moscheutos
Kniphofia Royal Standard

Kniphofia ensifolia
Pyrethrum James Kelway
Phlox Mrs. H. J. Jones
Rudbeckia purpurea
Statice latifolium
Veronica spicata

The flowers of Statice last for months when cut.

Asters.

Perennial Asters or Michaelmas Daisies.

These perennial Asters are amongst the most important groups of plants for the Herbaceous Border. The fine range of most beautiful shades of colours we are able to offer, together with the simplicity of their cultivation give them an unrivalled place in the Autumn flower garden. Most of them are also valuable for cutting for decorative purposes. They will do well in any ordinary garden soil, but should be divided every year into small clumps if the best results are desired. See also Alpine plants.

- Antwerp**—Beautiful rose-pink single flowers, good habit, producing long sprays which make it one of the best varieties for cutting. Height, 3½ feet 2/-
- Anita Ballard**—Soft cornflower blue, fine habit and very free flowering, petals of great substance and semi-double. Height, 4½ feet 2/-

Barr's Pink—The finest pink Michaelmas Daisy yet raised, producing large open bright rose-pink, semi-double flowers, with showy golden and bronze centre. It is excellent as a cut flower, lasting well in water, and has the remarkable quality of remaining open and being equally decorative and charming in artificial light as in daylight. The plant is of elegant graceful habit. Height, 4 feet.

This Aster has the additional charm inasmuch as it belongs to the section which does not produce quantities of suckers.

We find the colour of this Aster is very variable here, in very hot weather it is inclined to come bright carmine, but assumes its true pink shade in the cooler days of Autumn.

Strong flowered roots, 3/6 each, 40/- per doz.

- Brightest and Best**—Deep purple rose, very bright and distinct. The flowers are semi-double and freely produced in pyramidal panicles, most crowded near the top. Height, 4 feet 2/-
- Climax**—One of the largest and finest of this family. The flowers are deep mauve, with bright yellow eye. Long branching stems. Height, 4 feet 1/6
- Cordifolius**—Thin wiry stems, gracefully arched and smothered with small pale lavender flowers in panicles. Height, 3½ feet . . . 2/-
- Grey Lady**—A most exquisite shade of opal grey, large semi-double flowers. Distinct and most beautiful. Height, 4 feet 2/-
- Heather Glow**—Very robust grower, flowers 2 inches or more in diameter, fine rose colour, very much fringed, with large gold centre. Height, 4½ feet 2/-
- King of the Belgians**—Stout bushes, smothered with large semi-double flowers, delicate shade of lavender-blue. Flowers very large, with bright yellow eye. Height, 4½ feet 1/6

King George—The finest perennial Aster in existence, being a variety of the amellus section. Huge flowers up to 3 inches in diameter, borne in trusses of 20 to 30 on stems not exceeding 18 inches; color a beautiful shade of bluish violet with yellow centre. Flowering from December to March, and standing well during the hot dry weather. The varieties of amellus do not produce runners or suckers as do most other perennial Asters. Height, 1½ feet 3/6

This variety, introduced by us several seasons ago, has quite justified its reputation as one of the finest Summer flowering perennials in existence.

- Little Boy Blue**—Very dwarf, early, neat upright little pyramids, completely smothered with semi-double bright blue flowers. A miniature gem. Suitable for pot culture if desired 2/-

Aster King George has flowers 3 inches across.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- Maggie Perry**—This variety is the forerunner of a new type, the flowers are over 2½ inches across, the ray florets numerous and loosely arranged, resembling a miniature Japanese Chrysanthemum. Colour a delightful shade of soft mauve. Height, 4 feet 2/-
- Miss Eisle**—Large heads of enormous flowers, ray florets twisted and fluted. Colour, a delightful shade of lavender blue. Height, 3½ feet 2/-
- Mons**—One of the most decorative, stout branching stems bearing a profusion of large deep rose coloured flowers. Height, 3½ feet .. 2/-
- Nancy Ballard**—A variety of great merit, neat compact habit much branched heads, covered with medium sized semi-double flowers. A distinct shade of crimson mauve. Height, 4 feet 1/6
- Perry's Pink**—Loose sprays of bright pink, very dwarf and floriferous. Height, 2½ feet 1/6
- Perry's White**—The flowers are over 2 inches across, broad overlapping petals, snow white, with yellow disc. Height, 4 feet .. 1/6
- Pink Perfection**—Bright rose pink, strong branching variety. Very free flowering, most of the flowers opening at the one time. Height, 4 feet 1/6
- Rachel Ballard**—Dense heads of semi-double soft rosy lavender flowers. Height, 2½ feet 1/6
- Robinson, V.C.**—Fine bushy habit, long sprays of full double flowers of a pretty shade of bluish mauve. Very useful for cutting. Height, 4 feet 1/6
- Snowdrift**—This is the finest of the many double varieties, branching pyramids of large semi-double snow white flowers. Height, 3 feet 1/6
- Thelma Perry**—Large trusses of flowers of a clear satin pink colour. Very attractive. Height, 4 feet 1/6

Our selection of 12 good varieties for 18/-.

Cannas

Decorative plants of great beauty, quite hardy, nearly always in flower, magnificent in foliage, like the leaves of the Banana; not particular as to soil or situation. Very ornamental plants apart altogether from their surpassingly lovely flowers.

1/6 each, 15/- per dozen.

- Ami Jules Chretien**—Deep salmon pink; foliage, green.
- aurea-coccinea-maculata**—Yellow, heavily spotted and blotched scarlet; foliage, green.
- Carmania**—Deep rosy pink, base of petals cream; foliage, green.
- Carl Waurmann**—Buff, shading to yellow; foliage, green.
- Cuba**—Clear golden yellow; large green foliage.
- City of Portland**—Bright rosy pink, with deeper throat markings, dwarf; green foliage.
- Cleopatra**—Rich orange, shaded amber; bronze foliage.
- Dr. Gelben**—Deep rich canary yellow; foliage green.

Cannas are effective, both in flower and foliage.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- Dr. H. Dohrn—Bright crimson, large; foliage, green.
Elizabeth Hoss—Canary yellow, spotted red; green foliage.
Eureka—Pale cream, large well-formed flowers; green foliage.
flavescens pallens—Cream, faintly spotted with palest carmine.
flavescens pallens striata—Cream, faintly spotted, a distinct and attractive variety; foliage, green.
Florence Vaughan—Yellow, spotted with scarlet; foliage, green.
Frau Gartenbaudie—Yellow, striped with red; foliage, green.
Francis Bertie—Carmine rose, with darker veinings; foliage, green.
Fred Benary—Orange, bordered yellow, throat yellow.
Furst Weid—Rich fiery crimson scarlet; deep green foliage; dwarf.
Gabriel Viand—Clear, bright orange, with golden edge; foliage, green.
Garten Inspector Jung—Clear buff, distinctly edged with gold; foliage, green.
Gloria—Rich orange red, large flowers; foliage, green.
Grace Field—Deep rose pink, shaded orange; foliage, green.
Henry Carber—Bright rosy pink; bronze foliage.
Hungaria—"La France" pink, with satiny sheen; foliage green.
Ivor Evans—Bright scarlet, with yellow throat; foliage, green.
J. B. Vander Shoot—Foliage, green; flowers, yellow, spotted with crimson.
King Humbert—Orange scarlet, streaked with crimson; foliage bronze.
Lady Lawrence—Clear bright orange, very rich; bronze foliage.
Leah—Clear salmon apricot, suffused with gold; foliage green.
Mary Miller—Deep primrose yellow, flaked with pale carmine; tall green foliage.
Minni-Ha-Ha—Clear salmon, flushed orange and edged yellow; foliage, green.
Mrs. Geo. Strogheim—Crimson, streaked yellow; foliage, bronze.
Mrs. Alfred Connard—Deep salmon pink; large green foliage.
M. Groebner—Dark metallic red foliage; flowers, deep crimson.
Musafolia—This is the finest foliage Canna, with enormous Musa-like leaves of a dark green bronze tinted colour.
Mrs. J. W. B. Field—Palest pink, a fine rounded, well-formed flower; foliage, bronze.
President—The finest pure scarlet Canna, with extra green foliage. This variety is unquestionably the best in existence. Large Amaryllis-like, perfectly shaped blooms.
ochroleuca—Cream, with primrose edge and tips; foliage, green.
Orange Bedder—Bright golden orange, with deeper markings and gold throat; very effective, green foliage.
Oscar Dannecker—Bronze green foliage; orange flowers.
Pink Beauty—Clear pink, suffused with cream, deeper throat; foliage, green; dwarf.
Queen Charlotte—Bright red, edged with gold.
Richard Wallace—Yellow, splashed with red; foliage, green.
Rosea superba—Pale pink, flushed with salmon, large flowers; handsome green foliage; strong vigorous grower.
The Gem—Deep cream, spotted with pale carmine; foliage, green.
Triumph—Bright scarlet, a magnificent flower, the largest we know.
Wm. Beary—Bright crimson; foliage, green.
Wm. Saunders—Brilliant crimson; foliage, bronze; very showy.
Wyoming—Old gold, pencilled vermilion; foliage, bronze.
Wintzer's Colossal—One of the largest flowering Cannas; clear bright scarlet; foliage, green.
Woodrow Wilson—Deep carmine pink, large flowers; foliage, green.
Yellow King Humbert—Large rich yellow, slightly spotted with orange red; foliage, green.
Wabash—Deep carmine pink; foliage, bronze.

The New Cannas are very richly coloured.

Iris

We have great pleasure in offering for the first time in Australia a set of the latest creations in Bearded Flag Iris, which are so popular in Europe and America at the present time. In colour, form and general appearance, they stand far ahead of any varieties at present in cultivation here.

HINTS ON CULTURE.

Situation.—Although Bearded Irises will thrive in partially shaded situations, they are really sun-loving plants, and we strongly recommend a full sunny aspect.

Soil.—Bearded Irises are found in divers places, and in all kinds of soils, yet few plants respond more kindly to generous treatment, such as well-worked and deeply trenched soil, and if lime is absent the addition of a little is desirable, especially on heavy soils, and on light soils the addition of chalk is very beneficial.

Manure.—Impoverished soils are benefited by an application of superphosphate when trenching, and if fertilisers are used we find Bone Meal as good as any, or any reliable Fish manure. **Avoid using fresh stable manure.**

Time to Plant.—Planting may be done any time from end of December to October. After many years' experience we have found that late planting does not materially deter the flowering, only prevents the plants attaining their normal height.

Depth to Plant.—It is essential to plant Irises quite shallow, just below the surface and very firm, and transplant every four or five years.

Roots are available for planting from December to October.

ABBREVIATIONS.

S.—Standards or upright petals.

F.—Falls or drooping petals.

Ambassadeur—A late strong plant, with stout stiff stems, about 4 feet. Flowers very large, with smoky reddish violet standards, falls dark velvety violet, of great substance and almost horizontal 2/6

Ammon—Dwarf, producing its large flowers, in great profusion early in the season. S., sky-blue; F., light blue, overlaid mauve.. 3/6

Abenda—A beautiful free flowering early variety, nearly 4 feet high. S., large and incurved, a delightful shade of old rose overlaid bronze; F., rich madder crimson, suffused soft bronze 5/-

Ariadne—Flowers large and strikingly beautiful. Height, 3½ feet. S., very broad waved edges, pure silvery light blue. F., deeper blue, suffused with reddish violet at the base; beard pale yellow .. 2/6

Asia—A beautiful late flowering variety, one of the most glorious Irises in cultivation. Strong and tall grower; very free flowering. S., pale lavender, suffused and reticulated yellow at base. F., light violet purple, paler at edges. Height, 4 feet 7/6

Ballerine—A splendid grower, with flower stems 4 to 4½ feet high, and exceptionally large flowers of perfect form. S., light blue-violet, broad and waved at the margins. F., deeper in colour. Quite distinct and sweetly scented. One of the most attractive varieties we have so far grown 3/6

Benrimo—A stout branching variety, with stems up to 4 feet high. S., large and incurved; a delightful shade of bright blue; F., light purple, with a conspicuous white lined base. Late flowering .. 3/6

B. Y. Morrison—Strong, but distinctly slender in stalk and leaf growth, medium height. S., pale lavender-violet. F., velvety raisin purple, with a conspicuous broad lavender margin. Very distinct 3/6

The Modern Irises flower freely in October and November.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- Belladonna**—Stout branching variety, growing 3 ft. high. Colour is a pleasing shade of rich china blue, for cutting or general decoration one of the most effective 2/6
- Cassandra**—Gigantic flowers, produced in great profusion. S., large, incurved, pretty shade of rose violet. F., fully 3 inches long, crimson overlaid black with a bold bronze, base reticulated white, bright orange beard 3/6
- Cretan**—The darkest and most handsome of the early flowering section. S., nicely arched and very bright blue-violet. F., rich violet-purple, giving, at a distance, the impression of black velvet. Sweetly scented 3/6
- Cluny**—Tall growing, with flowers of the largest size. Colour, a lovely shade of pale lilac-blue, the falls slightly deeper than the standards, with brown veinings at the base. Early 5/-
- Crusader**—One of the finest lavender-blue varieties, the falls being deeper in tone than the standards. A tall strong grower, with very large blooms of great texture, and free flowering 5/-
- Dido**—A very beautiful variety. S., large and incurved bright mauve, overlaid bronze. F., over 2½ inches wide, brilliant crimson-violet, very free, exceptionally fine 5/-
- Duke of York**—Stout branching stems, bearing many gigantic flowers of perfect shape and texture, well over 4 feet high. S., measuring 2¾ inches across. Soft, mauve-blue, faintly stained bronze. F., soft mauve-blue, conspicuously illuminated with a bold orange beard. Early flowering. One of the finest varieties we have. Very sweetly perfumed 36/- per doz., 3/6
- Ed. Michel**—A fine Iris, tall spikes, with large flowers, finely held and of splendid shape; the standards broad and filled. F., of great width, the colour is a distinct deep reddish Petunia violet. Sweetly scented. Late 2/6
- Eden Phillpotts**—A very beautiful Iris, and one of the most striking varieties yet introduced. Stout branching stems, large, well-shaped flowers; a pretty uniform shade of dark lavender-blue, relieved with a bold white and yellow beard. Tall growing 5/-
- Franklin Beynon**—A pretty variety, producing its elegant flowers quite early, medium height. S., broad and incurved, light rose. F., soft rose, white and yellow beard. Extremely dainty 2/6
- Flaming Sword**—One of the finest yellow varieties to date, of exceptional vigour. S., broad, richest golden yellow. F., bright velvety crimson-maroon, edged orange yellow; orange beard 7/6
- Feronia**—A fine strong variety, with large flowers on tall straight stems. S., unusual shade of soft rose-bronze; F., old rose, heavily lined madder crimson, rose and white halo surrounding its pretty sulphur beard 3/6
- Goldcrest**—Flowers bright-violet blue, of a delightful self colour, with a conspicuous golden yellow beard which given the variety its name. Height, 2½ feet 5/-
- Hakador**—This pretty Iris is one of the most distinct in our collection, narrow grass-like foliage, thin wiry stem, 4 feet high, bearing 15 or more medium-sized flowers, almost a uniform shade of pale rosy-plum, with a pretty white beard. Invaluable for cutting 2/6
- Harmony**—This most pleasing variety is a very distinct deep rich purple blue self, the standards, falls and beard of exactly similar tone. A wonderful telling colour, not found in any other variety. Medium height, and very free flowering 5/-
- Harpalion**—A beautiful variety, growing over 4 feet high, stems well branched, gigantic flowers, well formed and freely produced. S., lavender, overlaid bronze; F., almost at right angles, deep lavender blue, illuminated with a bronze beard. Mid season 5/-
- Halo**—An exceedingly fine Iris, with flowers of the largest size and good quality. S., light violet; F., bluish violet. A good strong grower 2/6
- Hestiones**—Very tall, stout branching stems, bearing many gigantic flowers; a delightful shade of silvery sky-blue, massive light blue falls, with a conspicuous white lined base 2/6

Iris Duke of York has a delicious perfume.

Gaillardia, Monarch.



A grand variety, producing quantities of large flowers, often attaining a diameter of 4 to 5 inches, and held erect on stiff stems a yard or more long. Colour, crimson in centre, with wide yellow margin.

2/- each, 18/- per doz.

Lilium Regale.



The hardiest and most handsome of all Lilies opening its large strongly perfumed flowers during December.

Strong bulbs, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.

Selected bulbs, 3/6 each.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- King George**—Dwarf, free flowering variety. S., purple-violet; F., crimson-purple, with a conspicuous white and orange beard .. 2/6
- Lambrus**—Exceedingly tall, large well-built flowers; S., broad and overlapping, rich lavender-blue, faintly mottled purple; F., rosy purple, conspicuous white mottled base, light yellow beard .. 7/6
- Lady Chas. Allom**—One of the most beautiful new varieties. Rigid stems, bearing large perfect shaped flowers of great texture. S., Broad, incurved, rich blue; F., a few shades darker, set off with a bold yellow beard. Mid season .. 5/-
- Lady Hillingdon**—A distinct variety of peculiar colouring. S., fawn, suffused bronze; F., distinct shade of brown crimson, edged sulphur fawn .. 2/6
- Lady Foster**—Flowers large, smooth and stout textured, splendid bold erect habit. S., pale blue; F., light bluish-violet, veined old gold at the broad throat .. 3/6
- Lent A. Williamson**—One of the finest of the American varieties. Tall, strong grower, with extra broad leathery foliage. S., bright lobelia blue, shot fawn at the edges; F., rich velvety purple, suffused blue at the edge. Free flowering; a grand variety .. 5/-
- Lord of June**—A very strong grower, with massive flower of great size. S., palest lavender-blue; F., rich deep aniline blue. One of the finest Irises in cultivation; late flowering .. 24/- per doz., 2/6
- Lord Lambourne**—A magnificent variety, and one destined to become one of the world's favorites; perfect habit, branching stems over 3½ feet high, bearing a profusion of large well shaped flowers, the colour combination is a pleasing one; a delightful shade of rose fawn suffused with pale bronze; F., rich madder crimson, with white reticulated base, illuminated with a bright yellow beard .. 12/6
- Mrs. Chas. Pearson**—Extremely dainty; tall branching stems, medium-sized flowers; S., delicate mauve; F., rosy-mauve, with a bold white-lined blotch extending half-way down the falls; white beard .. 7/6
- Mona**—A very beautiful growing variety in the way of "Lord of June." S., a glorious shade of pale silvery-blue; F., light blue, stout branching stems, bearing a profusion of extra large flowers .. 2/6
- Mrs. E. T. Vieusseux**—One of the finest of the many dark coloured varieties. S., bright crimson purple; F., purple-black; early flowering. Tall growing .. 5/-
- Mecella**—Gigantic flowers, freely borne on stiff branching stems. S., silvery rose-blue; F., light rosy-purple; bold yellow beard .. 5/-
- Montezuma**—A good late yellow. S., sunflower yellow, slightly spotted with bronze, the falls pale yellow, lined with brown, and an almost white flush in the centre. A fine strong grower, and free flowering .. 5/-
- Mrs. Walter Brewster**—This variety is vigorous and floriferous, about 3 feet high. Strong stiff stems, bearing sometimes six blooms at the same time. S., lavender-blue; F., aniline-blue, the base veined brown on a white ground; beard yellow. Late flowering .. 2/6
- Medrano**—A fine dark variety, with large flowers of fine form. S., well arched, rich dark violet, slightly suffused blue. F., same colour as standards, but darker, heavily reticulated brown with a bright yellow beard. Sweetly scented. Late .. 3/6
- Maiden's Blush**—Extremely free, stout stems, nearly 4 feet high, well set with medium-sized flowers. S., soft lilac-rose; F., soft rose, yellow beard. Almost uniform in colour .. 3/6
- Madam Cheri**—A tall, strong-growing, free-flowering variety, which gives a rich pink effect, at a distance. The colouring is exquisite ageratum violet, washed with pink, and warmed by yellow undertone. Standard red-bronze. Late flowering .. 7/6
- Mdlle. Schwartz**—A magnificent Iris, raised in France. Very tall, with branching spikes bearing exceptionally large flowers. Colour palest mauve; many flowers open at a time .. 7/6
- Melpomene**—A variety of outstanding merit, producing a profusion of attractive flowers. Stout branching stems, over 4 feet high, large, well shaped flowers; S., dark lavender-blue; F., rosy blue, orange yellow beard .. 3/6

Iris Ballerine is superb and richly perfumed.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- Mrs. H. F. Bowles**—This is one of the finest introductions, and a colour combination that defies accurate description. Slender wiry branching stems, bearing a profusion of medium-sized flowers throughout the season. S., a most novel and delightful shade of soft brown overlaid old gold; F., a glorious shade of brilliant brick red, glistening like a piece of silk; conspicuous white line base 7/6
- Magnifica**—The largest flowered Iris we have. A fine strong plant, with branching stems reaching over 4 feet high. The flowers extraordinarily large, 6 inches high, and sweetly scented. S., light violet-blue; F., dark reddish violet, with brown stripes at the base and yellow beards. One of the most beautiful and vigorous varieties 5/-
- Neptune**—A fine tall Iris, similar in growth to "Lord of June." S., bright pale blue; F., purple blue. Flowers of largest size; free flowering and reliable 2/6
- Opera**—A magnificent variety; a fine vigorous grower, and free flowering, with blooms of medium size. S., bright rich Pansy violet, shading to brownish violet at base; F., rich velvety violet purple. A very striking Iris. Height, 2½ feet 24/- per doz., 2/6
- Olive Murrell**—A magnificent tall growing large-flowered variety of unusual colouring. S., of great size, and finely arched, deep lavender-rose, shot with bronze. The slightly reflexed falls are a rich lavender-blue, shot with rose and bronze. The rich buttercup yellow of the beard and style arms lights up the whole flowers in a most beautiful manner. Sweetly scented 7/6
- Olympus**—This is an extremely beautiful variety, large heavily built flowers, which are produced freely on stout branching stems. S., broad, incurved rose overlaid soft bronze, massive falls over 2 inches broad, madder crimson, heavily reticulated white at the base; bold yellow beard. Height, 4 feet 5/-
- Prospero**—A fine strong-growing variety, with flowers of the largest size. S., pale lavender; F., rich deep violet purple, slightly paler at the margins, heavily reticulated at the haft. Height, 3½ ft. Late 3/6
- Paladin**—Flowers of good substance; very large standards, and falls 2¾ inches broad, and very freely produced on branching spikes. S., clear violet-blue; F., deep rich violet-purple. Height, 3 feet 5/-
- Powhatan**—Very free flowering, of refined form and colour. S., rich Petunia violet. F., slightly deeper, reticulated violet purple on white 2/6
- Perry's Favourite**—Dwarf and free flowering. Slender, much branched stems, bearing a profusion of large, well-shaped flowers, a uniform shade of rich violet, with a most remarkable white beard 2/6
- Queen Caterina**—A tall strong-growing variety of outstanding merit; height, 4 feet. Color pale lavender violet, with a rich orange beard. Flowers of fine lasting quality 2/6
- Rosalba**—A favorite on account of its striking colour. Flowers of medium size, giving a wonderful mahogany red effect in the mass. Free flowering. Height, 3 feet 2/6
- Ruby**—Flowers of medium size, and perfect form. Colour a rich deep reddish violet purple, the falls being slightly deeper in tone. A robust grower 2/6
- Sunset**—A strong grower, free-flowering, and the last to flower. Sweetly scented. S., are real old gold, finely arched, and of good substance; F., are coppery yellow, heavily suffused with blue violet in centre of the blade. Deep yellow beard. A fascinating mixture of real pastel colours 5/-
- Sirdar**—Remarkably free, stout branching stems, 3½ feet high, bearing many enormous flowers. S., bright blue faintly edged silver; F., crimson-purple, shading to dark mauve 2/6
- Raffet**—A late-flowering variety, with very large flowers. The standards and falls are a glorious uniform dark blue; the falls being striped at the base with white 3/6

Our Iris roots are strong and healthy.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- Titus**—Tall branching stems, exceptionally large open flowers; S., broad, slightly incurved, brilliant shade of rosy-mauve; F., standing at right angles, rose-crimson. Very free flowering . . . 3/6
- Thora Perry**—A charming pigmy form, growing about 1 foot high. Small flowers a uniform shade of violet-rose; a dainty little variety for a border . . . 2/6
- Titan**—The largest of all the "Dominion" race. Enormous flowers with spreading falls, of very great substance, so that the flowers, in spite of their size, stand stiff and erect to the last. Arching standards, 3 inches broad, of light violet-blue. Broad smooth falls of violet-purple, deeper in the centre of the blade, and very conspicuous reticulations of white on the haft. Very strong plant, with broad massive foliage. Height, 3 feet. Very free flowering 12/6
- Troost**—Flowers are of large and good form, with deep rosy pink, standards, and paler falls heavily veined violet, which changes to brown at the haft. Height, 2½ feet . . . 3/6
- Viking**—A lovely pure violet blue self. Flowers large and of fine form. The habit of growth is exceedingly good and it is very free flowering . . . 2/6
- W. C. Terry**—A grand Iris, producing towering branching stems, nearly 5 feet high, smothered with large brilliant coloured flowers. S., light violet blue; F., bright crimson-purple, with a bold white base. Yellow beard . . . 5/-
- White Knight**—The finest white Iris we have flowered. Free flowering and pure white. Sweetly scented. Late flowering . . . 3/6
- Yeoman**—An exceptionally free flowering variety. Strong grower, with rich blue-toned flowers. S., clear light bluish-violet, very large and arching; F., rich deep violet-blue, with light brown reticulations at the haft . . . 5/-
- Zouave**—A pretty early-flowering dwarf variety. S., white, suffused with Lobelia blue; well arched; F., white, heavily spotted and reticulated with violet at the margins . . . 2/6
- Zilia**—Strong growing variety, and remarkably free; stout stems, bearing large well-shaped flowers of a uniform shade of dark lavender-blue, overlaid rose; very pretty . . . 3/6
- Zwanenburg**—A free flowering early variety, opening its flowers in August and September. Colour silver splashed greenish old gold. Quite a rich oriental colouring. Very fine for cutting . . . 24/- per doz., 2/6

COLLECTIONS OF MODERN IRISES.

No. 1 Collection.

12 Choicest varieties for £3.

Ambassadeur	Lent A. Williamson	Olive Murrell
Ballerine	Magnifica	Titan
Duke of York	Mrs. H. F. Bowles	W. C. Terry
Dido	Olympus	Yeoman

No. 2 Collection.

12 Fine varieties for cutting for £1/10/-.

Belladonna	Hakador	Opera
Duke of York	Lord of June	Powhatan
Ed. Michel	Maiden's Blush	Titus
Feronia	Mrs. W. Brewster	Zwanenburg

No. 3 Collection.

12 Dwarf free-flowering varieties for £1/10/-.

B. Y. Morrison	Lady Hillingdon	Ruby
Goldcrest	Opera	Sunset
Harmony	Perry's Favorite	Thora Perry
King George	Rosalba	Zouave

We shall be pleased to make selections of Irises for any purpose at 20/-, 30/-, 40/- or 60/- per dozen.

Iris Zwanenburg makes a fine border of rich oriental colouring.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

GENERAL COLLECTION OF BEARDED FLAG IRIS.

Price, 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen.

- Alcazar—A giant in growth and flower, purple, blue and indigo.
Archeveque—Rich violet, shaded red.
Amalie—Pale blue, violet and yellow.
Canary Bird—Pale yellow.
Chester Hunt—Dark carmine blue, and shading paler on the edges.
Cypriana Caterina—Large and massive, tall strong grower, pale blue.
Dalmatica—Finest of all blues.
Eldorado—Yellowish bronze, shaded heliotrope and gold.
Gagus—Clear yellow; falls red lined.
Iris King—Large, massive flowers, rich and bright, velvety maroon.

Iris Pumila Blue Bird—

A pigmy Iris, producing its rich blue flowers during late Winter and early Spring, on stems 6 inches high. An ideal plant for bordering in a well-drained or dry situation, requiring no water whatever during Summer. Clumps, 1/6 each.

Divisions for bordering, 7/6 per doz., 40/- per 100.

- Isoline—Bronze yellow, tinged pale rose.
Jacquiniana—Velvety carmine and bronze.
Lohengrin—Pale rosy lilac, enormous flowers.
Loute—Mauve rose, falls amethyst, with brown marking.
Macrantha—Immense purple, blue flowers.
Mary—White, with rose lilac frillings.
Mirage—Lovely pale blue, turning to pink.
Monsignor—Lavender and rich pansy purple.
Nine Bells—Light violet and deep purple.
Pallida variegata—Pale blue, with variegated foliage.
Princess Victoria Louise—Pale yellow and plum.
Prosper Laugier—Bronzy-red and ruby purple.
Queen Mary—Purplish lilac and rose.
Quaker Lady—Fawn pink, flowers perfect in size and form.
Rhein Nixe—White and rich violet.

We are continually importing and adding new and rare plants to our collection. If we do not catalog what you want, ask us about it. We may have it or know just where it is to be obtained.

Our experience is always at the service of our customers.

Plant Flag Iris in a well-drained bed by themselves.

Iris—Species and Varieties.

This section contains some of the most beautiful and interesting species, hybrids and varieties of this genus, and quite distinct from the Flag Irises by their having in most cases grassy-like foliage, and ranging in height from a few inches to 5 feet. They are sun-loving plants and enjoy good drainage.

Plant from April to September.

Chrysobirica —Tall bold grass-like foliage. Flowers rich blue to deepest purple, with bold white and yellow markings on the falls. 3 feet	2/6
Forrestii —A Chinese species with grass-like foliage and numerous light yellow flowers; 2 feet	2/-
fulva (Syn. <i>Cuprea</i>)—Long evergreen leaves and striking flowers of a reddish copper colour; 3 feet	1/6
Guldenstaediana —Very robust bold massive foliage, pale blue and white flowers; 3 feet	2/-
Kaempferi —A very imposing group of hardy water-loving Irises, thriving in moist soils or by the margins of lakes, streams or ponds, producing their gorgeous flowers during November and December. Mixed varieties only 15/- per dozen	1/6
laevigata Rose Queen —Broad grass-like foliage and glistening soft rose flowers; 2 feet	2/6
longipetala —A slender growing species, very free flowering, with pale blue flowers, veined white; 18 inches	2/-
Milesii —An ornamental Himalayan species with lilac and gold flowers; broad foliage; 2 feet	2/-
monnieri —A bold and handsome species bearing stout well furnished spikes of pale yellow flowers; 4 feet	2/-
ochroleuca —A noble species, well adapted for planting by the water-side or in moist spots. Large open flowers, white, stained yellow; 4 feet	2/-
Sibirica Baxteri —Deep rich blue marked brown at base of falls; 3 feet	2/-
Sibirica Geo. Wallace —Tall, rich blue flowers with large white blotch on falls; 3 feet	2/-
Sibirica Granderse —Pale heliotrope, with brown markings on falls; 2 feet	2/4
Sibirica Snow Queen —A lovely form, petals broad and full, of snowy whiteness, with rich golden yellow blotch; 3 feet	2/-
Sibirica Blue King —A tall variety, with flowers of a wonderful shade of sky blue, showing white on the falls; 3 feet	2/-
Sikkimensis —A dwarf variety with grass-like foliage and rich, very dark violet blue flowers in Summer	2/6
Susiana (The Mourning Iris)—Flowers of an enormous size, greyish, covered with an intricate system of brown-black veins and dots. An Iris that thrives only in well drained soil containing lime	2/6
stylosa speciosa (ungiucularis) —The well-known Algerian Winter-flowering species. Long leathery leaves and pretty sky-blue flowers with yellow blotch; 1 foot. Clumps	1/6
tectorum —A lovely Chinese species with pale blue flowers, beautifully reticulated; foliage pale green; 18 inches	2/-
tectorum album —A distinct white form, with golden crest, very effective; 18 inches	2/-
Versicolor —Grass-like foliage; flowers bright lilac, with yellow and white markings; 2 feet	2/-

All the Sibirica Iris are fine for cutting.

Kniphofia (Tritoma)

Red Hot Poker or Torch Lily.

Formerly known under the name of tritoma and grown in one colour only, these stately herbaceous plants have now attained a wide range of form and colouring, owing to the introduction of new species and the raising of hybrids.

They succeed in any garden soil in a sunny position with ample room for them to develop into clumps which, when established throw up dozens of their majestic spikes rising, as in the dwarf varieties, for 2 or 3 feet to 6 to 8 feet, or even more in some of the new hybrids. With the selection of varieties now available they can be had in bloom at all seasons of the year even in the dull months of Winter.

New Hybrid Varieties offered for the first time.

Austral Giant —A very showy plant when in flower, with tall spikes of crimson and yellow flowers and long protruding yellow stamens; 5 to 6 feet	5/-
Captain Seabrook —A strong growing plant producing fine spikes of flowers of a rich apricot shading to yellow; 4 to 5 feet	5/-
Edna Walling —A free flowering Red Hot Poker, with tapering heads of flowers, bright red, shading to citron towards the centre. A good border plant of 3 feet	3/6
Elsie Yulton —A very fine late flowering variety, with well shaped heads of bloom, shading from red to orange	3/6
Fiery Monarch —A stately plant, certainly a ruler amongst the kniphofia family, with flower heads rising to six feet or more. Colour fiery red, which is very effective in the distance. This variety should be given plenty of room to develop	5/-
Leonie —A self deep orange red, very free flowering and early, one of the deepest in colour in the medium type	2/6
Millicent Charama —A nobilis hybrid of strong growth, the large flower heads are amber, shading to yellow; 5 to 6 feet	3/6
Mrs. J. S. Oliver —A large deep self salmon red, quite a new shade of colour in these Torch Lilies; 4 feet	5/-
Mr. E. E. Pescott —A beautiful tapering spike of flowers, like a fiery red plume. Very brilliant; 3 to 4 feet	5/-
Noble Prince —A dwarf nobilis hybrid of 3 to 4 feet, with massive heads of flowers on sturdy stems. Colour a rich self orange red	5/-
Robert E. Lea —A fine thin tapering spike of self red, rising 4 to 5 feet in height; very free	3/6
Rouge et Soufre —A beautifully formed Torch Lily, which is aptly named, as the flower heads are composed of red flowers on the upper half and yellow on the lower half. Very strong and vigorous; 6 feet	5/-
Sir John Monash —A grand variety, throwing stems 5 to 6 feet in height, with well formed heads of flowers, bright red, shading to yellow at base	5/-
Stanley Collings —A very showy plant and free flowering when once established. Colour clear yellow, tipped with bright red, very effective; 4 to 5 feet	3/6
Yellow Nobilis —A vigorous self yellow form of nobilis, throwing up its strong spikes in Midsummer; 4 feet	3/6

Special offer of the set of 15 new hybrid Kniphofias for £2/15/-.
Collection of six varieties, priced at 5/- each, for 25/- (Our Selection).

General Collection.

Ensifolia —Rich golden yellow, flowering in Mid-Winter; 5 feet . .	2/6
Goldelse —Golden yellow, a dwarf Summer flowering variety; 3 feet	2/-
Meteor —Deep yellow. A tall stately variety; 5 feet	2/6
Multiflora —A distinct species with long tapering spikes of clear sulphur flowers. Autumn flowering; 6 feet	2/6
Nobilis —Rich orange scarlet, massive spikes in Summer; 5 feet . . .	2/-
Red Prince —Clear orange crimson, very rich and effective; 4 feet . .	2/6
Royal Standard —Slender stems, crowned with neat heads of bloom, opening bright orange scarlet and gradually passing to citron yellow, producing a charming contrast. Summer flowering; 4 feet	2/6
Star of Baden —Rich bronze-yellow. Summer flowering; 5 feet	2/6

The new Kniphofias are very vigorous and free-flowering.

Perennial Phlox

Phlox decussata.

These grand perennials deserve a prominent place in all hardy flower borders, or where breaks of brilliant colours are required during Summer and early Autumn. When cut, their large heads of bloom go a long way in floral decorations.

They succeed in almost any soil enriched with manure, but are benefited by a mulching of decomposed manure in Spring, and in hot weather by occasional soakings of water. An open situation suits them best.

The Perennial Phlox has been greatly improved during the last few years, the result being larger and bolder heads, with individual flowers twice and three times the size of those of the older kinds. The varieties offered below include the finest of the new introductions.

Fine strong roots (that have flowered in our Nursery) from the open ground from May till September. Some varieties available in pots for Summer planting.

Price, 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen.

- Aegir**—Brilliant scarlet red, dwarf and free flowering, does not bleach in the sun.
Coquillicot—Bright orange scarlet, very effective.
Commander-in-Chief—Crimson red, with darker eye, very striking. Dwarf compact habit.
Dr. Konigshofer—Bright orange scarlet, with blood red eye.
Etna—Deep coral red, maroon eye, immense truss.
Evangeline—Clear rose pink, with dark eye; tall.
Europa—Snow white, with attractive carmine-red eye.
Firebrand—Brilliant orange scarlet, with dark eye; tall, strong grower.
G. A. Strohlein—Scarlet orange, with bright carmine eye, extra large flower and truss.
Grupphenkonigin—Satin rose, with dark eye, enormous truss, tall growing.
H. Hirth—Clear rosy pink, rosy scarlet eye.
Homeland—Brilliant dark orange red, large truss.
Iris—Bluish violet, with deeper eye.
Lofna—Soft rosy lilac, large white eye; tall.
Lottie Kohler—White, with small red eye, very pretty.
Marie S. Jacob—Pale lilac, with white eye, enormous broad truss.
Mia Ruys—Pure spotless white, very large flower; dwarf habit.
Mrs. Ada Ellis—Deep rosy red, pip and truss; semi-dwarf.
Mrs. Ethel Prichard—Clear rosy mauve, very large flower and truss; tall growing. One of the best.
Mrs. Milly Hoboken—Soft clear pink, large erect truss, a very attractive variety.
Mrs. H. J. Jones—Deep mauve, with brilliant carmine eye, large pip and truss, very effective.
Mrs. Noorderwier—Fine rosy red, with white eye, very effective; tall grower.
Mrs. F. Robinson—Deep salmon pink, dark eye, large truss and pips.
Mrs. Rutgers—Light rosy lilac with darker centre, large truss.
New bird—Rich crimson, large truss, early and free flowering.
Rheinlander—Salmon pink, with cherry-red eye, enormous pip.
Rijnstroom—Rose pink, a fine free variety.

R. A. Goldie—Rich salmon, extra large well-formed pips and trusses. A medium compact variety of great beauty.
2/6 each.

- Selma**—Pink, with cherry-red eye, fine truss.
Splendour—Rose pink, with a deeper eye, enormous truss.
Thor—Deep rosy pink, enormous pip; dwarf and compact.
Titanic—Deep rosy pink, enormous pip; dwarf and compact.
W. Watson—Deep pink, with dark eye, extra large flowers.

Perennial Phlox flower through the hot Summer months.

Violets

(Viola Odorata).

Strong plants available April to October.

Princess Mary—An entirely new type of Violet, having the foliage and free-growing qualities of the single sorts, and producing quantities of giant flowers of a rich violet-blue, with a distinct cushion of extra petals in the centre, these inner petals are about half the size of the outer petals. Stems strong and extra long. The perfume is most delicious and noticeable even from one flower. This variety is a great advance on Mrs. D. L. George, and all other such sorts. Strong plants, 1/6 each, 12/- per dozen.

See illustration on cover of this catalogue.

Single Varieties.

Price, 3/6 per dozen, 24/- per 100.

Admiral Avellan—Reddish purple. Known as the Red Violet.

John Raddenbury—Clear pale blue, with white eye.

Mrs. D. Lloyd George—Deep rich violet-blue, with small rosette in centre, very richly perfumed; strong grower.

Odorata Sulphurea—Clear sulphur yellow, small flowers.

Princess of Wales—Deep violet, long stems and strong perfume.

White Czar—Single white, free flowering.

Double Varieties.

Price, 5/- per dozen, 30/- per 100.

Count Brazza—Pure white, very double.

King of the Doubles—Very large rich blue and white; foliage large and vigorous, similar to that of the single varieties.

Lady H. Campbell—Deep lavender blue, very vigorous and free flowering.

Marie Louise—Rich deep blue.

Neapolitan—Palest mauve, a free flowering variety of great beauty.

Collections of Violets.

Our selection of 3 double and 3 single varieties of Violets, 6 plants of each (36 plants in all), for 10/6.

Our selection of 3 double and 3 single varieties of Violets, 12 plants of each (72 plants in all), for 20/-.

Hatton, Ceylon.

"I have recently imported some Orange, Lemon, and Rose trees from you. They are all growing well, no failures even after the long journey, and changes of climate."

Toowoomba, Queensland.

"The trees you supplied the Golf Club here, have been a wonderful lot, and are doing splendidly."

Nelson, N.Z.

"I received safely parcel of Dahlias and Gladioli. Thanking you for attention."

Wanganui, N.Z.

"Received the plants in excellent order. Many thanks."

Violet Princess Mary stands alone for perfume.

Bulbous and Tuberous-Rooted Plants

Agapanthus—The African Lily.—

Hardy easily grown lilaceous plants that thrive even under the most adverse conditions, producing their large heads of flowers at the end of the year.

Plant from April till September.

<i>africanus</i> —Rich blue	1/6
<i>africanus maximus</i> —A giant variety, with larger and richer flowers	2/-
<i>africanus albus</i> —Pure white	2/-
<i>africanus plenus</i> —Rich blue double flowers	2/-

AMARYLLIS.—

Magnificent flowering bulbs, producing, in Spring and Summer, huge trumpet-shaped flowers, which last for some considerable time. They succeed as pot plants, or planted out in sunny, well-drained borders, where they flower from year to year, without being disturbed.

Unnamed Flowering-size Bulbs of our own raising, in mixed colours

AMARYLLIS *Belladonna speciosa purpurea*.—

The richest coloured variety of *Belladonna*, bearing umbels of 20 or more rich purplish rose flowers on stems 2½ to 3 feet long. Early flowering. Plant from December to March

ALSTROEMERIA—The Peruvian Lily.—

Very attractive Summer flowering tuberous plants that thrive best in good rich light soil in slightly shaded situations. Very free flowering when established, the blooms last for a week or more when cut. Our *alstroemerias* are all strong roots that should flower the first season. Plant roots 4 inches deep, from May to October.

aurantiaca—Free-flowering and very showy, deep orange freely spotted crimson; invaluable for cutting

<i>haemantha rosea</i> —A dwarf-growing variety of great beauty, colour clear rose pink. An entirely new colour in this class of plant	3/6
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<i>lutea</i> —Rich clear yellow, very showy	2/-
<i>psittacina</i> —Crimson, splashed and pencilled with mahogany, green and chocolate	2/-

<i>revoluta majestica</i> —A giant variety, with enormous brilliant orange-red flowers. A very striking and attractive variety	3/6
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Collection of 5 varieties of *alstroemerias* for 10/6.

BLETIA.—

Hardy tuberous rooted Orchids, producing in Spring attractive spikes of dainty flowers. Thriving in any well drained open situation. Plant at any time.

<i>hyacinthina</i> —Purplish violet	2/6
<i>hyacinthina alba</i> —Blush white	2/6

CONVALLARIA *majalis*—Lily of the Valley.—

Well known hardy tuberous perennial, spreading freely in cool shady moist places. Flowering in early Spring. Plant from May to August.

Roots, 3/6 per dozen, 27/6 per 100.

CRINUM.—

Hardy evergreen bulbous plants, with large spikes of lily like flowers in Spring and Summer. Very sweetly perfumed. They thrive in any well-drained open situation.

<i>Harlemense</i> —Large pale pink. Novelty	3/6
<i>Krelagei</i> —Deep pink, large flowers	3/6
<i>Mrs. H. J. Elwes</i> —Bright rose pink. Very fine novelty	5/-
<i>Moorei</i> —Large blush rose flowers. Very fine	2/6
<i>Powell</i> —Rich deep rose, free flowering	2/-
<i>Powell alba magnifica</i> —Pure glistening white	2/6

DIELYTRA—Bleeding Heart or Lyre Flower.—

Hardy Spring flowering perennials with attractive foliage and masses of graceful flowers produced in early Spring. Requires a cool sheltered position. Plant from March to September.

<i>eximea</i> —Soft fern-like foliage and dwarf pendant racemes of rose coloured flowers. A spreading variety	2/6
<i>spectabilis</i> —Bright rose coloured heart shaped flowers	24/- per doz., 2/6

Alstroemeria flowers last for a week when cut.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

DIERAMA pulcherrima—The Wand Flower.—

Hardy bulbous plant with tall grassy foliage. In late Summer producing pendulous rosy pink flowers on spikes 4 to 6 feet high.

Clumps in pots 2/-

HEDYCHUM.—

Hardy herbaceous perennials, with Canna-like growths and handsome heads of sweetly scented flowers. They thrive in any moist semi-shaded situation. Plant from pots at any time.

coronarium—Yellow and red 2/-

Gardnerianum—Pure white 2/-

INCARVILLEA DELAVAYI 2/6

A lovely Chinese plant, bearing in early Summer rose coloured gloxinia-shaped flowers in umbels, on a stout stem, 2 feet high, and gracefully cut prostrate foliage. It delights in a cool, deep, well-drained soil.

LILIUM—The True Lily.—

For chasteness and beauty of colour and form, the Lily stands pre-eminent amongst hardy bulbous plants. In the flower or shrubby border they are most effective when planted in bold clumps. A selection from the following varieties will maintain a display of blooms for many months. Liliiums require a cool rooting medium, open porous soil, perfect drainage, and shade from hot sun.

Plant from March to August.

Auratum—The Golden Rayed Lily of Japan. A lovely Lily, with handsome immense flowers, delightfully fragrant, pure white richly spotted crimson and gold; 5 feet 2/6

Batemannae—A lovely dwarf species, producing its large upright rich glowing apricot blooms in January; 2 feet 2/-

Candidum—The Madonna Lily. One of the oldest of Lilies, producing its towering spikes of glistening white flowers in November. Requires to be planted early and shallow, and left undisturbed for years; 5 feet 12/- per doz., 1/6

elegans—Very handsome, producing large orange coloured flowers with small black spots on spikes; 18 inches long 2/-

Hansonii—The first of all Lilies to flower. Thick wax-like flowers, with reflexing petals, bright golden yellow, spotted crimson maroon; 3 feet 2/6

Henryii—A late flowering Lily that thrives in any soil or situation, throwing up its tall spikes 4 to 6 feet high. Colour, soft orange yellow 2/6

longiflorum—The Xmas Lily. Very beautiful large white trumpet-shaped flowers, opening in December; 2 feet 10/- per doz., 1/-

pardalinum—The Leopard Lily. A fine Lily for massing or grouping in a moist situation. Drooping, reflexing flowers, bright orange spotted dark purple 12/- per doz., 1/6

Pyrenaicum—A very distinct Lily from the Pyrenees, growing 3 feet high, the stems, which are densely clothed with foliage, bear numerous rich yellow heavily spotted flowers 2/6

Regale—"The Regal Lily." The finest of garden Lilies of recent introduction; very bold and vigorous in growth. The sturdy stems, 3 to 4 feet high, bear from 4 to 8 or more large trumpet flowers. The centre of the flower is flushed with yellow, shading to white at the outer edges. Externally the flowers are streaked brown, shading to pink at the tips. Very distinct, and as hardy as the popular "Lilium Henryii"

24/- per doz., 2/6

Extra large bulbs, 3/6.

speciosum album—Large handsome white flowers of firm texture; 3 feet 2/-

speciosum magnificum—One of the richest coloured of this group, bearing large handsome flowers, dark crimson, heavily spotted purple crimson; 3 feet 2/-

speciosum rubrum—Suffused and heavily spotted crimson, on a white ground 2/-

sulphureum—Large funnel shaped flowers up to 12 inches long, white, tinted yellow inside and rose outside. A stately Lily that requires a moist protected situation; 6 feet 5/-

Lilium Regale will grow and flower anywhere.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

sulphur-gale —A hybrid Lily obtained by crossing <i>Sulphureum</i> and <i>Regale</i> , intermediate in habit, with massive spikes of large trumpet flowers; 5 feet	5/-
tigrinum —The Tiger Lily. A handsome Lily with large pyramidal heads of bright fiery orange scarlet flowers, covered with large crimson brown spots; 4 feet	1/6
tigrinum flore-pleno —Flowers double, orange-scarlet, with crimson brown spots, lasting long in bloom	2/-
Wallacei —Rich glowing apricot, beautifully spotted. A most graceful and easily grown Lily, with large open blooms; 2 feet	2/6
Collection of 12 Lilies, our selection, for £1/4/-	
" 6 " " "	12/6

LYCORIS—The Spider Lilies.—

Hardy bulbs resembling *Nerines* in habit. Thriving in well-drained open positions. Flowers produced in late Autumn without foliage, which appears in Winter and Spring. Plant, when dormant, from January till March, about 2 inches below the ground.

aurea —Rich golden yellow, very striking	18/- per doz., 2/-
radiata (Syn. <i>Nerine Japonica</i>)—Rich crimson, with golden anthers	7/6 per doz., 1/-
sanguinea —Rich blood red	15/- per doz., 1/6
squamigera —Bright rosy red	18/- per doz., 2/-

MONTBRETIA.—

Easily grown bulbous plants that flower in late Summer, thriving in light loamy soil, which has not been too heavily manured, in an open sunny situation.

New Large-Flowered Hybrids.

Henry VIII. —The largest of all <i>Montbretias</i> with flowers measuring up to 4 inches in diameter. Bright orange with dark markings	2/6
His Majesty —A glorious variety with flowers 4 inches or more across, very broad petaled, deep velvety scarlet shading to gold, reverse of petals dark crimson	3/6
Marjorie —Light orange with crimson central zone. Flowers opening quite flat	1/6
Queen Adelaide —Deep orange, shaded with red on the outer side of the petals. Strong	2/-
Queen Mary —Rounded smooth petals, rich apricot-orange, with crimson markings. Branching habit	2/6
Queen Alexandra —Orange-copper, very large flowers, with beautifully rounded petals	1/6
Tangerine —Rich orange shaded to yellow in centre; broad pointed petals	2/6
Una —Rich apricot with carmine blotch, a well shaped flower of good substance	2/-

NERINE—The Spider Lilies.—

Hardy bulbs flowering in any open well-drained soil, where the bulbs can become established and remain undisturbed for years when they flower freely. Plant from January till March, except *Bowdeni*, which can be planted at any time. See also *Lycoris*

Bowdeni—One of the finest garden plants we have, almost evergreen except for a few weeks in Midsummer. In Autumn the rigid flower spikes, 18 inches high, are produced in abundance, each bearing a dozen or more delicate rose-pink spidery flowers 15/- per doz., 1/6

flexuosa alba —Pure glistening white, flowering in late Autumn and Winter	15/- per doz., 1/6
corusca —Deep rich scarlet	1/6
Fothergilli —Vermilion scarlet	2/6
Pudica —White, with distinct pink stripe	2/6
rosea —Bright rose, free flowering	1/6
Sarniensis —Bright glistening scarlet	1/6
Splendens —Magenta red	2/-

Nerine Bowdeni flowers freely in Autumn.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

PAEONIA—Herbaceous Paeony.—

Magnificent perennials, with ornamental and massive foliage, producing in Spring large double, semi-double, and single flowers. They thrive in good deep rich soil, and should be left undisturbed for several years. Plant from April to August. All double except where mentioned as otherwise.

Agnes M. Kelway—Rosy pink	2/6
Atrosanguinea—Dark red, very large	2/6
Canari—Creamy white, yellow shading	2/6
Delachei—Wine purple	2/6
Duchess de Nemours—Snow white; very large	2/6
Duc de Cazes—Pink, paler centre	2/6
Edouard Andre—Glossy dark crimson	2/6
Faust—Pale pink	2/6
Felix Crousse—Brilliant red	2/6
Festiva maxima—Pure white, large	2/6
Louis van Houtte—Velvety red	2/6
Mad. Calot—Blush white, free flowering	2/6
Mons. Jules Elie—Soft silvery pink, large	2/6
Mons. Krelage—Brilliant red	2/6
Mr. Launay—Purplish violet, round petals	2/6
Pomponette—Velvety rose, silvery reflex	2/6
Prince Imperial—Brilliant deep red	2/6
Pierre Reignoux—Carmine rose, silvery edged	2/6
Pres. Rooseveltdt—Deed red	2/6
Sapho—Lilac mauve, edged mauve	2/6

Collection of 12 distinct Paeonies for 24/—, our selection.

" 6 " " 12/6, "

PAEONIA ARBOREA (Tree Paeony)—See Trees and Shrubs.

PLATYCODON—The Balloon Flower.—

Very handsome tuberous rooted perennials, with large Campanula like flowers opening in mid-Summer. The buds, before opening, are inflated like a balloon, hence the name. They thrive in any open situation in good deep soil. Plant from pots at any time.

Mariesii album—White, flushed with blue, at times coming semi-double 2/—

Mariesii grandiflorum—Deep rich, intense blue. A very solid and attractive colour 2/—

POLIANTHES—The Tuberose.—

Hardy bulbous plants, producing tall spikes of pure white, wax-like sweetly scented flowers in Autumn. Valuable as cut flowers. They thrive in any open situation. Plant from May to September.

double—Tall, double-flowered variety 6/- per doz., 9d.
single—Single, tube-like flowers 6/- per doz., 9d.
The Pearl—Large double, dwarf growing 6/- per doz., 9d.

RICHARDIA—Arum Lily.—

Hardy bulbous plants, with large attractive foliage and handsome flowers in Summer. They thrive in any open well-drained situation, increasing rapidly. Plant from May to September.

Elliotiana—The Golden Calla. Pure rich deep golden yellow, foliage, spotted with white 2/6
Pentlandii—Handsome, deep green foliage, flowers large, rich yellow, with black centre 2/6

SCHIZOSTYLIS—The Kaffir Lily.—

Dwarf evergreen spreading bulbous plants, producing erect spikes of attractive flowers in Summer and Autumn. Thriving in well-drained open situations.

Grown in pots for planting at any time.

coccinea—Brilliant scarlet 1/6

Mrs. Hegarty—Clear salmon pink, flowering for a long period. One of the most beautiful of hardy Autumn flowers 18/- per doz., 2/—

Paeonies thrive in cool deep soils.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

SPREKELIA formosissima—The Jacobæa Lily 15/- per doz., 1/6
A hardy bulb, producing in Summer large Cattleya-like rich dazzling scarlet flowers on stems 9 inches long. Thriving under the same conditions as Lycoris and Nerines.

TULBAGIA violacea. Clumps 15/- per doz., 1/6
An evergreen bulbous plant from South Africa producing trusses of attractive violet mauve flowers almost throughout the year. Plant from April till October.

VALOTTA purpurea—The Scarborough Lily 15/- per doz., 1/6
Hardy bulbs, producing in Autumn trusses of from 6 to 10 upright Amaryllis-like flowers on stems 12 to 18 inches high. Thriving in well-drained open situations or in pots.

Our Greensborough-grown Roses give Satisfaction.

Balwyn.

“The Rose plants are doing splendidly. Mary Pickford, Ville de Paris, Mrs. Moloney, and Mrs. C. V. Edwards, are blooming freely, and seem to be good.”

Mont Albert.

“As to the plants, may I congratulate by saying it is the first time I have ever seen or heard of such quality, particularly of novelties being sent out from any Victorian nursery.”

Wandiligong.

“They arrived in perfect condition.”

Carnegie.

“Roses gave great satisfaction.”

Stawell.

“Very pleased with Roses.”

East Gore, N.Z.

“Roses in splendid order, and we are well satisfied with same.”

Toorak.

“Very pleased with the Roses you sent.”

Geelong.

“The Roses were excellent, fine bushes, and I think will do well.”

Benalla.

“Roses received in good order.”

Queenstown, Tasmania.

“The package of Roses arrived in good order.”

Malvern.

“I was very pleased with the Roses received.”

Traralgon.

“I was very pleased with the nice strong plants you sent me.”

We specialise in Quality plants.

Perennial Bordering Plants.

This list contains plants of suitable growth for the formation of small permanent borders or edgings to beds.

All available for planting from May to August. When estimating the number of plants required, allow four to the foot.

BUXUS sempervirens (Box Edging)—

An evergreen bushy bordering plant forming a permanent border of 12 to 18 inches high, can be kept trimmed to any shape.

2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100.

HEUCHERA sanguinea—Dwarf foliage, from which rise masses of coral crimson flowers on stems 12 to 18 inches high. Flowering in Spring and Summer. 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100.

IRIS Pumila—Blue Bird—

A pigmy Iris, producing its rich blue flowers during late Winter and early Spring on stems 6 inches high. An ideal plant for bordering in a well drained or dry situation, requiring no water whatever during Summer.

Divisions for bordering, 7/6 per doz., 40/- per 100.

IRIS Stylosa—

The well known Winter flowering Iris, with long leathery leaves and pretty sky blue flowers.

Divisions for bordering, 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100.

LAVENDER—Forms a dense bushy border, producing its rich blue flowers in Spring.

Young plants for bordering, 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100.

MEGASEA cordifolia (saxifraga)—A fine Winter flowering bordering plant, with large foliage and handsome spikes of rose flowers in Winter. Plant 18 inches apart.

15/- per doz.

NEPETA Mussini—The Cat Mint—

A highly decorative dwarf edging plant forming a carpet of bluish green foliage covered with lavender blue flowers from Spring to Autumn. Thriving in the driest of situations.

Divisions for bordering, 5/- per doz., 30/- per 100.

PINK Mrs. Only—A very fine variety, with large double clear rosy mauve flowers, produced throughout the year.

4/- per doz., 30/- per 100.

PINK Mrs. Sinkins—Pure white, sweetly scented, Spring flowering Pink. Dwarf spreading habit, an ideal border.

2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100.

PYRETHRUM hybridum—

The ornamental flowering pyrethrum in all shades of colour. Thriving in cool damp situations and flowering freely in Spring.

Divisions, 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100.

PRIMROSE vulgaris—The true English yellow Primrose.

2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100.

ROSES, Polyanthas.—See special list, Rose section.

STAECHYS lanata—The Lamb's Ear—

A dwarf spreading plant with large silvery foliage, which clusters close to the ground. Thriving in hot dry situations.

2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100.

STATICE Incana—

An ideal border for a hot dry situation. The evergreen foliage clustering close to the ground, from which rises dense masses of pink everlasting flowers on 6 inch stems during Summer and Autumn.

Divisions for bordering, 7/6 per doz., 40/- per 100.

THRIFT—A mossy green edging plant, producing white flowers in Spring. Thriving in cool moist situations only.

Divisions, 2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100.

THYMUS vulgaris—Common Thyme—

A useful ornamental border, thriving in any soil or situations.

Divisions, 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100.

VIOLETS—See special list.

The Cat Mint flowers profusely all Summer.

Alpines

Trailing and Rockery Plants.

ARMERIA maritima—The Common Thrift. Clumps 1/6
A dwarf moss-like plant, forming neat tufts of dark green foliage, from which rise in Spring white flowers on 3 to 4 inch stems.

ARTEMESIA stelleriana 1/6
A very beautiful dwarf species with charming silvery grey dissected foliage. Thrives in sandy soil or near the sea.

ARENARIA balearica—The Sandwort 1/6
A moss-like creeping plant with small white flowers rising only one inch. An excellent plant for covering damp rocks or fern stems.

ASTER—Alpine Species—
This popular race includes several species which are of the greatest value in the Rock Garden. They grow only six to nine inches high and flower freely.
alpinus sub-coeruleus—A lovely species, producing mauve flowers with a yellow eye on stems 9 inches high 1/6

Farreri —Big Bear. A distinct species with long thread-like deep violet petals 2/6

CHEIRANTHUS—The Siberian Wallflower.—
Charming dwarf trailing plants, producing their attractive single Wall-flower-like flowers over a long period. They thrive and flower freely in any situation.

Allionii—Dazzling orange-yellow; 1 foot. Clumps 1/6

linifolius (Erysimum linifolium)—Pretty soft mauve; 1 foot.
Clumps 1/6

CALANDRINIA umbellata 2/—
A neat spreading plant of 6 inches, producing many-flowered umbels of large glowing fiery magenta saucer-shaped flowers. Very showy.

CAMPANULA—The Bell Flower.—
Beautiful spreading Summer flowering perennials, thriving in moist situations. See also Herbaceous Plants for taller varieties.

carpatia alba—A very showy trailing variety of 9 inches, with large white bells 1/6

Hostii—A charming free flowering variety, with rich blue bells 1/6

muralis—A pretty trailing form, with large purplish blue flowers 1/6

pumila alba—Masses of charming white bells; 6 inches 1/6

pumila Miss Willmott —Forms dwarf masses about 6 inches high, of light blue. "Harebells." Very effective 2/—

rotundifolia—"The English Harebell." A very effective dwarf variety with its attractive, pale blue flowers produced on their wiry stems about 12 inches long 1/6

turbinata—Dwarf trailing variety, with pale blue flowers; 6 inches 1/6

CERASTIUM tomentosum—Snow-in-Summer. Clumps 1/6
A perennial low creeping plant, with silvery woolly foliage. Flowers white in Spring on stems 4 inches long.

CONVOLVULUS mauritanicus 1/6
A most useful trailing plant, with silvery grey foliage and attractive lavender-blue flowers opening in the sun.

DIANTHUS deltoides—The Rock Pink. Clumps 1/6
A dwarf prostrate growing rock plant, producing quantities of single bright pink flowers in Spring and Summer.

FELICIA petiolata (Syn. Aster petiolatus) 2/—
An undershrub of more or less prostrate habit, producing masses of small rose-pink daisy flowers through Spring and Summer.

FUCHSIA procumbens (Syn. Kirkii) 2/—
A distinct trailer with small round leaves, bronze yellow flowers, followed by large berries which turn red in Winter.

GENTIANA acaulis—The Gentian 2/6
A beautiful border or rock plant, thriving in cool moist soils. When well established it forms dense masses of green foliage, from which rise the large rich blue bell-shaped flowers in Spring.

GYPSOPHILA repens 2/—
A dwarf trailing plant with silvery grey foliage, covered in Spring and Summer with masses of attractive pale pink flowers.

Campanula Miss Willmott makes an ideal border.

PERENNIAL AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- HELIANTHEMUMS**—See Shrubs and Trees.
- JUNIPERUS** *Sabina tamariscifolia*—See Shrubs and Trees.
- LITHOSPERMUM prostratum** 2/-
A beautiful carpeting plant, forming a dense evergreen mass covered with lovely rich gentian blue flowers from Spring till Autumn.
- MARGYRICARPUS setosus**—The Pearl Fruit or Rock Mistletoe . . 2/6
A low-growing evergreen heath-like plant of 12 to 18 inches, with attractive foliage. Small green flowers in Spring, followed by pearly white fruits which persist for some time. A delightful little plant for trailing over a rockery. Very hardy, thriving in the poorest and driest of situations.
- MENTHA Requienii**—Clumps 1/6
A minute creeping herb from Corsica, forming a close green carpet, from which rise the tiny mauve flowers. Very strongly peppermint-scented foliage.
- NEPETA Mussini**—Cat Mint. Clumps 1/6
A highly decorative dwarf plant, quickly forming a carpet of bluish-green foliage. The lavender-blue flowers are produced with the greatest freedom from Spring to Autumn. Will thrive in the driest situation.
- PAROCHETAS communis**—The Shamrock Pea 2/6
A pretty trailing plant with clover-like leaves and clear azure-blue pea-shaped flowers.
- PHLOX subulata rosea**—The Moss Pink 2/-
A prostrate plant, forming masses of mossy growth covered in Spring with bright rose-pink flowers.
- RETINOSPORA obtusa nana aurea**—See Shrubs and Trees.
- ROSMARINUS prostratus** 2/6
A dwarf prostrate creeping Rosemary, forming a carpet of bright foliage covered with pale blue flowers in Spring. Very effective on dry banks.
- SANTOLINA**—See Shrubs and Trees.
- SAPONARIA ocymoides** 2/-
A trailing plant with pretty rose coloured flowers, produced in Summer. Very showy for walls and rock gardens.
- SCHIZOCENTRON procumbens** 2/6
A low creeping plant, forming a dense carpet, rooting at the joints. The large flowers, which are produced solitary, are clear rosy purple and most effective.
- SEDUM**—The Stone Crop.—
Charming plants, possessing great diversity of character, mostly of dwarf and spreading growth. Useful for carpeting, also for covering rock-work, walls, etc. They thrive in the driest of situations.
- album**—Pretty white flowers in Summer; 3 inches 1/6
- elegans**—Bright yellow; 8 inches 1/6
- sparium roseum**—Bright rose; 6 inches 1/6
- spathulifolium rubrum**—Deep red foliage and yellow flowers; 6 inches 1/6
- spectabile**—Brilliant. A tall growing variety, producing its flat heads of brilliant rose-crimson flowers in Autumn 1/6
- SILENE maritima rosea** 2/-
A dwarf procumbent species of rambling nature, with bright rose coloured flowers.
- STATICE incana**—Clumps 1/6
A very dwarf variety, the small evergreen foliage clustering closely on the ground in rosette-like form. The attractive pink flowers are borne in trusses 6 to 9 inches high.
- THYMUS**—The Rock Thyme.—
Showy plants of great value for carpeting sunny slopes and for planting in dry walks. They grow about four to six inches high, and flower all through the Summer.
- nitidus**—An attractive variety forming little mounds of moss-like growth, which are covered with masses of flowers during Summer 1/6
- Serpyllum**—A dwarf spreading mass covered with tiny mauve flowers 1/6
- VERONICA**—Dwarf Rock Species.—
- gentianoides**—A dwarf variety, with gentian-like foliage, producing erect trusses of pale blue flowers, about 6 inches high . . 2/-
- prostrata** (Syn. *Rupestris*)—A dwarf trailing species, with rich deep blue flowers. Very effective 2/-
- prostrata**—Royal blue. A vigorous trailing variety, producing its rich royal blue flowers freely 2/6
- VIOLETS**—See special list, page 00.

Mentha Requienii has a wonderful perfume.

Modern Dahlias



We have the largest and most up-to-date collection of these new type stiff-stemmed Dahlias.

Our aim has been to grow all the varieties that are available, and select for our customers only those that have stiff rigid stems holding the blooms erect, attractive colours and good lasting qualities.

Our special Dahlia catalog to be issued in September, will contain special lists and selections of the World's Best Dahlias in the following sections:—

GARDEN DECORATIVES

LARGE-FLOWERED DECORATIVES

GARDEN CACTUS

BEDDING or BORDERING DAHLIAS

CHARM DAHLIAS

POMPONE DAHLIAS

HYBRID POMPONE DAHLIAS

We shall also offer a set of new varieties raised by the famous Chrysanthemum hybridist, Mr. Thos. W. Pockett. These are something special in Stiff-stemmed Dahlias.

This catalog is post free, with pleasure. Make certain you obtain your copy before making out your planting lists.

To all Dahlia lovers we extend an invitation to visit our Nursery during April, when thousands of Dahlias will be flowering.

Special Offer.

We offer 12 strong pot-grown roots of these new type Dahlias, our selection, for 24/-. Packed and posted, for 25/-.

These roots will carry to any part of the world during the months from July to October.

Dahlia roots can be sent safely by post.

Part 4.

Bulbs.

Gladioli.

Gladioli will grow and flower in practically any soil or situation, but respond liberally to good treatment. The corms can be planted from July to January, and will flower from November to May. The corms should be lifted and the top cut off close to the corm, about 4 to 6 weeks after flowering, thoroughly dried, cleaned and stored in a cool dry place till planting season comes round again.

We have discarded many varieties, and only list sorts that will give every satisfaction to our customers.

Corms are available from May till December, but for late planting we advise early booking of orders, as some varieties are sold out early in the season.

On all orders for named Gladioli to the value of 20/- or more, we pay postage. Smaller orders must include postage at the rate of 9d. per doz. in Victoria, and 1/3 per doz. outside.

- A.B. Kunderd**—Tall large intensely ruffled flower of delicate deep cream, overspread with blush pink. Lower petals primrose. Very effective 2/-
- Ali**—Light blue, with throat markings of darker blue on lemon throat. A welcome addition to this colour 1/6
- Alwyn**—A fine blue variety, with medium-sized flowers, and better spikes than most blues possess 1/6
- American Beauty**—Deep rose pink shaded with carmine, large lemon blotch, with delicate pencilling in throat. A most conspicuous variety producing short sturdy spikes, all buds opening at one time 1/6
- Anna Eberius**—Deep Rhodamine purple, throat deeper; quite distinct in colour from other purple varieties; flowers large, and spike good 1/6
- Averill**—Rosy salmon, generally flaked with salmon scarlet, a large and striking pure yellow blotch on lower petals 1/6
- Baron J. Hulot**—Deep violet, an old variety, yet still one of the best of this colour; strong constitution 7/6 per doz., 9d.
- Bertie Snow**—Soft lilac, very large rounded flowers on fine strong stems, every spike coming good. One of the best exhibition varieties we have 3/6
- Bertrex**—Colour clear, glistening snowy white, with deep iris-blue markings in the throat. Blooms of good size. A fine variety for cutting 1/6
- Blue Coeleste**—Clear violet blue; a variety of great beauty, and the best of its colour. Flowers are large, not crowded on the stem, but beautifully arranged, well opened, and of good size. Stems slender and tall. A strong, healthy grower 1/6
- Byron L. Smith**—Clear lavender pink, shading to white. Of fine form, with flowers placed perfectly on strong stems. One of the very best exhibition varieties, every spike coming true . . 12/- per doz., 1/6
- Captain Brandt**—Color very rich and striking, the bright scarlet ground colour being enriched with deep crimson mottling. A grand rich coloured variety 1/-
- Catharina**—Light blue, with dark blotch, a fine large flower. Quite the best blue variety in cultivation. Strong, healthy grower . . . 1/6

Our Gladiolus corms are all healthy and vigorous.

BULBS.

Charlemagne —Deep rose, suffused and flaked salmon red, lower petals dotted crimson on cream ground. A giant variety, producing perfect exhibition spikes	1/6
Challenger —Large flower and vigorous plant. Dark rich velvety red. A fine variety, perhaps the best of its colour	1/6
Duchess of York —Deep rich purple blue, larger and stronger than "Baron J. Hulot," of which it is a seedling	2/-
Emile Aubrun —Deep coppery bronze, touched with slate at the edges of petals. Large cherry blotch. Large erect spikes of immense flowers	1/6
Empress of India —Colour deep velvety crimson or claret, with black markings; a very striking flower, and one of the richest coloured dark Gladioli yet introduced	1/-
E. J. Shaylor —Deep rose pink with deeper pencilling in throat; tall and strong; beautifully ruffled	1/-
Evelyn Kirtland —A beautiful shade of rosy pink, darker at the edges, fading to shell pink at the centre, with brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals, the entire flower showing a glistening, sparkling lustre. Spike very tall; flowers of good, wide open form	1/6
Florence —A bright and pleasing shade of lilac, with pure white blotch, Immense flowers on stiff stems	1/6
Fire Ribbon —Tall, with many blooms open at a time. The spike is a long fiery band of glowing red flowers, flaked at edges of petals	2/-
Flaked Perfection —Pale pink, heavily flaked with bright rose pink, lemon throat and crimson blotch. A bold upright grower, producing perfect exhibition spikes. Every one coming well placed. The best flaked variety we have	1/6
Flora —Beautiful soft yellow, large open flower; of good form and substance. One of the best yellow Gladioli in existence. Strong vigorous grower	1/6
Gertrude Errey —The colouring is exquisite, a light salmon or shell pink on the outer part of the flower shading to almost white in the centre, a spot of deeper colour in the throat. Large flowers of most graceful form	2/-
Giant Nymph —Salmon pink, with deeper salmon markings, and creamy yellow centre. An excellent variety, producing long spikes of large flowers	2/6
Giant Myrtle —A delicate flower of pale pink, deepening towards the edges, and shading to white in centre. Fine long spikes	2/6
Gold —Pure golden yellow, with throat markings of a deeper colour	2/6
Golden King —Rich yellow, marked at the throat with crimson maroon blotches. This is one of the strongest growers, and produces a good spike, carrying from 8 to 10 flowers open at the same time	1/-
Golden Measure —Among pure self-yellows this variety stands out well ahead of everything else. Richer and deeper in colour than all others at all approaching it in size. Strong and vigorous grower	2/-
Goliath —Dark violet-crimson, a strong growing variety, producing a good spike of large flowers. A fine addition to the dark coloured varieties	1/6
Halley —This splendid variety has large, bold flowers of a salmon pink shade, centre paler, and marked with small red stripes. A magnificent all-round variety; fine constitution and colour.. 7/6 per doz., 9d.	
Helios —A flower of wonderful beauty. Strong and tall, large flowers, of fine substance, wide open, and well arranged. Colour a soft shade of apricot scarlet, tipped and suffused orange	1/6
Herada —Blooms of immense size, on straight spikes. Colour pure mauve, glistening and clear, with deeper markings in throat. A striking variety	1/6
Herodion —One of the very best of the pink flaked varieties; valuable for all purposes, and especially for exhibition, on account of its unusually long spikes. Colour rose-pink, heavily flaked with darker shade	1/6

Evelyn Kirtland is charming as a cut-flower.

BULBS.

Jacoba Van Bieren —Light rosy purple, deepening to purplish crimson in centre. Large flowers, well placed on long spikes	2/-
Jack London —Light salmon, with brilliant orange flame stripes, golden yellow throat, with ruby striped centre	1/6
Jean Tenny —Pale lilac pink with deep rose flakes at the edges of the petals. One of the strongest growing varieties we have	1/6
Joe Coleman —Well-opened flowers of good size, and long, nicely-formed spike. Colour bright crimson, with lighter centre. A fine distinct variety, and one of the best of the ruffled class	1/-
Kasson —Lavender pink, with large ruby blotch on the attractive white throat. A fine ruffled compact flower	2/-
King Albert —Dark rich violet blue, with light centre. A dwarf, vigorous grower. Stronger than most varieties of this colour . .	1/6
L'Immaculee —A pure white Gladiolus of refined type and robust constitution. In pure white, L'Immaculee comes next to Europe in quality of flower and spike, and is very easily grown	1/-
Liebesfeuer —A magnificent coral scarlet self. The flowers are large, the spike handsome, and petals have an unusual smoothness and brilliance of texture. A fine exhibition variety	1/6
Loveliness —A very beautiful pale creamy yellow, showing a faint suffusion of apricot. The flowers are large and of fine form . .	1/6
Mary Pickford —An extraordinary flower and spike of most delicate creamy white. Throat soft sulphur yellow, stem and calyx also white. A strong growing variety	1/-
Mahogany King —Deep mahogany red, flaked with darker shade. A strong, vigorous variety, producing large spikes	2/-
Madam Mounet Sully —Large, refined blooms, of a pure ivory-white, with clean cut, crimson scarlet blotch on lower petals. Splendidly arranged spikes	1/6
Marshal Foch —Salmon pink, deepening to a beautiful rosy pink blotch in throat; large flowers carried on a stiff, straight spike. Very attractive	2/-
Master Weitz —Dark violet, shaded with purple. One of the best of the very dark varieties	1/6
Mona Lisa —A ruffled variety of great beauty. Colour pale soft rose pink. An attractive flower, and one that is always admired . .	1/6
Mr. Mark —Clear blue, with large white blotch. Dwarf sturdy grower, producing finely formed flowers	1/6
Mrs. Dr. Norton —Large, well open flowers, well placed on good spike, white, edges of petals suffused with soft La France pink, lower petals blotched sulphur yellow, stained at base with fine specks of Tyrian pink	1/6
Mrs. Frank Pendleton —Light salmon pink, with showy blood red blotches on the lower petals. Flowers large, colours bright and fresh, with good stem. Without doubt the finest Gladiolus in cultivation. A bunch of this variety is always admired	1/-
Mrs. Wm. Kent —Light fawn to light ashes of roses, old rose in throat, sometimes lightly striped with rose pink. An exquisite variety that will be much grown on account of its colour	2/-
Myrtle —A very beautiful shade of delicate rose pink, deepening in colour towards the edges; spikes well formed. A lovely flower . .	1/6
Orange Glory —Orange, with beautiful lighter throat marked with crimson; very rich and striking. A magnificent ruffled variety of finest exhibition form	1/6
Panama —A very lovely pink, of a deeper shade than "America," from which it is a seedling, retaining the splendid habit and constitution of its parents	1/-
Paramount —A particularly pleasing blending of pink and cream, very large flowers on good strong spikes. Very effective	2/6
Pink Wonder —Very large wide-open flowers of a soft clear pink colour; large well-formed spikes. One of the largest flowered varieties we have	2/-

Plant Gladioli from July to January.

BULBS.

Pinnacle —Bright scarlet, lower petals blotched yellow and feathered crimson; stamens violet purple. A vigorous variety of the best form	1/—
Pink Lily —A magnificent ruffled variety, clear rose pink, with lighter throat and edges, rich cerise blotch. Always admired	2/—
Pink Perfection —A very pure and lovely shade of clear soft pink. The flowers are of grand form and smooth texture, produced on fine spikes	1/6
Polar Star —Milk-white, with faint tinge of pink in throat, flowers large, spikes exceptionally long. A variety of great merit	2/—
Pride of Haarlem —Colour a rich shade of salmon cherry red, shaded with fawn. Spikes tall, flowers large and well placed. An exquisite variety	2/—
Pride of Lancaster —A brilliant orange salmon, with deeper orange throat. Growth strong and vigorous, flowers large and massive. A beautiful ruffled variety	1/6
Prince of Wales —A new salmon variety that is making quite a sensation. It is like "Halley," but of a soft shade of clear salmon, touched with cream on lower petals. A long graceful spike. The coming variety for decoration	1/—
Purple Glory —The giant of the "Kunderd Glory" race, and of remarkable color—deepest velvety maroon-red, with almost black blotches, finely ruffled. A truly magnificent variety	1/6
Raimonda —Bright cherry red, with ruby throat, of good ruffled form. Flowers well placed, and a number opening at one time. Healthy, vigorous grower	2/—
Red Amarillis —Brilliant blood red; blooms of enormous size, formed like an Amaryllis. Dwarf compact habit; very showy	2/—
Reverend Ewbank —A fine new variety. Colour, rich light lilac shaded violet blue, slender stems. One of the best of the blue section	2/—
Richard Diener —Light salmon rose, flaked with deeper salmon. Fine long spikes of well placed blooms. An excellent show variety	2/6
Robert J. Kunderd —Very large flowers on tall, erect, well-formed spikes. Colour most brilliant deep vermilion or orange scarlet. A wonderful showy self colour	2/6
Rose Ash —Red shading to ashes of roses colour on the outer edges. Lower petals light yellow speckled with ruby. Flowers large, well set on the spike. A fine variety for decoration	1/6
Rose Glory —A very large and beautifully ruffled variety. Purest rose pink, with deeper throat. A variety that is always much admired	2/—
Saphir —Colour, deep violet. One of the finest varieties in this section. In a subdued light it appears almost a rich, deep blue, and is most effective when grouped with yellows	1/6
Scarlano —Clear orange scarlet, with deep crimson blotch, large wide open flowers finely ruffled. Very bright and attractive	2/—
Scarlet Glory —Rich velvety scarlet; a solid distinct colour. Flowers finely ruffled, of dwarf sturdy habit	2/—
Schwaben —Buds are pure canary yellow, shading to a soft sulphur yellow when open, the throat is touched with faint brownish carmine markings. Splendid habit and constitution	1/—
Sentinel —One of the best salmon pink varieties, having a good colour; large, bold flowers, and excellent spikes. Colour, warm salmon-pink, with dark feathering, and crimson blotch	1/6
Sheila —A new salmon pink, which is finding favour on account of its fine colour. Large wide spreading, partly hooded flowers	1/6
Splendorra —Deep rich maroon purple, with lighter throat. Large open flowers, finely ruffled	1/6
Torchlight —Richest clear scarlet; flowers large and well placed. Clean upright grower. Every spike coming true. One of the brightest and most conspicuous varieties in our collection. A dazzling colour	1/6

Gladioli bloom in about 3 months from time of planting.

BULBS.

Titan —Clear salmon pink, with purple markings on the lower petals. A massive wide open flower of great beauty	1/6
Titanic —A robust grower, with erect stem, and large wide open flowers, of a magenta-crimson colour, without throat marking, but with a white line through centre of each petal	1/6
Vesta Tilly —Pale pink, with small violet blotch. A large wide-open flower of good form. Strong and vigorous	1/6
Victor —Brilliant scarlet, with large conspicuous pure white blotch on the lower petals. It has extra large well-opened flowers. An exceptionally vigorous variety	1/6
Violet Glory —Rich violet crimson with deeper velvety throat. A massive ruffled flower of a very unusual colour	1/6
White Giant —Large wide open spotless lily-white flowers. A tall vigorous grower, and the finest of all whites for cutting	1/6
White Glory —A gorgeous pure white, of exact size and type as "Glory," beautiful iris-blue throat. Strong grower	2/-
Willis E. Fryer —Deep rich clear plum colour, shaded with carmine, deepening at edge of petals; attractive lemon blotch. A fine distinct upright grower	2/6
Youell's Favourite —A fine ruffled variety. Flowers large and of a striking rosy lavender-pink colour. A strong-growing and conspicuous variety	2/-
Zeppelin —Purest white, with faint pencilling in throat. A strong, vigorous grower	2/6

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF GLADIOLI.

No. 1—Garden Collection.

Captain Brandt	Joe Coleman	Prince of Wales
Empress of India	Mary Pickford	Rose Ash
Evelyn Kirtland	Mrs. Dr. Norton	Sheila
Jean Tenny	Mrs. F. Pendleton	Torchlight

One corm of each of the above 12 varieties for 10/-, 3 of each for 27/6.

No. 2—Exhibition Collection.

American Beauty	Giant Nymph	Polar Star
Bertie Snow	Jacoba von Bieren	Richard Diener
Charlemagne	Mahogany King	Robert J. Kunderd
Flaked Perfection	Madam M. Sully	Titanic

One corm of each of the above 12 varieties for 20/-, 3 of each for £2/10/-.

No. 3—Ruffled Collection.

A. B. Kunderd	Orange Glory	Scarlet Glory
E. J. Shaylor	Pink Lily	Scarlano
Kasson	Pride of Lancaster	Splendorra
Mona Lisa	Purple Glory	Youell's Favorite

One corm of each of the above 12 varieties for 17/6, 3 of each for £2/5/-.

No. 4—Special Collection for Cut Flowers.

Capt. Brandt	Joe Coleman	Purple Glory
Evelyn Kirtland	Mrs. Dr. Norton	Rose Ash
Halley	Mrs. F. Pendleton	Sheila
Jean Tenny	Prince of Wales	Torchlight

6 corms of each (72 in all) for £2/15/-.

12 corms of each (144 in all) for £5.

Should the stock of any variety become exhausted we shall substitute another of similar colour and value.

Our Mixed Gladioli are special value.

Primulinus Hybrids.

A beautiful race of Gladioli has been produced by using the fine yellow species "Primulinus," or "Maid of the Mist," in crossing with the older existing strains. The varieties resulting are distinguished mainly for their fine and varying shades of colour, graceful, slender stems, and airily-poised and hooded flowers.

No other race of Gladiolus contains such varied and beautiful tints of yellow, orange and saffron colours.

Price, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.

Alice Tiplady—A large flowered variety, of great beauty. Colour a beautiful shade of clear orange saffron; a new colour in Gladioli. One of the finest varieties in existence for cutting, and a colour that pleases all.

Canopus—Large pale yellow, lower petals shaded with deeper yellow.

Capella—Tall, very large and bright. Colour fiery orange red. Very large and beautiful.

Fire Fly—Bright richest deep scarlet. Pure, rich self colour. A distinct variety.

Gold Drop—Pure deep yellow, with beautiful red line on petals. A tall growing and attractive variety.

Goldfinch—Yellow, overlaid with salmon, deepening at edges; throat lined with crimson. A beautiful variety.

Kitty Grullemans—A beautiful combination of bright orange and clear yellow. The spikes are large and tall; the flowers of great beauty.

Lily—A giant variety; colour shrimp pink and salmon, with salmon blotch. Large and fine.

Maiden's Blush—Colour, beautiful delicate pink; stems tall and slender. A pleasing colour, and a variety unsurpassed for cutting.

Midsummer Dream—A large, attractive flower. Colour, clear geranium red. A showy variety.

Myra—A giant-flowered variety. Deep salmon, over yellow ground. Tall slender stem. Throat yellow, with pink lines. A showy variety.

Nini—Palest rose, with soft, yellow throat. Flowers large and spreading. A distinct variety.

Orange Brilliant—A tall-growing variety, with flowers of an attractive, clear orange colour. A fine variety for cutting.

Primunella—Pale salmon rose, lower petals shading to yellow, with red lines in throat. A fine butterfly-like flower.

Salmon Beauty—Deep salmon, with rich salmon-yellow throat. A fine large-flowered variety.

Primulinus Hybrids in Mixture.

A fine mixture of all the shades of colour found in this section.

Very fine for growing in quantity for indoor decoration.

3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100, postage or freight extra.

We shall be pleased to make special selections of named Gladioli for any purpose, and charge at the rate of 10/-, 15/-, 20/- and 25/- per doz.

We have many other varieties of Gladioli and shall be pleased to quote for any not listed here.

MIXED GLADIOLI.

A very fine mixture, containing some of the best varieties, which were accidentally mixed in the handling and growing:—
3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100, postage or freight extra.

Plant Primulinus Gladioli in quantity.

Spring Flowering Bulbs.

Available February to May.

ANEMONE St. Brigid—

A fine selected strain, containing all colours, from white and rose to deep crimson and purple.

2/6 per doz., 17/6 per 100.

HYACINTHS, Mixed—

Fine large bulbs of single and double varieties in their various and distinct colours.

9/- per doz.

IRIS, Spanish—

Free flowering, fine mixture of colours. Splendid for cutting.

2/- per doz., 15/- per 100.

IRIS Reticulata—

Deep purple-blue. A tiny Winter flowering variety, with a delicate violet perfume.

5/- per doz.

MUSCARI Heavenly Blue—Grape Hyacinths.—

Bright sky blue, flowering very early. Ideal for bordering and edging.

2/- per doz., 15/- per 100.

RANUNCULUS, Mixed—

A fine mixture of these attractive flowers in every shade of colour, from white to crimson-purple, etc.

1/6 per doz., 10/- per 100.

TULIPS—

Named Varieties—All good selected kinds, including orange, pink, red, scarlet, bronze, yellow, mahogany, etc. 7/6 per doz.

Mixed Colours—Including all the above colours and many others in mixture. 4/6 per doz., 32/- per 100.

WATSONIAS—

Cronin's Mixed Hybrids—A fine mixture containing many beautiful new colours. 3/6 per doz., 20/- per 100.

Named Varieties—In shades of orange, pink, flesh, salmon, magenta, etc. 1/- each, 10/- per doz.

Many a good tree is ruined in transit through careless packing. We exercise the greatest care and receive many flattering comments on our packing methods.

Be sure to write your name, initials and address very plainly. All correspondence and orders are attended to on date of receipt and we can be depended upon to give every service.

Tulips thrive in the cool Hill soils.

Narcissus (Daffodils)

Daffodils may be successfully grown in any good garden soil, but thrive best in one which, while not too light in character, is naturally supplied with abundant moisture and well drained.

The bulbs should be planted in February and March, at a depth of 3 to 4 inches. The best results are obtained from early planting.

Lifting should be deferred until the foliage has completed its growth and died off. They may be left undisturbed for several seasons if desired.

- Bernardino**—A magnificent flower, with ample white perianth, very imbricated and durable, and large cup, prettily frilled at edge, suffused orange and apricot 9d.
- Blackwell**—An early, very decorative flower, perianth yellow, of good substance, crinkled cup, heavily stained fiery orange scarlet 6d.
- Buttercup**—A remarkable Jonquil Hybrid of large size and excellent form. The colour is richest yellow throughout. Flower delightfully scented and exceptionally robust 1/-
- Cleopatra (Yellow Trumpet)**—Broad, overlapping perianth, long bold, deep yellow trumpet. A very large and refined flower; late 1/6
- Duke of Bedford (Bicolour Trumpet)**—Magnificent flower of great size and substance, perianth white, trumpet clear, soft yellow 1/-
- Emperor**—Deep yellow trumpet, primrose wings 2/6 per doz., 3d.
- Empress**—Clear white, rich golden trumpet 3/6 per doz., 4d.
- Fleetwing**—A tall, large and beautiful *Incomparabilis* of perfect form and good substance and quality, smooth white petals, expanded cup of pale yellow 2/-
- Gloria Mundi**—Clear rich yellow perianth and large spreading cup, heavily stained with orange scarlet 9d.
- Glory of Noordwijk (Bicolor Trumpet)**—A giant flower, with fine yellow trumpet, gracefully frilled at the mouth, broad perianth of creamy white 9d.
- Glory of Sassenheim (Bicolour Trumpet)**—Broad white perianth, with bright yellow trumpet, a large flower and very vigorous grower 9d.
- Horace**—Broad, solid, snowy-white, rounded perianth, and large eye, almost entirely blood-scarlet, very beautiful. One of the best 9d.
- King Alfred (Yellow Trumpet)**—One of the finest of its class. Very tall, large flower of uniform rich golden-yellow, and of great substance, very graceful perianth, trumpet large, elegant, with open deeply frilled mouth 1/6
- Lord Roberts (Yellow Trumpet)**—A grand trumpet Daffodil, flowers very large, with massive perianth and noble trumpet, tall grower and free bloomer, with strong constitution 1/6
- Lord Kitchener**—One of the finest of the Giant Leedsii, flower of great size, with broad, flat, firm perianth of pure white, huge crown of palest primrose, with well-opened mouth, elegantly frilled 1/-
- Lucifer**—A fine and highly decorative variety, large white perianth, with glowing red cup of tubular form 6d.
- Minx**—Broad, creamy white perianth, bold yellow cup, elegantly frilled 6d.
- Mrs. Robert Sydenham**—A very refined pure white trumpet Daffodil of perfect shape, broad, firm perianth of good substance, and a fine trumpet that is pure white and elegantly frilled and recurved 1/6
- Sunrise**—Very distinct and beautiful flowers, perianth white, with broad primrose bar down the centre of each petal, crown expanded and elegantly fluted, of a bright orange-yellow, with brilliant scarlet margin 1/6
- Southern Gem**—White perianth, overlapping and pointed segments, prettily frilled pale lemon cup, free-flowering 9d.
- St. Olaf**—Rounded white perianth, with fluted crown, colour, cream, delicately margined sulphur and with sulphur-shaded centre 3/-
- Weardale Perfection (Bicolour Trumpet)**—One of the finest bicolours, well formed perianth of creamy white, immense trumpet of soft pale primrose 1/6
- Will Scarlett**—Creamy perianth, large, open cup of fiery red 1/-
- White Lady**—A very beautiful flower, broad white perianth of fine form, elegantly fringed cup of pale canary yellow, a good grower, free bloomer, and quick increaser 3d.

Mixed Daffodils—A fine mixture of good free-flowering types for cutting, 15/- per 100.

Daffodils are charming in pots or bowls.

Part 5.

Fruit Trees.

Time to Plant.—Deciduous trees can be successfully planted from June to end of August, but in the drier parts early planting is advisable, whereas in cold wet situations the late planting gives best results.

Treatment of Trees on Arrival.—Unpack immediately and heel the roots in a trench and cover with fine soil. Before planting trim the ends of roots. With Pears, cut off the tap roots, leaving only about four inches.

Planting.—In planting, avoid wet weather, and also dry winds. In digging hole do not make it too deep, six inches is sufficient, or just enough to admit the highest roots being just below the ground level. Make the centre of the hole slightly higher than the sides, to give the roots a downward tendency. Work fine soil around the roots, and firm it well.

Caution.—Do not apply artificial manure direct to the roots or it will burn. It can be safely applied when roots are covered with the first layer of soil.

Pruning.—Prune all freshly planted trees before they commence to shoot. The branches should be cut back to within 4 to 6 inches from the fork to an outside bud. The second season, thin out and leave only one-third or one-half the wood on main branches and follow same procedure annually, until nine main limbs are formed. Then you have your permanent tree.

Cross Fertilisation.—It is now a well established fact that the cropping qualities of certain varieties of fruit trees are greatly improved by cross pollination, and consequently it has become a matter of greater importance to orchardists to plant varieties that bloom at the same time in close proximity to one another.

Not only do better crops prevail amongst orchards which are subjected to this treatment, but the number of windfalls is reduced to a minimum as properly fertilised fruits do not fall to anything like the extent that do partially fertile ones.

The following lists include varieties which are in full bloom sufficiently close to each other to be of value to one another for pollination purposes.

NOTE.—The date of full blooming in the majority of varieties in list No. 2 of Apples, is only a few days after those enumerated in list No. 1.

APPLES.

(Pollination Lists.)

No. 1.

Alfriston
American Pearmain
American Summer
Gravenstein

Jonathan
King David
Munroe's (Dunn's
Favourite)
Pomme de Neige

Rokewood
Sturmer
Statesman
Stewart's Seedling
Tasma (Democrat)

No. 2.

Cleopatra
Delicious
Esopus Spitzenberg

Granny Smith
Reinette du Canada
Stone Pippin

Williams' Favourite
Yates

No. 3

American Mother
Crown Beauty

Glengyle Red
Rome Beauty

Five Crown or
London Pippin

The best sorts to plant with Jonathan are—

Afriston
Munroe's Favourite

Stone Pippin
Statesman

Granny Smith

Book orders for fruit trees early.

FRUIT TREES.

PEARS.

With some varieties of Pears, such as Keiffer's Hybrid, it is necessary to plant others, such as Howell or Broom Park.

The blossoming period of the Pear extends over twenty days, so most of the other varieties help to pollinate each other.

PLUMS.

(Pollination Lists.)

	No. 1.	
Angelina Burdett	Diamond	Fellemborg
	No. 2	
Early Orleans	Jefferson	Prune Sugar
Giant	President	Prune Splendour
Grand Duke	Prune deAGEN	
	No. 3.	
Green Gage	Egg Plum	Pond's Seedling
Early Rivers	Coe's Golden Drop	Washington

ALMONDS.

2/- each, 18/- per doz., £6 per 100.

Brande's Jordan—Heavy bearer, strong grower, tender shell.

Burbank—Vigorous grower.

Early Jordon—Early paper shell.

Golden State—Fine large nuts, thin shelled.

Hatches' Nonpariel (Californian Papershell)—A good variety.

I.X.L.—One of the best, nuts large, shell soft.

Peerless—Good, sweet nut, paper shell.

APPLES.

New Varieties, Price 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.

Crown Beauty—As its name implies, it is a cross between the well-known export Apples—"Five Crown" and "Rome Beauty." In shape and size it resembles a perfect "Five Crown," and in colour the rich markings of a well-coloured "Rome Beauty." It combines the good flavoured eating qualities of its parents, and is equally productive. The leaf, growth and habits of the trees might well be mistaken for "Five Crown."

Elsie Grant—Raised by T. H. Grant, of Pakenham, who describes it as blight proof. Is a cross between "Yates and Rokewood," and the fruit is very attractive. Crops well. Late.

King Cole—A blight proof Apple which is rapidly finding favour with planters. In shape something like Jonathan, but lighter in colour. Keeps well. Late.

Red Shorland Queen—A sport from the pretty early dessert Apple, Shorland Queen. It has all its parent's good qualities, but instead of a striped Apple, it is red all over. Early.

Red Statesman (Warrior)—When known, this variety will be largely planted, being a red sport from the well known "Chandler or Statesman." Late.

General Collection.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., £6 per 100.

Worked on Blight-proof Stocks.

Alfriston—Large green, cooking, heavy bearer. Season medium to late, keeps well in cool store.

American Summer-Pearmain (Sunnyside)—A pretty coloured dessert. Season, early in February, when other sorts are scarce.

American Mother—Excellent quality dessert, yellow flesh, something like Jonathan, only earlier.

Bank's Red Gravenstein—Similar to the Gravenstein, except in its colour, which is a dull red. Mid-season.

Cleopatra—Conical, skin yellow, covered with small white dots. Flesh white, juicy and superior quality. A leading variety. Dessert.

Cox's Orange Pippin—Round and flat, greenish yellow, shaded and splashed with red stripes. Richly flavoured dessert.

Delicious—Oblong conical, with prominent crown and deep eye, yellow striped and shaded rich red. Exquisite flavour and good keeper.

Our Fruit Trees are clean and healthy.

FRUIT TREES.

- Emperor Alexander**—Very large cooking, soft flesh. Season early.
- Esopius Spitzenberg**—Conical, rich red, superior quality, good exporter.
- Five Crown**—Round, clear waxen yellow. Superior for cooking or dessert.
- Granny Smith**—Conical, bears well. Good for export or keeping. Dessert.
- Gravenstein**—Round, yellow striped, and splashed a handsome red. Dessert.
- Glengyle Red**—A sport from "Rome Beauty," having all its qualities, but is red all over. Late.
- Jonathan**—Round to conical. Yellow, almost covered with rich dark red in sun. A prolific bearer. The best Apple for market or export. Dessert.
- King David**—Highly coloured dessert, heavy bearer, hard yellowish flesh, ripens just before Jonathan.
- Munroe's Favourite**—Round, yellow, with reddish-brown flush in sun. Good exporter.
- Northern Spy**—Round yellow, handsomely striped and flushed a purplish red. Yellow flesh. Fine dessert.
- Pomme De Neige**—Round, flesh snow white, tender, juicy and sweet. A favourite dessert Apple.
- Red Rome Beauty** (raised by Mr. A. Herbert)—Like "Rome Beauty," excepting colour. A frequent prize-winner at the Royal Show. Late.
- Reinette Du Canada**—Round, green, small dots on skin. An old favourite. Flesh yellowish-white, firm, juicy, and rich flavour.
- Rome Beauty**—Round and flat, yellow flushed, and striped with red. Heavy bearer. Keeps well. Export variety. Dessert.
- Statesman (Chandler)**—Conical, yellow, striped and flushed red. Heavy bearer. Good keeper. Dessert.
- Stone Pippin**—Greenish yellow, with faint red blush in sun. A well-known old keeping variety. Cooker.
- Stewart's Seedling**—Large, green and yellow, with red cheek. First-class culinary, and cool stores well. Late.
- Sturmer**—The leading Apple in Tasmania. Dessert, flesh firm, crisp and rich. Skin yellow and brownish-red. Suits cool districts. Late.
- Tasma (Democrat)**—Large, dark red dessert Apple, heavy and early bearer. Keeps well, good quality. Late.
- William's Favourite**—Conical, skin dark red. A consistent bearer. Suitable for cooking or dessert. Strong grower. Ripe in January.
- Yates**—Round and flat, skin yellow, splashed and shaded a handsome deep red. A heavy bearer, and a late keeper. Dessert.

APRICOTS.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., £6 per 100.

- Alsace**—Large, rich and good.
- Beuage**—Oval, highly coloured. Tree starts bearing young. Early season.
- Campbellfield Seedling**—Large golden yellow. Bears well. Medium season.
- Early Moorpark**—Resembles Moorpark. Good bearer.
- Mansfield Seedling**—Large. One of the best grown. Medium season.
- Oullin's Early Peach**—Delicious flavour. Good bearer.
- St. Ambrose**—Large, rich and good. Medium season.

CHERRIES.

Price, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.

- Bedford Prolific**—Large black Cherry. Heavy bearer. Medium season.
- Black Eagle**—Large, regular bearer. Good. Medium season.
- Bigarreau Twyford**—Pale yellow and red. Excellent quality. Large. Early.
- Burgsdorf's Seedling**—A first-class black variety. Early.
- Californian Advance**—Large purple. Early.
- Eagle's Seedling**—Large black, prolific. Medium season.
- Early Lyons**—Large black Cherry. Heavy bearer. Early.
- Florence**—Dark red. A good bearer, hardy. Firm flesh. Good market kind. Late.
- Kentish**—Small, red. Best variety for jam. Very prolific and early bearer.
- St. Margaret**—Large black Cherry. First-class market variety. Late.

FIGS.

Price, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.

- | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Brown Ischia | San Domingo (Black) | White Genoa |
| Brown Turkey | White Adriatic | White Marseilles |
| Large Black Genoa | | |

In that damp spot—plant Figs.

FRUIT TREES.

LOQUATS.

Named varieties of Loquats are budded on Quince Stocks, by this means they are made to bear fruit when quite young.

Price, 2/6 each.

Fernbank Prolific
Golden Shoreland
Herd's Mammoth
Morrison's Pride

Mammoth (seedlings), 2/- each,
18/- per doz.
Thames Prize

NECTARINES.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz.

Goldmine—Very large fruit, juicy and sugary. A most delicious flavour.

Hunt's Tawny—Pale orange and deep red. One of the best.

Newboy—Large, handsome fruit of crimson colour. Flesh white, juicy and sweet.

Shoreland Tawny—A first-class, medium variety.

Stanwick—Large, first-class quality. Late.

PEACHES.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., £6 per 100.

Alexander's Early—Highly coloured, fine quality, free stone. Early.

Amsden's June—Highly coloured, large and sandy. Early.

Brigg's Red May—Highly coloured. Very early. Rich and juicy.

Early Crawford—A good canning Peach, free stone, rich yellow flesh, highly coloured. Early.

Elberta—Large, handsome, bears well. Good drying Peach. Medium.

Hale's Early—Lightly coloured, hardy and good. Just follows "Brigg's."

High's Early Canada—Highly coloured. First quality. Early.

Late Crawford—Large. Good for market or canning.

Nicholl's Orange Cling—Large, round, skin deep yellow, with a red cheek in sun. Firm yellow flesh. A favourite canning variety.

Phillip's Cling—Midseason. A favourite variety.

Pullar's Cling—Large, highly coloured Peach. Heavy bearer. Ripe in March. A favourite for canning purposes.

Royal George (Slipstone)—Large, magnificent quality, good bearer. One of the best mid-season varieties.

Sneed—Medium size. Skin creamy white. Ripe a week earlier than "Brigg's."

Tuscan—Large early. Good for market or canning.

Wiggins—A large, good coloured, early freestone. Ripe about Christmas.

PEARS.

We guarantee all our Pears to be worked on Pear Seedlings.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz.

Beurre Bosc—Large, long Pear. First-class quality. Dessert.

Beurre Clairgeau—Large, good quality, heavy bearer. Cooking.

Beurre d'Capiaumont—One of the best dessert varieties.

Broom Park—Medium size. Dessert. Late.

Gansell's Bergamot—Good dessert Pear. Hardy.

Howell—Light waxen yellow. Heavy bearer. Mid-season.

Josephine De Malines—One of the best late dessert varieties.

Keiffer's Hybrid—Hardy, excellent quality, with a flavour of pineapple.

Packham's Triumph—A first-class all round Pear.

Vicar of Winkfield—One of the best late kinds, large. Cooking.

Winter Nelis—First-class late dessert. Well known.

Williams' Bon Chretien—Well known variety. Dessert.

Winter Cole—Good late dessert. A favourite on interstate markets.

PLUMS.

Worked on Myrobolan Stocks, will not sucker.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., £6 per 100.

Angelina Burdett—Large, early, purple. Highly recommended.

Coe's Golden Drop—A well-known and profitable Plum. Late.

Cherry Plum—Early variety. Makes a very profitable hedge and break-wind when planted 6 feet apart.

Cherry Plum—Yellow, similar to the old red variety, excepting colour.

Budded Loquats fruit when quite young.

FRUIT TREES.

- Clyman**—Dark purple, firm. A profitable early variety. Matures before others of its class.
- Damson, Old English**—Best variety for jam. Medium.
- Damson, Crittenden**—Large, good bearer. Late.
- Diamond, Black**—Large, profitable, and prolific.
- Early Orleans**—Well-known early Plum.
- Grand Duke**—Profitable variety. Large purple.
- Green Gage**—An old well-known variety.
- Jefferson**—Large, yellow. Very sweet and good.
- President**—Large, oblong, purple. Flesh firm and sweet. Good keeping quality.
- Prune D'Agen**—The standard Prune for drying.
- Prune Splendour**—A perfect Prune, ripening early.
- Prune Sugar**—A superior Prune, good grower, carrying a large crop of fruit.
- Pond's Seedling**—Very large red Plum.
- Yellow Egg or Magnum Bonum**—Large, well-known variety.

PLUMS, JAPANESE.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., £6 per 100.

All these Plums are good bearers, and are noted for their small stones and early fruiting qualities. Fine subjects for training on fences or walls.

- Burbank**—A vigorous grower, and an early and prolific bearer.
- Formosa**—A prolific variety, ripening just before Burbank.
- Kelsey**—Greenish yellow, covered with red on sunny side. A good drying Plum.
- October Purple**—A heart-shaped Plum, flesh amber yellow, firm, but juicy.
- Santa Rosa**—Large purple crimson, good quality Blood Plum. Ripens before "Burbank."
- Satsuma, or Blood**—Tree is very hardy and vigorous. Fruit large and globular. Color dark red. Very rich and juicy.
- Wickson**—A beautiful crimson, with a white bloom. A good variety.
- Wright's Early**—The earliest variety. Very much like "Burbank."

QUINCES.

Price, 2/- each, 18/- per doz.

- Apple Shaped**—Medium size, very prolific.
- Champion**—A fine smooth-skin variety. A general favourite.
- Manning's Seedling**—The very best Quince grown. Strong grower and very heavy cropper.
- Meeche's Prolific**—Large, with smooth skin. Delicious, tender, and unsurpassed for cooking.
- Pear-shaped**—Very large. Fine variety.
- Portugal**—Very large and late ripening.
- Rea's Mammoth**—Very large, early and fine colour.
- Smyrna**—One of the best early fruiting varieties.
- Van Deman**—One of the very best, a heavy and early bearer.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS, NUTS, Etc.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Chestnut, Spanish | 2/6 and 3/6 each |
| Guava, Purple (<i>Psidium Cattleianum</i>) | 2/- each, 18/- per doz. |
| Medlar, large fruited | 2/6 each |
| Mulberry, Black | 3/6 each |
| Mulberry, Hick's Everbearing | 2/6 each |
| Nuts and Filberts, assorted varieties | 2/6 each, 24/- per doz. |
| Persimmon, several varieties | 3/6 each |
| Pomegranite (<i>Punica granatum</i>) | 2/- each, 18/- per doz. |
| Walnut, Dwarf Prolific | 2/6 and 3/6 each, 24/- per doz. |
| Walnut Sardinian, thin shelled | 2/6 each |

The Purple Guava makes an ornamental shrub.

Citrus Fruits

Available May to October.

Acclimatised Balled Plants, 5/6, 7/6, and 10/6 each.

Unacclimatised Plants (Not Balled), 4/- each, 42/- per doz.

Our acclimatised Citrus are strong, healthy budded plants, which, when carefully balled, transplant without risk. Available from May to September.

As Citrus trees have really no dormant period, they require a little more care and attention while young than most trees.

GRAPE FRUIT—

Marsh's Seedless—Large and almost seedless.

Triumph—Medium size, smooth clear skin.

MANDARINS—

Beauty of Glen Retreat—Large, fine flavour.

Emperor—Large, regular bearer.

Thorny—Small, solid, fine flavour.

ORANGES—

Blood—Medium size, flesh blood colour. Dwarf.

Late Valencia—Fine round fruit, smooth skin, late ripening.

Mediterranean Sweet—Remarkable for its early bearing and late ripening. Splendid flavour.

Navelencia—Large, smooth-skinned.

Parramatta—Large and hardy. Fine flavour.

Queen—Large round, skin thin and deeply coloured.

Seville—Fruit large and flat, very solid. The best variety for jam making.

St. Michael—Medium size, deep colour, thin skin.

Washington Navel—The finest and largest of all. Good cropper.

LEMONS—

Eureka—In every respect like Lisbon. Best tree, almost thornless.

Lisbon—The well known and best of all varieties.

Sweet Rind—Large fruit, of even size. Good Summer-bearing variety.

Villa Franco—Strong vigorous grower, with few thorns. Fruit oblong.

LIMES, CITRONS, SHADDOCKS—

Lime West Indian—Small and prolific.

Lime Tahitian—Strong heavy cropper. Juicy, almost thornless fruit.

Citron Bengal—Large, round.

GRAPE VINES.

Available June to September.

Price, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.

Black Muscat (Dark)

Black Prince (Dark)

Blue Imperial (Purple)

Doradillo (White)

Golden Chasselas (Yellow)

Gordo Blanco (White)

Lady's Finger (Pink)

Red Prince (Red)

Sultan (Yellow)

Sweet Water (Amber)

Waltham Cross (White)

Zante Currant (Black)

Plant Lemons for ornamentation and utility.

Berries, Currants, Etc.

STRAWBERRIES.

Available May to September.

Wonderful New Strawberry.

The Duke—One of the finest Strawberries yet produced, very strong and robust in growth, with handsome red-stemmed leaves, the fruit, which is freely produced on tall stems, is deep red and well formed, with delicious melting full flavour and very large. When watered, will bear well through the Summer.

Strong plants in pots, 2/- each, 18/- per doz.

Hackett's Giant—Produces immense bunches of berries of large size; strong grower, with enormous foliage. 3/6 per doz.

Ettersburgh—Strong grower and very prolific. 2/- per doz., 10/- per 100.

Leura—A great cropper, fruiting continuously from November to April. 2/- per doz., 10/- per 100.

Melba—Fruit large and of the best flavour, will bear good crops from November to May. 1/6 per doz., 7/6 per 100.

Sunbeam—Strong grower, fruit large and good colour, heavy cropper for a long season. 2/- per doz., 10/- per 100.

CURRENTS.

1/- each, 9/- per doz., 60/- per 100.

Assorted Varieties—Red, White and Black fruited.

GOOSEBERRIES.

1/- each, 9/- per doz., 60/- per 100.

Billy Dean (Red)

Green Oak (Green)

Yellow Lion (Yellow)

Crown Bob (Red)

Roaring Lion (Red)

RASPBERRIES.

3/6 per doz., 20/- per 100.

Northumberland Fillbasket

Thornless Fillbasket

LOGANBERRIES.

Black Fruited 1/6 each, 18/- per doz.

Red Fruited 1/3 each, 12/- per doz.

HIMALAYAN BLACKBERRY. 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.

PASSION VINES. (In pots.)

Available at any season.

Black Passion Fruit (*Passiflora Edulus*) . . 1/- each, 9/- per doz., 60/- per 100

Banana Passion Fruit (*Tacsonia Mollissima*) . . . 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.

RHUBARB ROOTS.

Available May to September.

Early Albert—A fine early medium size variety . . 1/- each, 10/- per doz.

Early Giant—Large stalks, of good colour, fine flavour 1/- each, 10/- per doz.

Topp's Winter-Improved—An erect grower, producing fine crops throughout the year 1/- each, 10/- per doz.

Wilson's Winter Ruby—Stout short stalks of bright scarlet colour, good flavour 1/- each, 10/- per doz.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

Available May to September.

Connover's Colossal—Strong plants . . 6/- for 25, 10/- for 50, 17/6 per 100

HERBS.

Strong Clumps, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.

Horseradish

Mint

Thyme (Common)

Lavender

Rue

Thyme (Lemon)

Marjoram

Sage

Wormwood

The Duke Strawberry is a wonderful cropper.

ORDER FORM

To **R. W. HODGINS & SON,**
Victoria Nursery, Essendon, Vic.

Date		Amount enclosed	
Name (Plainly written. State whether Mr., Mrs. or Miss)		Cheque	
Address		Post Office Order	
.....		Postal Notes	
.....		Stamps	
.....		Cash	
.....		<i>If registered letter</i>	
State clearly how goods are to be forwarded			
.....		Total	

[illegible]

Amount carried forward

PACKING CHARGES—If plants are to be consigned by rail or by boat, allow 2/6 for packing one dozen and 1/6 for every additional dozen. Small pots in quantity are packed at much cheaper rates.

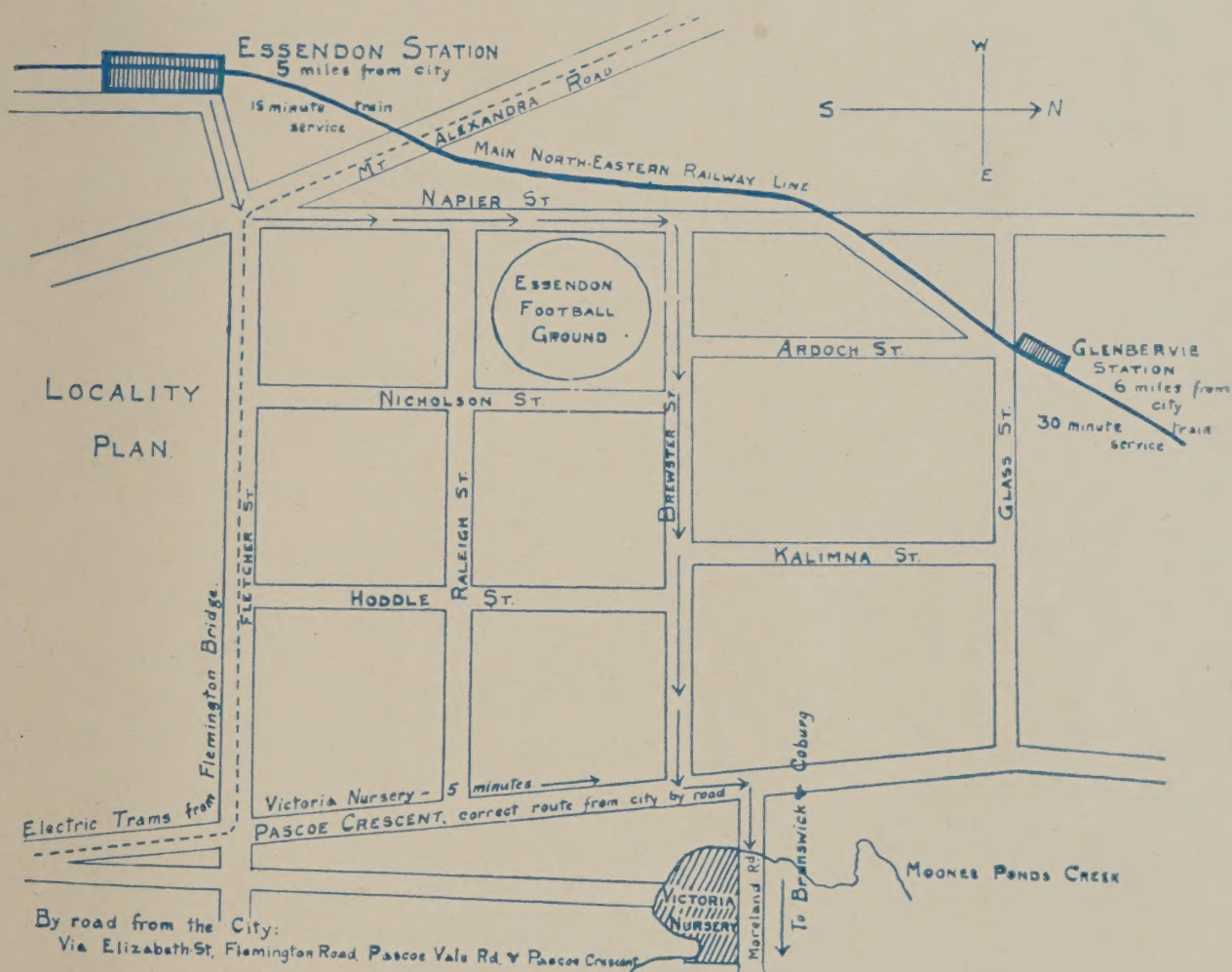
EXCHANGE—Please add 6d. exchange on country cheques and 1/- on interstate.

These add \$4. exchange on country cheques and 1/- on interest.

SITUATION OF VICTORIA NURSERY

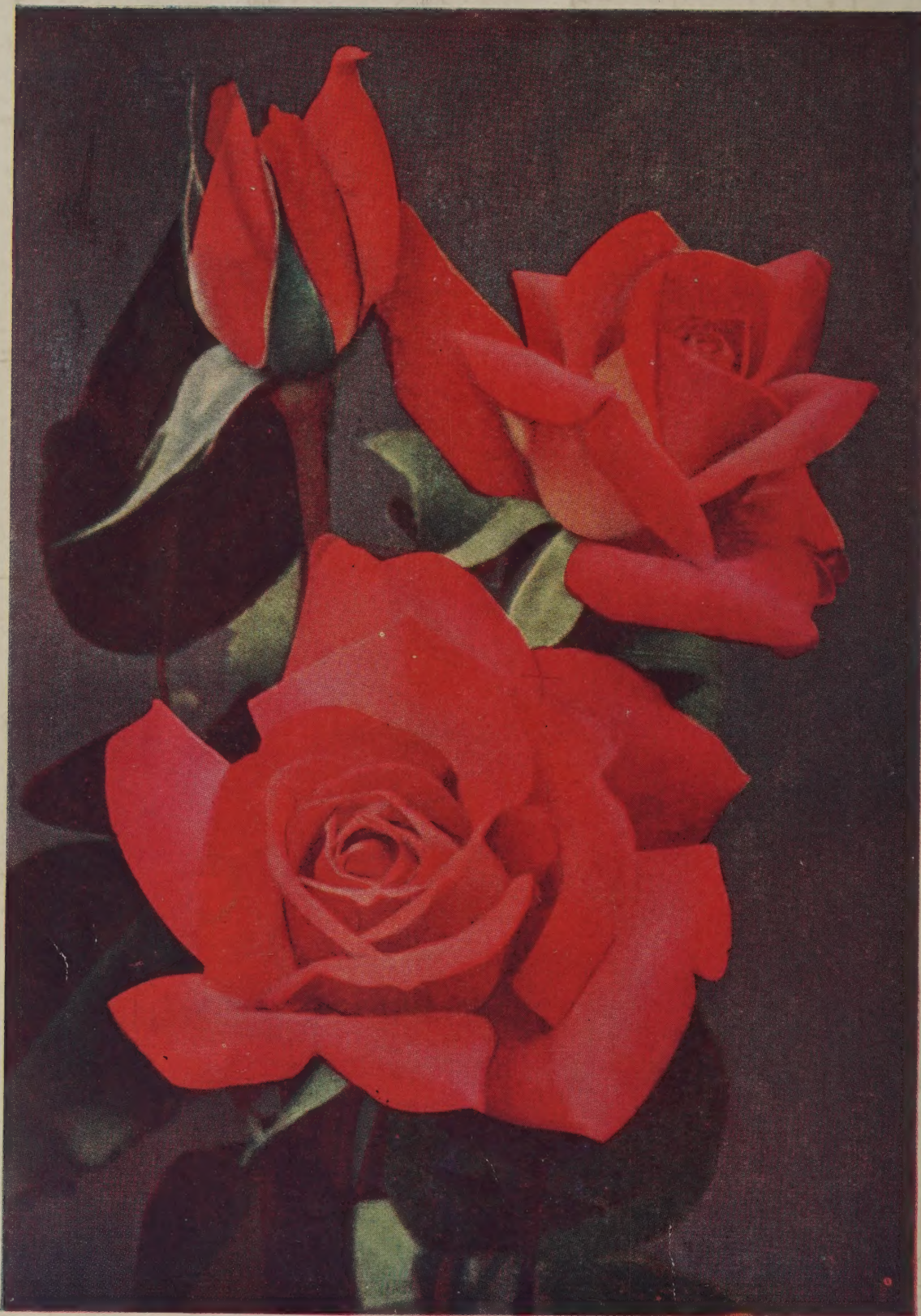


THE VICTORIA NURSERY is situated Fifteen Minutes from Essendon Railway Station :—follow arrows as shown on Plan. Five minutes from Electric Tram :—leave tram at corner of Fletcher Street and Pascoe Crescent. Dotted line denotes Electric Tram.



When you have finished with this Catalogue

may we respectfully suggest that you do not destroy it or put it on one side. If it is given or lent to a friend interested in gardening, it may still serve a dual purpose of utility in providing useful information and at the same time intimate where the very best plants are to be obtained.



New Rose—CHARLES P. KILHAM

Strong Plants, 2/6 each. $\frac{3}{4}$ Standards, 3/6 each

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